## Achieving lower Particle Matter (PM) emissions and Hazardous Air Pollution (HAP) standards in a one step Filtration Process

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## Who is Clear Edge?

#### A global market & technology leader in industrial process filtration

- > Over a 100 years of history as a leading filtration player
- The Company designs, develops and manufactures a broad portfolio of filtration products for a wide variety of industries (e.g. mining and minerals, chemical processing, waste water treatment, food & beverage processing)
- Clear Edge has leading market positions across the globe (#1 in the US, Europe and Australia), particularly for woven filter belt, filter cloth & hot gas filtration products.
- Global footprint with 1000 employees, 11 production sites and 3 R&D/technical centers in 9 countries.
- > Technology leader driven by unique R&D capabilities.
- Clear Edge employs many scientists and application engineers, owns 150 patents and spends 3% of sales on R&D/ year
- Part of the Filtration Group, a US private company with over \$700MM in turnover



## Content

- Benefits of high temp/hot gas filtration
- Cerafil<sup>™</sup> what is it, features, benefits, duty
- Catalytic filtration technology
- Filter plant configuration & lay out
- Application
- Case studies
- Equipment train
- Conclusions

## Benefits of high temperature/hot gas filtration

- Move away from temperature limitations of fabric bags
- Reduced requirement for dilution = smaller plant
- Avoid acid and water dew-points = minimise plant corrosion
- Effective acid gas scrubbing
- Maintain gas temperature for optimal DeNOx, SOx, Rox, Dioxin, VOC, (heavy) metals capture, etc.
- Potential for heat recovery from clean gas
- Increased stack buoyancy

## **Cerafil™ - filters characteristics**

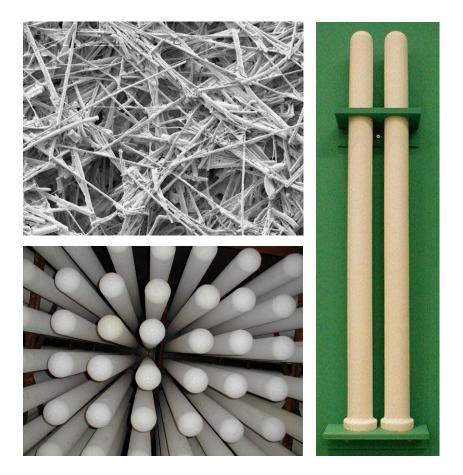
- Rigid candles which are employed like fabric bags in filter plants
- Capable of operating at elevated temperature
- Applied to "hot" processes where clean off gas is required
- On the market since the late 1980's
- Over 250 references worldwide





## **Cerafil™ - filter properties**

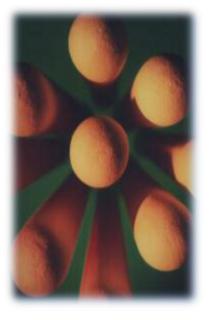
- Ceramic or mineral fibre composition
- Rigid
- Highly porous structure
- One piece construction
- Self supporting



## **Cerafil™ - filter benefits**

#### High efficiency

- Less than 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> emissions (0.001 grains/dscf)
- Handles sub-micron particles
- High temperature capability
  - Temperature resistant up to 900°C (1,650°F)
- Corrosion resistant
  - Almost chemically inert
- Works well in conjunction with a dry scrubbing agent
- Range of products and sizes
  - Alumina-silicate, mineral fibre and catalytic products
  - Up to 3m (10ft) long by 150mm (6") diameter



## **Cerafil™ - filter duties**

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- Air pollution control (APC)
- Product recovery
- Product collection

#### Driven by:

- Tighten Environmental legislation
  - PM and HAPs

Where can it be used;

- A new filter plant installation
- A bag filter retrofit
- A ElectroStatic Precipitator (ESP) retrofit





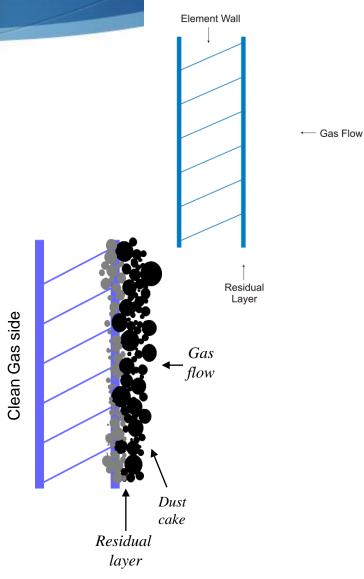
## **Cerafil™ products available**

- Cerafil XS developed in the 1990s
  - Market leading ceramic element
  - 200+ successful references spanning 15 years
- Cerafil GR (Green) developed in early 2000s
  - Manufactured from bio-soluble fibres
  - Excellent strength + performance
- Cerafil TopKat (TK) developed mid 2000s
  - Combined particulate, dioxin and NOx control
  - The new solution for stringent emissions legislation

## **Filtration mechanism**

- High filtration efficiency
- Negligible depth penetration
- Can handle variable conditions
- Potential for long life

Efficiency testing to VDI 3926			
Cleaning cycles		30	2334
dP trigger	Pa	1000	1000
Residual dP	Pa	570	770
Inlet gas conc.	gm/Nm <sup>3</sup>	5	5
Clean gas conc.	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	0.37	0.26



Catalytic filter technology Cerafil TopKat™



## **CERAFIL TopKat**

Combination of two well established and effective technologies







SCR



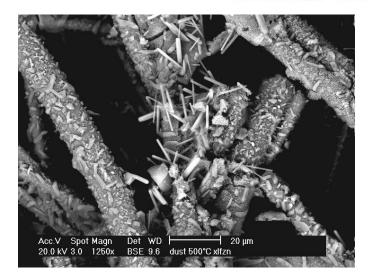
**Cerafil XS** 





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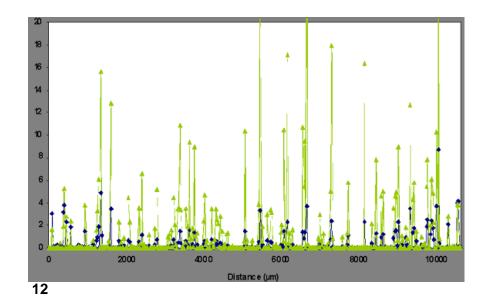
## **Catalyst distribution**



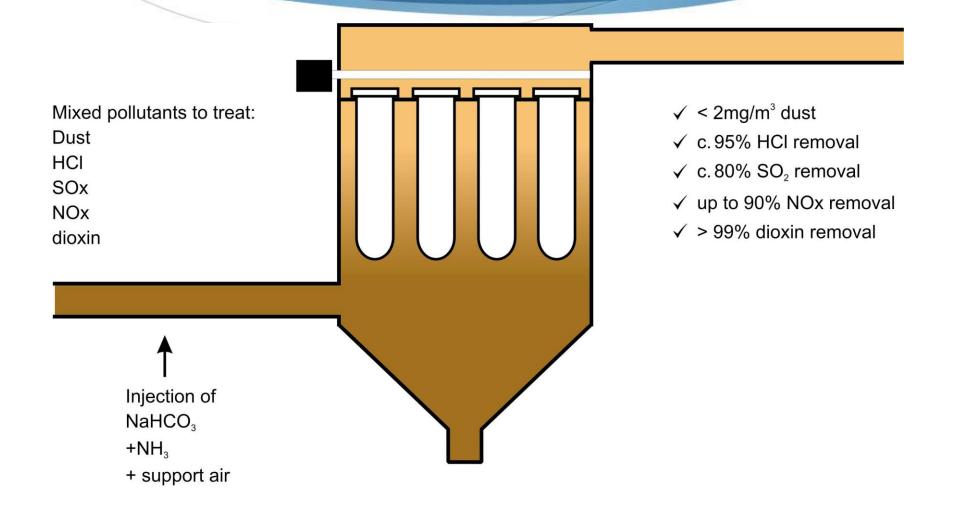
Nano sized catalyst particles promote access to active surfaces

Catalyst distributed throughout element wall

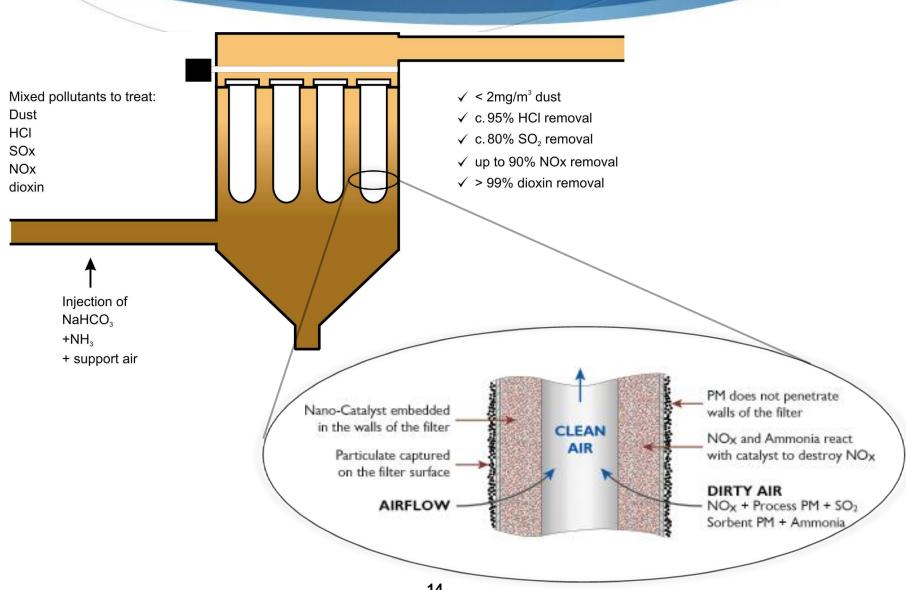
Residence time and efficiency maximised



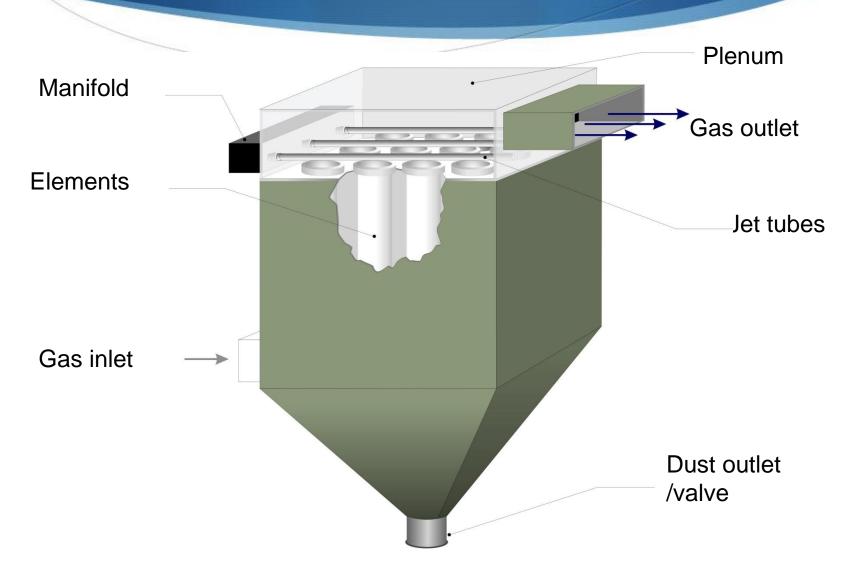
## **Catalytic element performance**



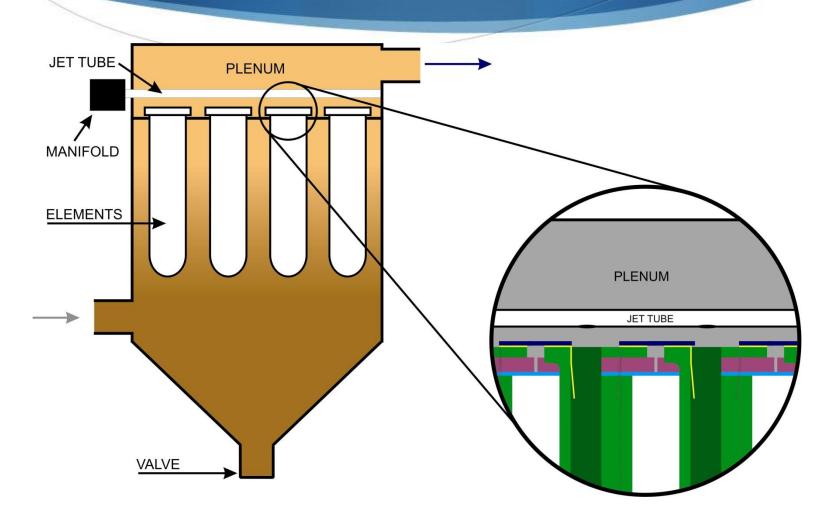
## **Catalytic element performance**



## Filter plant configuration



## Filter plant - tube sheet layout



## **Element clamping & cleaning**



Tube sheet, seals and filter elements



#### Top views of reverse pulse system



## Applications, such as

- Cement production
- Chemicals manufacture
- Diesel Engines
- Gasification processes
- Glass furnaces
- Metal smelting
- Mineral processing
- Sewage sludge incineration
- Waste incineration
- Power plants & Boilers





## **Clinical waste incineration, UK**

#### Key facts

- ➤ Installed 2006
- > 270 TK 1000 filter elements
- Average Temp 340°F (170°C)
- Dioxin removal efficiency 99.2%
- Dust removal efficiency 99.9%

Pilot plant trial and scaled up after one year



## **Case study - Platinum smelting, South Africa**

#### Key facts

- Installed 1998
- > 10,368 GR 1250 filter elements
- Average Temp 482°F (250°C)
- Filter Area 25,683ft<sup>2</sup> (2,385m<sup>2</sup>)
- Pressure Drop 8.8" (225mm) WG

#### Still in operation and working successfully



## **Case Study – Waste Incinerator - Japan**

#### Key facts

- Installed 2002
- > 324 XS 3000 filter elements
- Mixed feed waste burns plastic, wood, plasterboard, paper
- Average Temp 374°F (190°C)
- Gas Flow 19,122acfm (32,410 Am<sup>3</sup>/h)
- Pressure Drop 8.8" (225mm) WG
- ➢ PM <2.5mg/Nm³</p>

Still in operation and working successfully



## **Case Study – Waste Incinerator - Japan**

#### Key facts

- Installed 2002
- ➢ 524 XS 3000 filter elements
- Average Temp 446°F (230°C)
- 2007 started clinical waste incineration
- 2008 introduced 524 TK -3000
- Dioxin emissions <0.026ng-TEG/g achieved

## Replaced elements - during switch over to TopKat in 2008



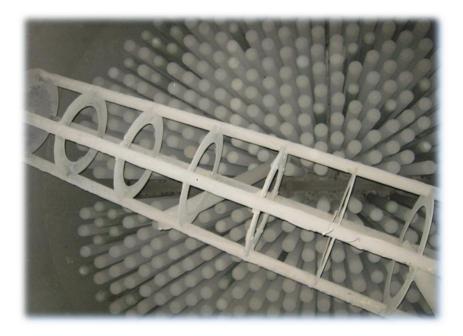
## **Case Study – Alumina – Australia**

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#### Key facts

- ➤ Installed 2005
- > 2520 GR 3000 filter elements
- Duty product & process recovery
- Average Temp 410°F (210°C)
- Filter area 37,975ft<sup>2</sup> (3,525m<sup>2</sup>)
- ➢ PM < 2 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>
- Gas Flow 79,650 acfm (135,000 Am<sup>3</sup>/h)

#### Average life of filter elements 5-6 yrs.



## **Case study - Asphalt reclamation, The Netherlands**

#### Key facts

- Installed 2006
- > 2640 XS 3000 filter elements
- Average Temp 572°F (300°C)
- Filter Area 39,784ft<sup>2</sup> (3696m<sup>2</sup>)
- Gas Flow 174,640 acfm (296,000 Am<sup>3</sup>/h)
- Face velocity 0.022m/s

## *First replacement of filter elements* 2013/14



## **Case study - Glass Furnace, Spain**

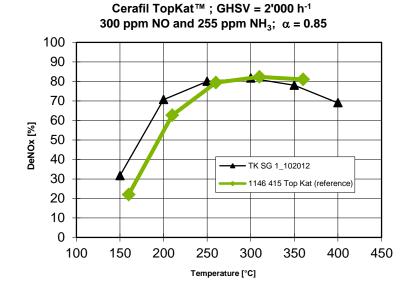
#### Key facts

- Installed 2009
- 1900TK 3000 elements
- Average Temp 662°F (350°C)
- Gas Flow 77,290 acfm (131,000 Am<sup>3</sup>/h)
- Face velocity 0.014m/s

After 3.5 yrs. of operation PM, HAP control still performing at 95% level

No replacement of elements to date

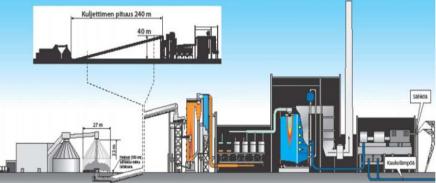




## Case Study - Waste to Energy (WtE), Power Plant 2010

- 4.000 XS x 2,250mm long
- Newly developed advanced Waste to Energy (WtE) technology at the Lahti Energia, Kymijärvi II plant in Finland.
- First in the world to be fueled by clean gas produced from Solid Recovered Fuel (SRF).
- SRF fuel is fed into the gasification reactor where it is surrounded by a hot sand fluidised bed at circa 900°C. The bed material and unreacted fuel is recycled back to the gasifier via a recycling cyclone.
- The gas is then cooled to approximately 450°C where the impurities in the fuel turn into solid state ash suspended in the gas stream.
- SRF feed rate 360 cm<sup>3</sup>/h (250,000 t/pa)
- Boiler steam temp 540° C & pressure 121 bars





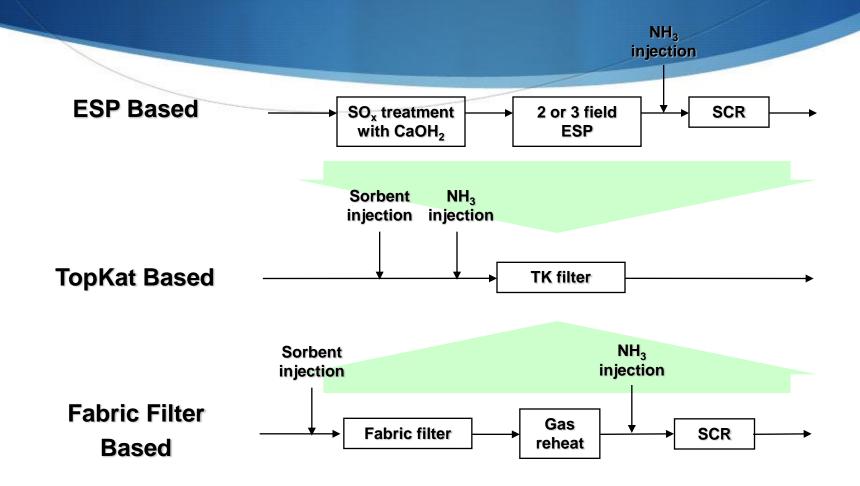
## **Case** study - Ceramics Kilns & Glass Furnaces, USA

#### Key facts

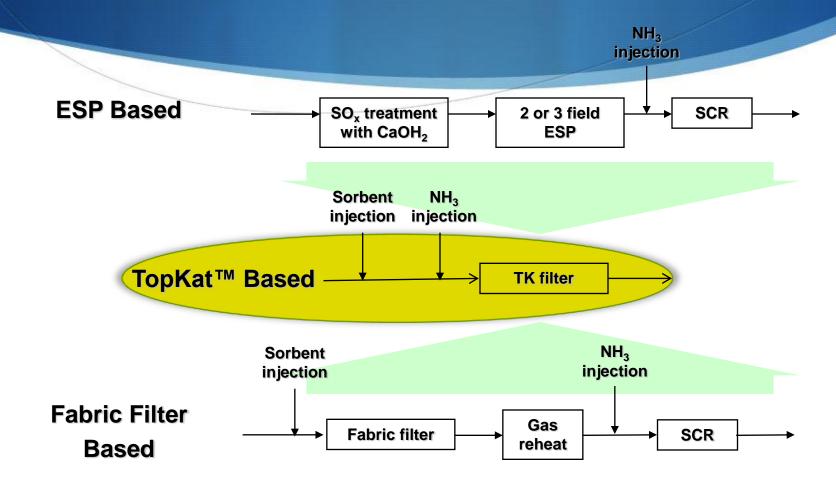
- Installations 2011 & 2012
- 2500 TK 3000 elements (+/-500 depending on plant size)
- Average Temp 685°F (363°C)
- Gas Flow 150,000 200,000 acfm
- PM < 5 mg/Nm3 at outlet</p>
- SO<sub>2</sub>, up to 90% removal (if project requires)
- NOx, up to 90% destruction (if project requires)



# Equipment train options for particulate, SOx & NOx



# Equipment train options for particulate, SOx & NOx



# Conclusions

- Lower PM, HAPs control in a one-step process
- Reduced total costs of ownership
- Lower Capex, Opex & Energy cost
- Future proof technology
  - Compliance with legislation limits
- Scalable technology to suit your process needs



#### Thank you

Further details from

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Further reading – Filtration News article – August 2013



