

***Hitachi Power Systems America, Inc.***



***Hitachi Advanced Hg Oxidation***

***TRAC<sup>®</sup> Catalyst***

***Hot Topic Hour  
August 2, 2012***

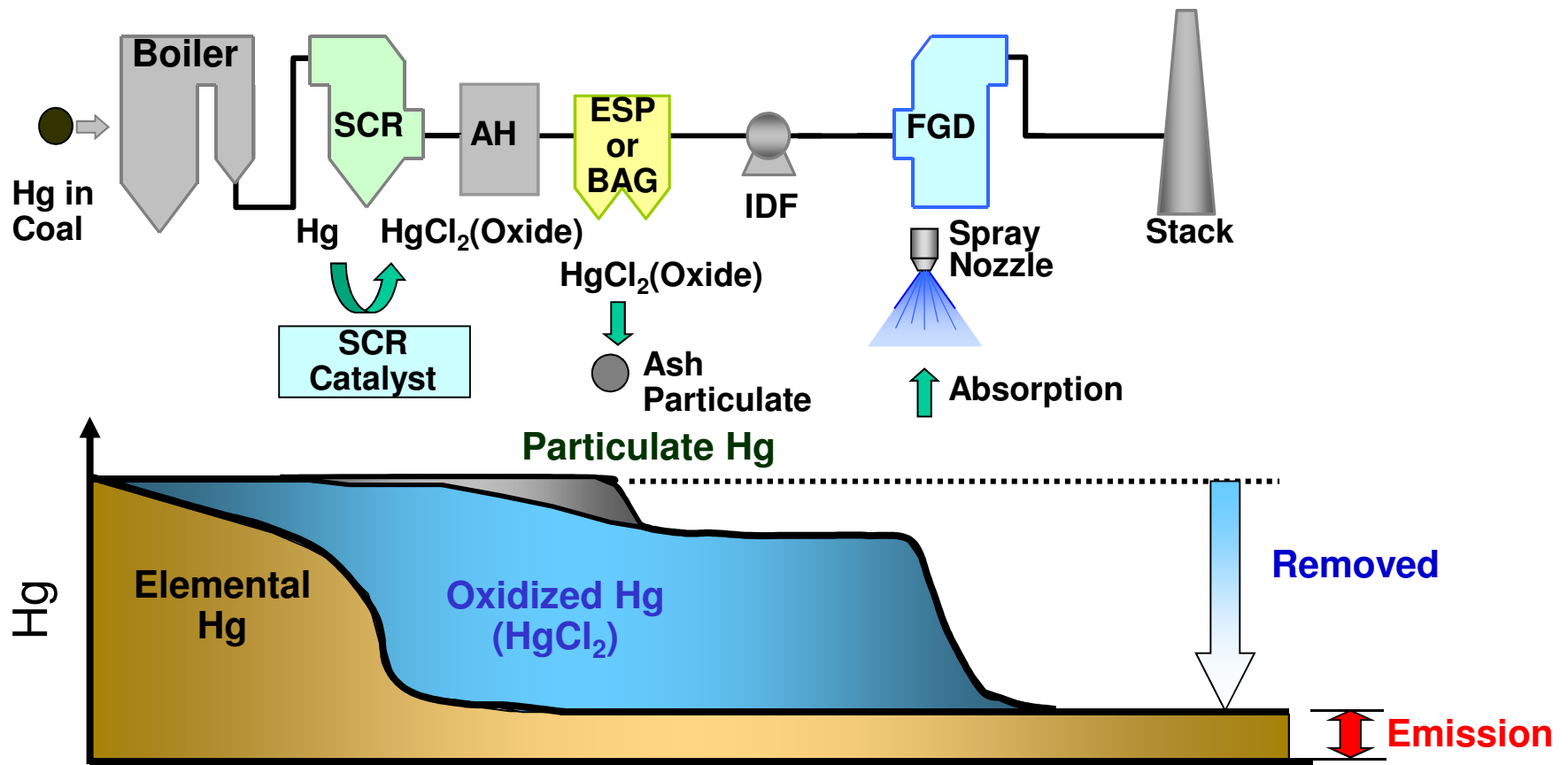
***Kyle Neidig***

# ***MATS Hg Regulation & Compliance Strategy***

- New Hg Emission Limit – 1.2 lb/TBtu (for most existing units)
- Goal... Comply with New Regulations and in the Most Cost-Effective Way
  - Assuming Existing Coal Plant Remains in Operation
    - Retrofit unit with additional emissions control devices
    - Get more out of your Current Emissions Control Equipment when possible (SCR + FGD Co-Benefit)
- Hitachi Advanced **TRAC<sup>®</sup>** Catalyst Improves Hg Oxidation Across the SCR

**Utilizing TRAC<sup>®</sup> in Units with Currently Installed SCR & FGD is a Cost-Effective Compliance Strategy.**

# Process of Hg Removal by SCR + FGD



SCR Catalyst is a key component for mercury oxidation

# *Hitachi Hg Oxidizing Catalyst*

***TRAC<sup>®</sup>***

# Hitachi Technology Innovations

**HITACHI**  
Inspire the Next

- Original co-developer of TiO<sub>2</sub> in the 1960's with over 60 SCR patents.
- 1972 TiO<sub>2</sub>/ V Series Catalyst for NO<sub>x</sub> Reduction
- 1977 First Patent for Plate Type Catalyst
- 1987 Arsenic Resistant Catalyst
- 1991 Reactor Hood (Patented)
- 1993 Ammonia Injection Grid Nozzle Layout
- 1994 CU Plate Catalyst
- 2000 First Manufacturer to offer Low SO<sub>2</sub> to SO<sub>3</sub> Conversion Catalyst: CX Series
- **2008 Advanced Mercury Oxidation catalyst: TRAC<sup>®</sup>**
- 2009 Extended Life Catalyst: CM Series

Flue Gas  
Treatment  
Facility

Combustion Facility



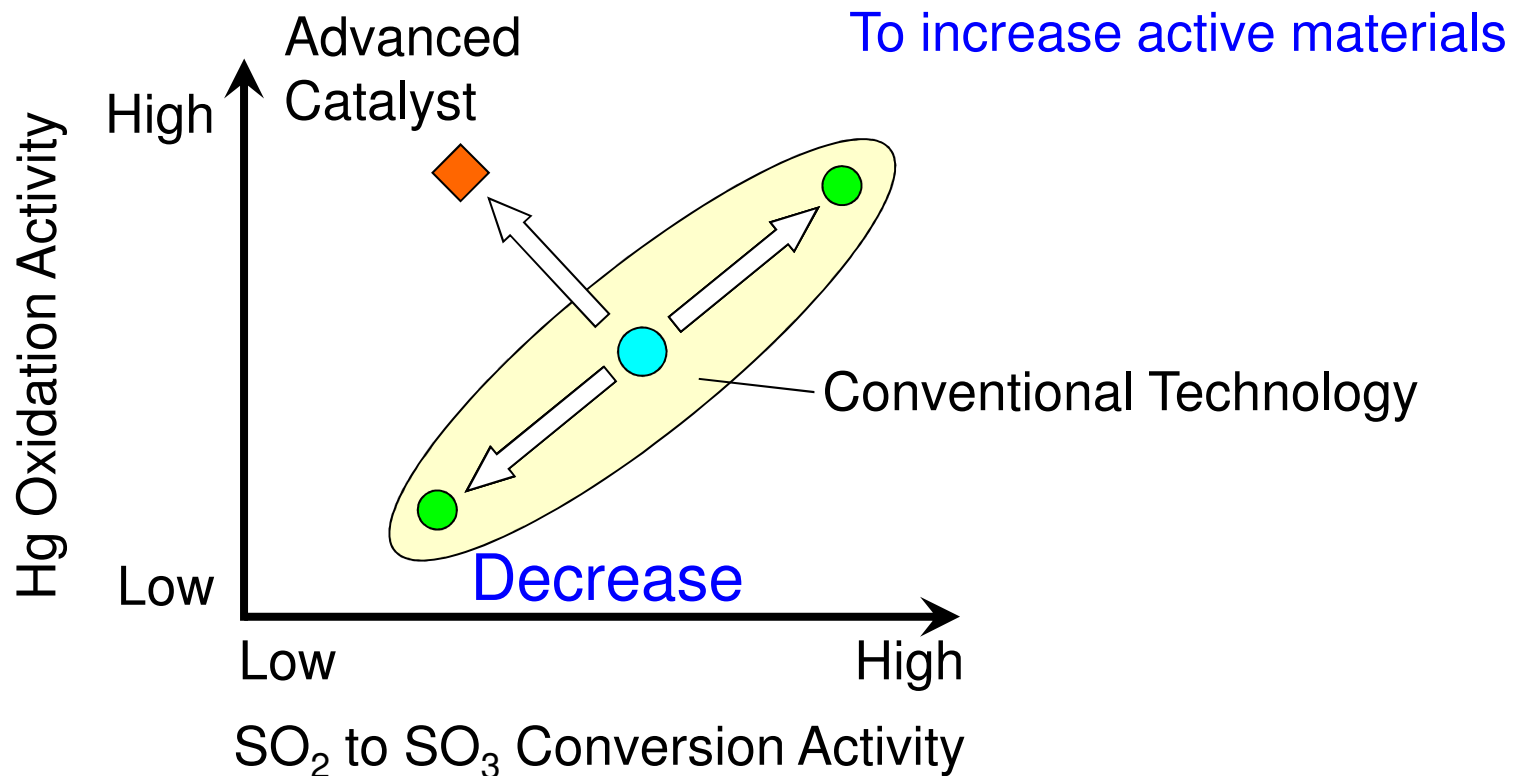
Control Room

DeNOx Reactor

**Research and Development is the cornerstone of success at Hitachi.**

# The Challenge in Catalyst Design

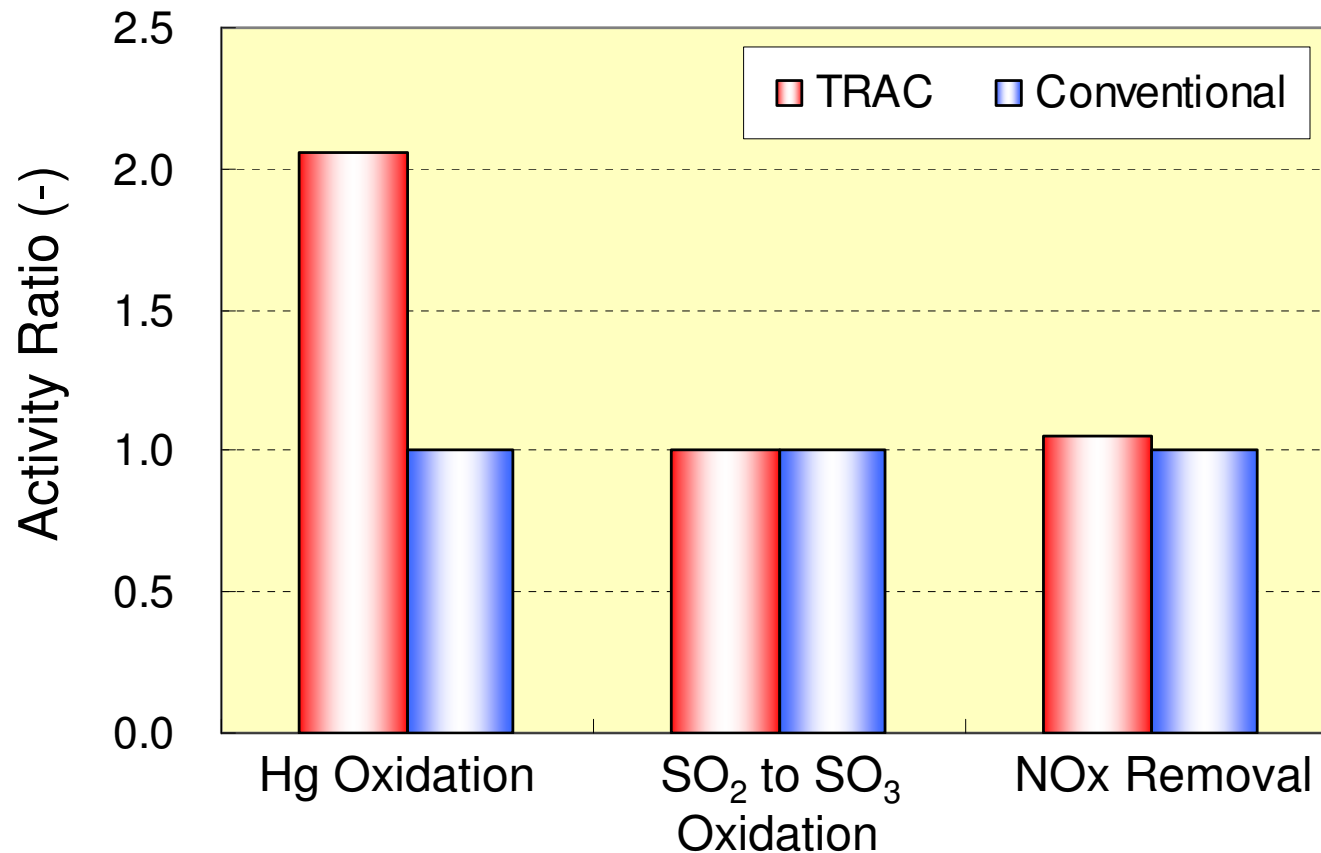
In order to increase Hg Oxidation in traditional catalyst SO<sub>2</sub> conversion inherently increases as well.



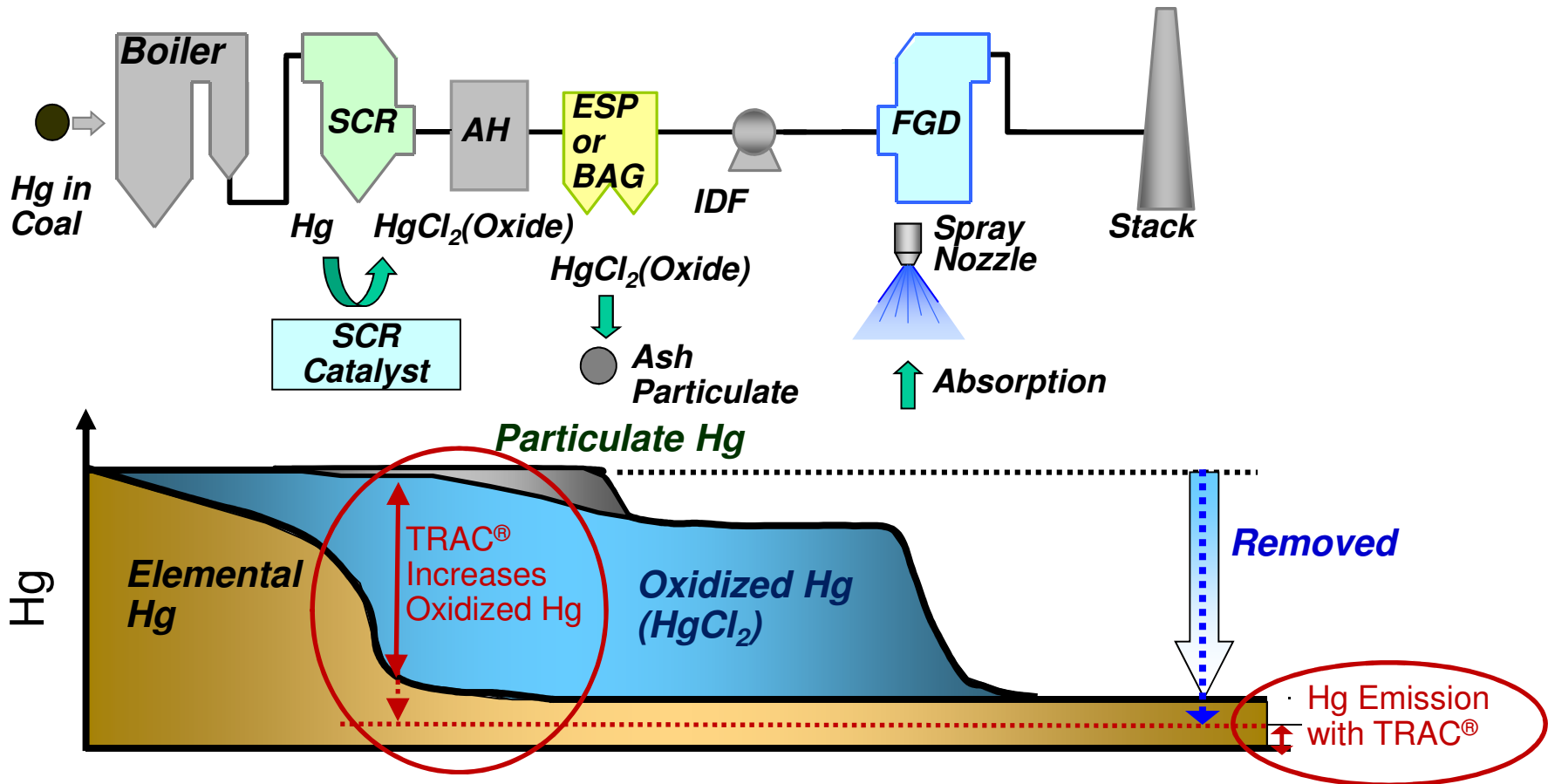
We have developed a new SCR catalyst with Higher Mercury (Hg) Oxidation while maintaining Low SO<sub>2</sub> Conversion

# TRAC<sup>®</sup> – TRiple Action Catalyst

- 1<sup>st</sup> High Mercury Oxidation**
- 2<sup>nd</sup> High DeNO<sub>x</sub> Performance**
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Low SO<sub>2</sub> to SO<sub>3</sub> Oxidation**



# Process of Hg Removal by SCR + FGD



SCR Catalyst is a key component for mercury oxidation



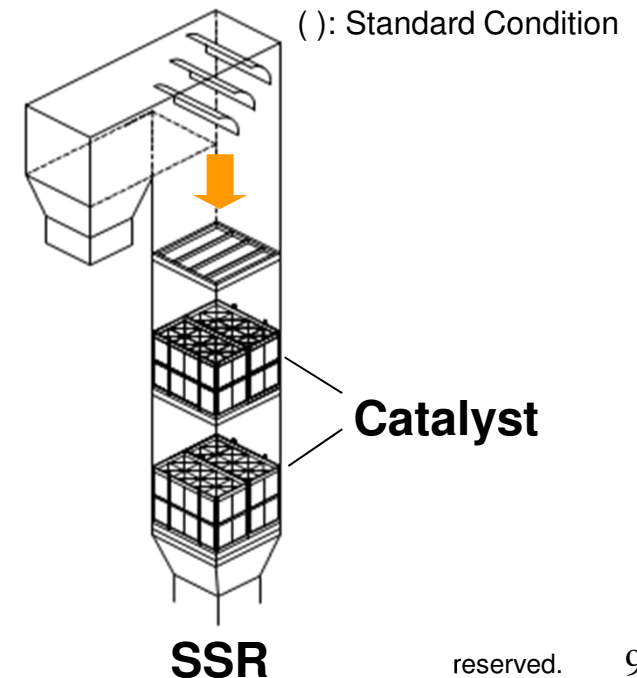
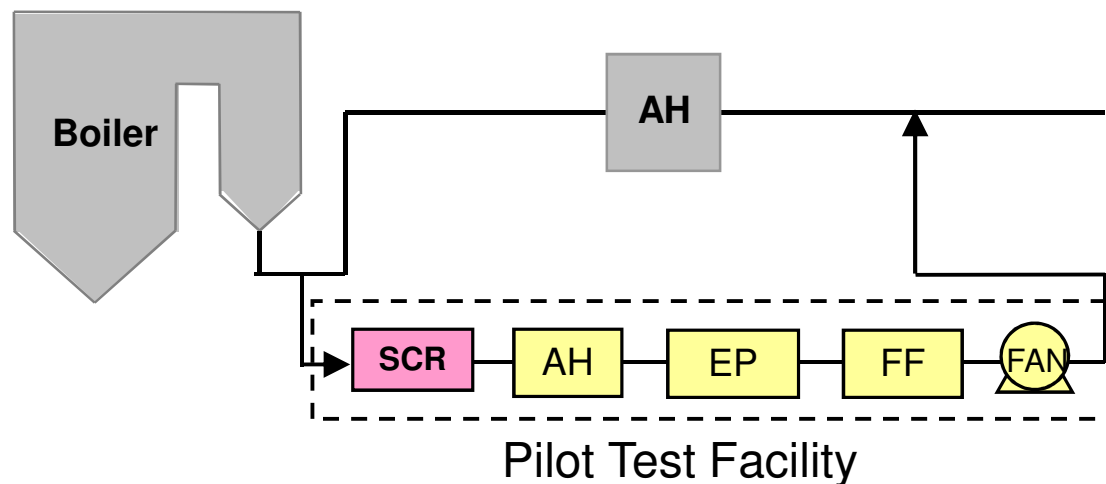
# *Hitachi TRAC<sup>®</sup> Catalyst*

## *R&D Testing*

# Pilot Test at MRC (Bituminous)

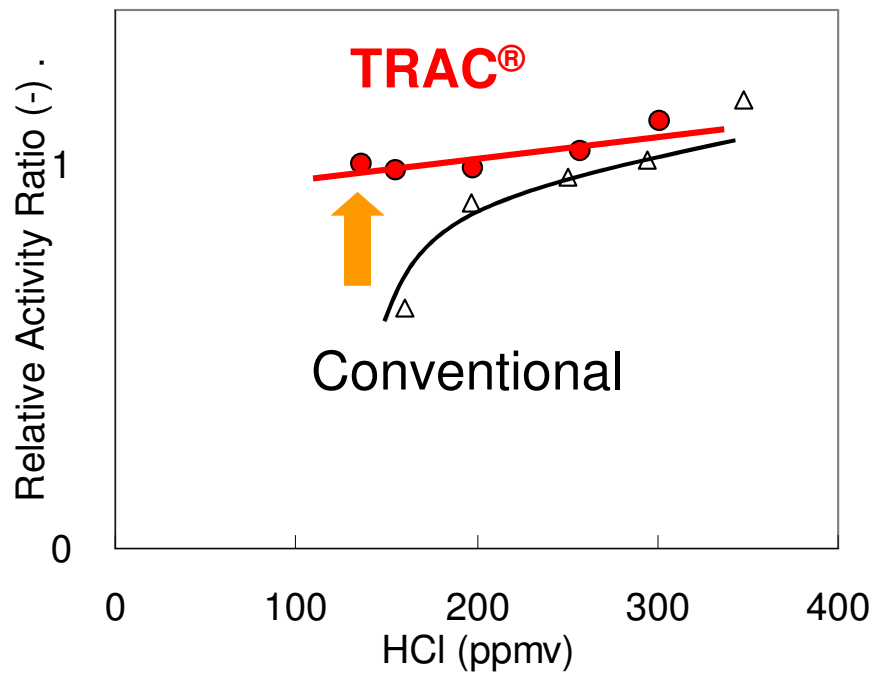
- MRC (Mercury Research Center)
- Host Unit - Gulf Power/Crist Unit5 (75MW)
- Coal - Low Sulfur Bituminous
- Slip Stream Reactor (SSR, 5MW equivalent)
  - 2 Layers SCR (cross section; 6.6' x 6.6')
- Parametric Testing of Hg Oxidation
  - Temperature
  - HCl
- Catalyst - TRAC<sup>®</sup> and Conventional Catalyst

Gas Flow Rate	10,705 - 17,842 m <sup>3</sup> N/h
Temperature	626 - 752 (698) F
NO <sub>x</sub>	180 - 230 ppm
SO <sub>2</sub>	600 - 900 ppm
HCl	110 - 350 (130) ppm
NO <sub>x</sub> Removal	90 %
Slip NH <sub>3</sub>	2 ppm

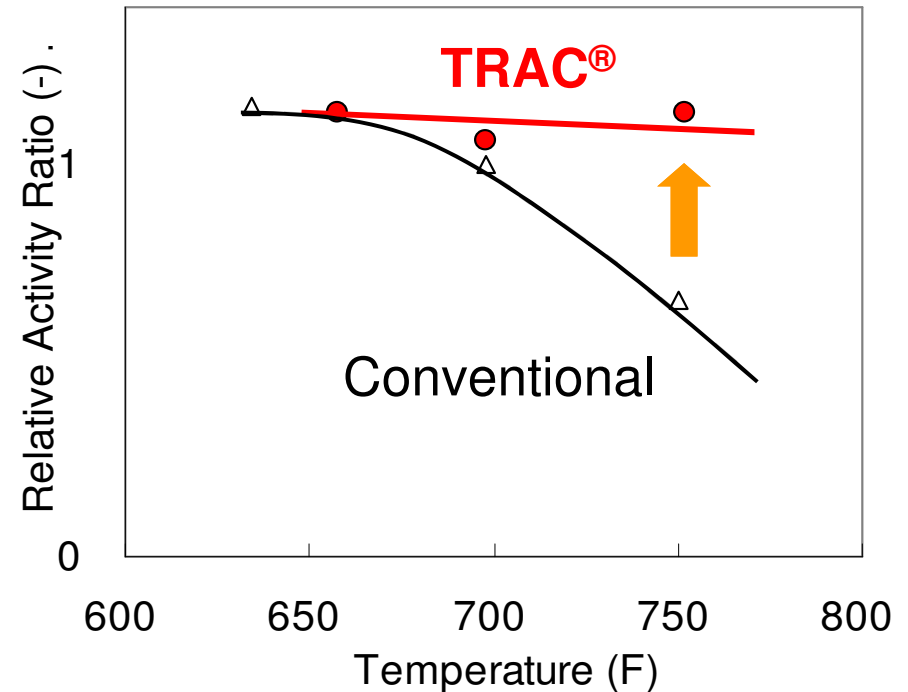


# Pilot Test at MRC (Bituminous)

## HCl Characteristics



## Temperature Characteristics



TRAC<sup>®</sup> shows...

**Higher Hg oxidation at lower HCl concentration**

**Higher Hg oxidation at higher temperature**

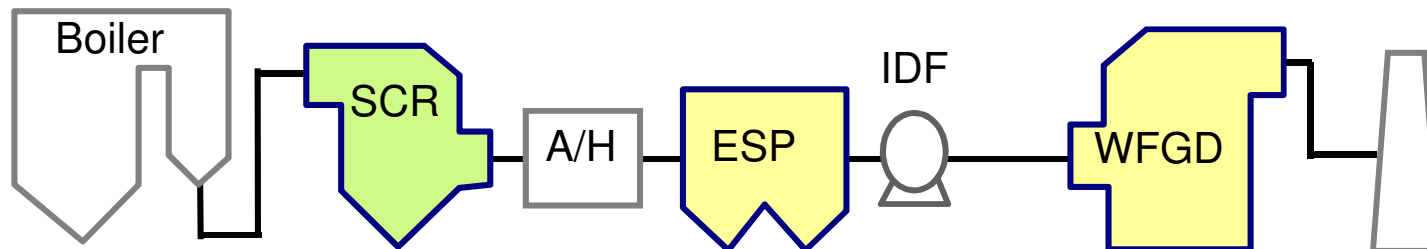
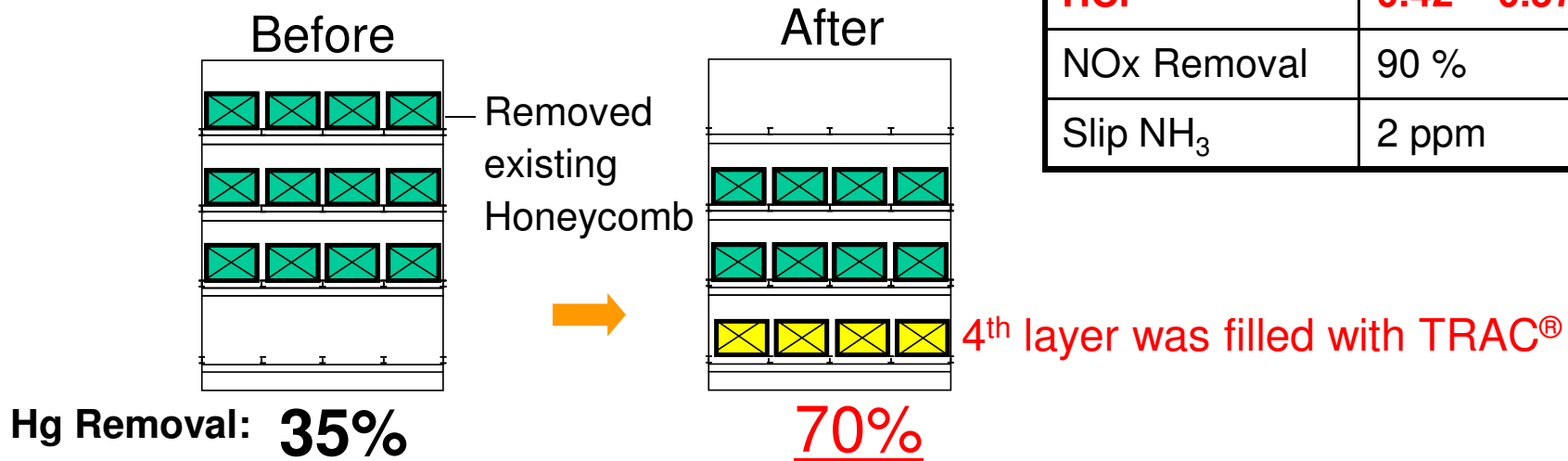
# *Hitachi TRAC<sup>®</sup> Catalyst*

## *Full Scale Application*

# Full Scale Application at PRB Plant

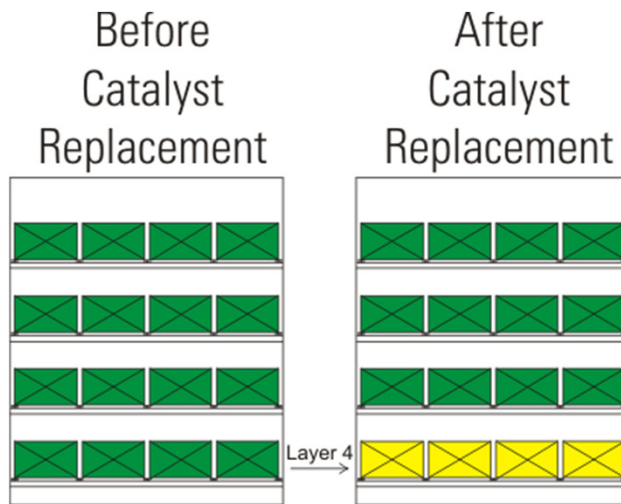
- Northern US Power Plant (640MW)
- Coal - PRB
- TRAC® Supplied in 2008 at 4<sup>th</sup> Layer

Gas Flow Rate	1,198,652 Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr
Temperature	730 F
NO <sub>x</sub>	372 ppm
SO <sub>2</sub>	478 ppm
<b>HCl</b>	<b>0.42 – 0.57 ppm</b>
NO <sub>x</sub> Removal	90 %
Slip NH <sub>3</sub>	2 ppm



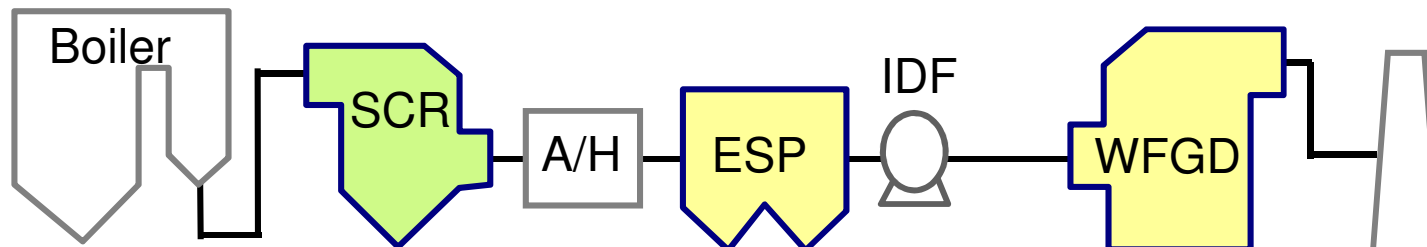
# Full-Scale Result – Plant Miller

- Plant Miller Units 1 and 2 (720 MW)
- PRB Coal
- TRAC<sup>®</sup> Installed in spring 2011

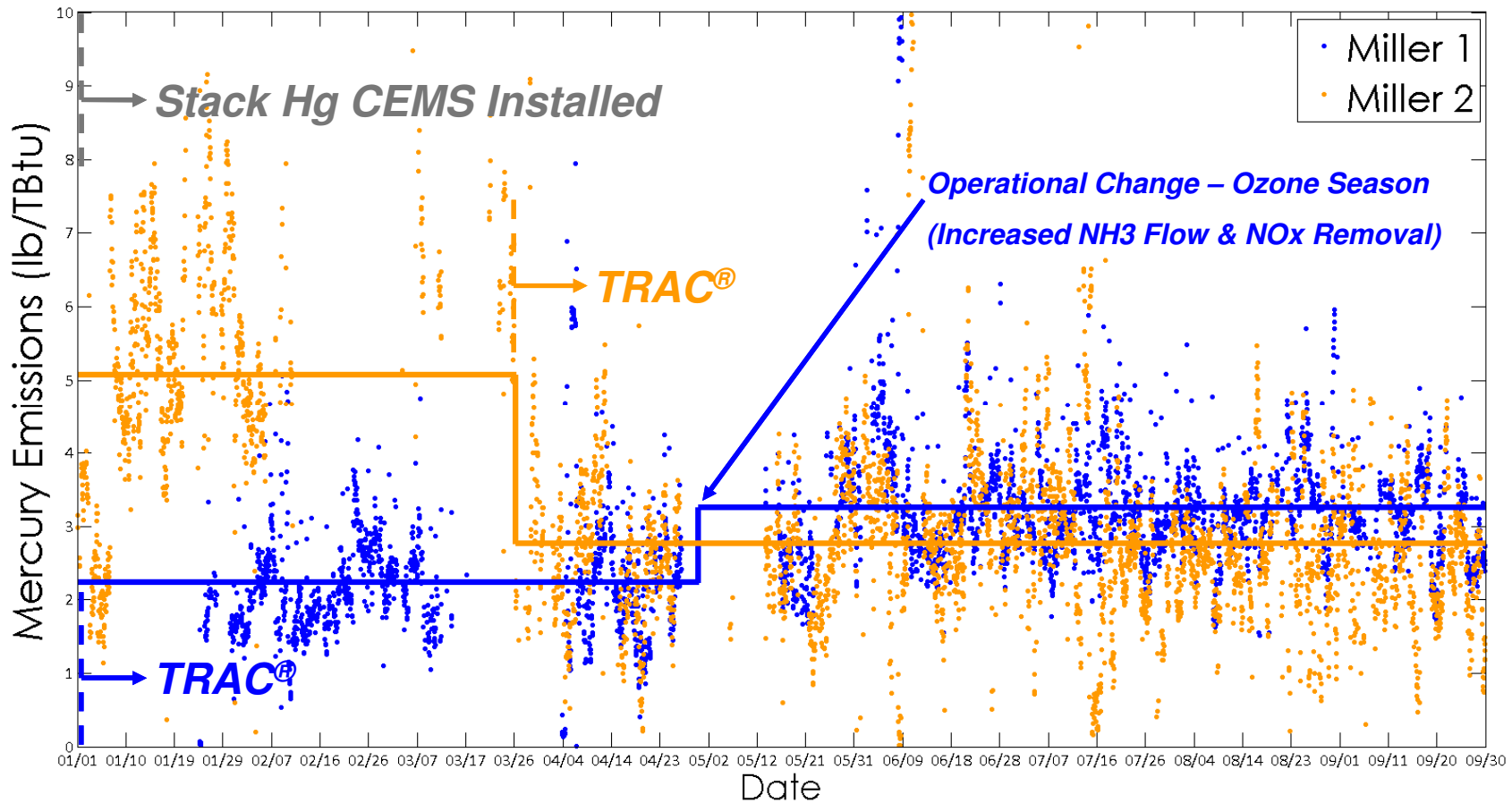


Hg Removal: **30%** Hg Removal: **60%**

Stack Gas Flow Rate	3,397,200 m <sup>3</sup> N/hr
Temperature	720 F
NO <sub>x</sub>	130-230 ppm
SO <sub>2</sub>	125-325 ppm
HCl	1-7 ppm
NO <sub>x</sub> Removal	90 %
Slip NH <sub>3</sub>	<2 ppm



# Mercury CEMS Data – Plant Miller



**Miller Unit 2 mercury emissions dropped from 5.1 lb/Tbtu to 2.8 lb/Tbtu after installing one layer of TRAC. Miller Unit 1 mercury emissions were 3.3 lb/Tbtu after installing one layer of TRAC.**

***Cost Impact of an  
Advanced Hg Oxidation Catalyst  
High Sulfur Bituminous Fuel***



## **Base Case 1 - ACI + ESP (No FF)**

- **Installation Cost of ACI System**
- **Operation (AC Consumption) Cost**
- **High Carbon Content in Ash – Impact on Ash Sales**

## **Base Case 2 - ACI + FF**

- **Installation Cost of FF + SCI System**
- **Operation (AC Consumption) Cost**
- **High Carbon Content in Ash – Impact on Ash Sales**

## **TRAC (With and Without FF)**

- **Slightly higher cost than Conventional Catalyst (10-15%)**
- **No Additional Operation Cost**
- **3<sup>rd</sup> Layer Addition (Lower Layer - Most effective for Hg oxidation)**

## Conditions

- 1) Eastern Bituminous Fuel
- 2) Flue gas temperature at SCR Inlet = 775F
- 3) 90% of NO<sub>x</sub> removal with 2 ppm of slip NH<sub>3</sub>
- 4) TRAC<sup>®</sup> Hg oxidation is at end of catalyst life condition

## Assumptions

- 1) Required total Hg removal = 90%
- 2) HCl in flue gas = 100ppmvd 3%O<sub>2</sub>
- 3) Elemental Hg / Oxidized Hg at SCR inlet = 70/30
- 4) AC (Untreated) cost = \$0.50 / lb
- 5) Oxidized mercury removal across FF/ESP, WFGD = 95%
- 6) Hg Oxidation across APH = 50% of remaining elemental Hg

Note: The following evaluation result for Eastern Bituminous are based on the conditions and assumptions shown above. If the conditions and/or assumptions change, the results shall be re-evaluated.

# TRAC<sup>®</sup> Economics – Eastern Bituminous

<b>TRAC with ESP (no FF) (for 550 MW unit)</b>	<b>1 Layer of Non-TRAC<sup>®</sup> Addition</b>	<b>1 Layer of TRAC<sup>®</sup> Addition</b>	<b>3 Layers of TRAC<sup>®</sup> (margin?)</b>
HG Oxidation(@ APH outlet), (%)	85	95	>97
Hg Remove w/o ACI(@ Stack), (%)	77	90	92
AC injection, # / MMACF	8	0	0
AC Cost / year	\$3.34M	\$0	\$0
Differential Cost of TRAC / year	\$0	\$20,000	\$60,000
Cost of using AC and/or TRAC over an eight (8) year period	\$26,700,000	\$160,000	\$480,000

**TRAC<sup>®</sup> Saves...      \$26,000,000 (Operating Cost)  
ACI System Capital Cost (~\$5M)**

# TRAC<sup>®</sup> Economics – Eastern Bituminous

<b>TRAC with FF (for 550 MW unit)</b>	<b>1 Layer of Non-TRAC<sup>®</sup> Addition</b>	<b>1 Layer of TRAC<sup>®</sup> Addition</b>	<b>3 Layers of TRAC<sup>®</sup> (margin?)</b>
HG Oxidation(@ APH outlet), (%)	85	95	>97
Hg Remove w/o ACI(@ Stack), (%)	77	90	92
AC injection, # / MMACF	1.5	0	0
AC Cost / year	\$630,000	\$0	\$0
Differential Cost of TRAC / year	\$0	\$20,000	\$60,000
Cost of using AC and/or TRAC over an eight (8) year period	\$5,040,000	\$160,000	\$480,000

**TRAC<sup>®</sup> Saves...**

**\$4,800,000 (Operating Cost)**  
**FF System Capital Cost (~\$35M)**  
**ACI System Capital Cost (~\$5M)**

***Cost Impact of an  
Advanced Hg Oxidation Catalyst***

***Low Sulfur PRB Fuel***

## PRB Application (with ACI)

<b>TRAC with ESP (for 650 MW unit)</b>	<b>3 Layers of Conventional catalyst</b>	<b>2 Layers of conventional and 1 Layer of TRAC<sup>®</sup></b>	<b>3 Layers of TRAC<sup>®</sup></b>
<b>Hg Oxidation(@ APH outlet), (%)</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>AC injection, # / MMACF</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>
<b>AC Cost (per year)</b>	<b>\$3.39M</b>	<b>\$1.88M</b>	<b>\$1.13M</b>
<b>Differential Cost of TRAC / year</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$25,000</b>	<b>\$75,000</b>
<b>Cost of using AC + TRAC over an eight year period</b>	<b>\$27.12M</b>	<b>\$15.24M</b>	<b>\$9.64M</b>

Notes: Assumes \$0.75/lb for untreated AC  
Additional cost of TRAC is 10-20%

**TRAC<sup>®</sup> Saves  
\$17,000,000**

## PRB Application (with ACI)

TRAC with FF (for 650 MW unit)	3 Layers of Conventional catalyst	2 Layers of conventional and 1 Layer of TRAC <sup>®</sup>	3 Layers of TRAC <sup>®</sup>
Hg Oxidation(@ APH outlet), (%)	30	65	80
AC injection, # / MMACF	1.5	1.0	0.5
AC Cost (per year)	\$1.13M	\$0.75M	\$0.38M
Differential Cost of TRAC / year	\$0	\$25,000	\$75,000
Cost of using AC + TRAC over an eight year period	\$9.04M	\$6.2M	\$3.64M

Notes: Assumes \$0.75/lb for untreated AC  
Additional cost of TRAC is 10-20%

**TRAC<sup>®</sup> Saves**

**\$5,400,000**

# TRAC<sup>®</sup> Record - Applications

Owner	Plant	Load (MW)	Coal	Supply	Country
A	Plant A	640	PRB	2008	US
B	Plant B	550	Bituminous	2010	GR
Southern Company	Miller Unit 1	735	PRB	2011	US
Southern Company	Miller Unit 2	735	PRB	2011	US
Southern Company	Barry Unit 5	773	Bituminous	2011	US
AEP	Mountaineer Unit1	1,300	Bituminous	2011	US
Southern Company	Bowen Unit 3	950	Bituminous	2011	US
AEP	Cardinal Unit 2	600	Bituminous	2012	US

**Eight Commercial Installations of TRAC<sup>®</sup> Catalyst**

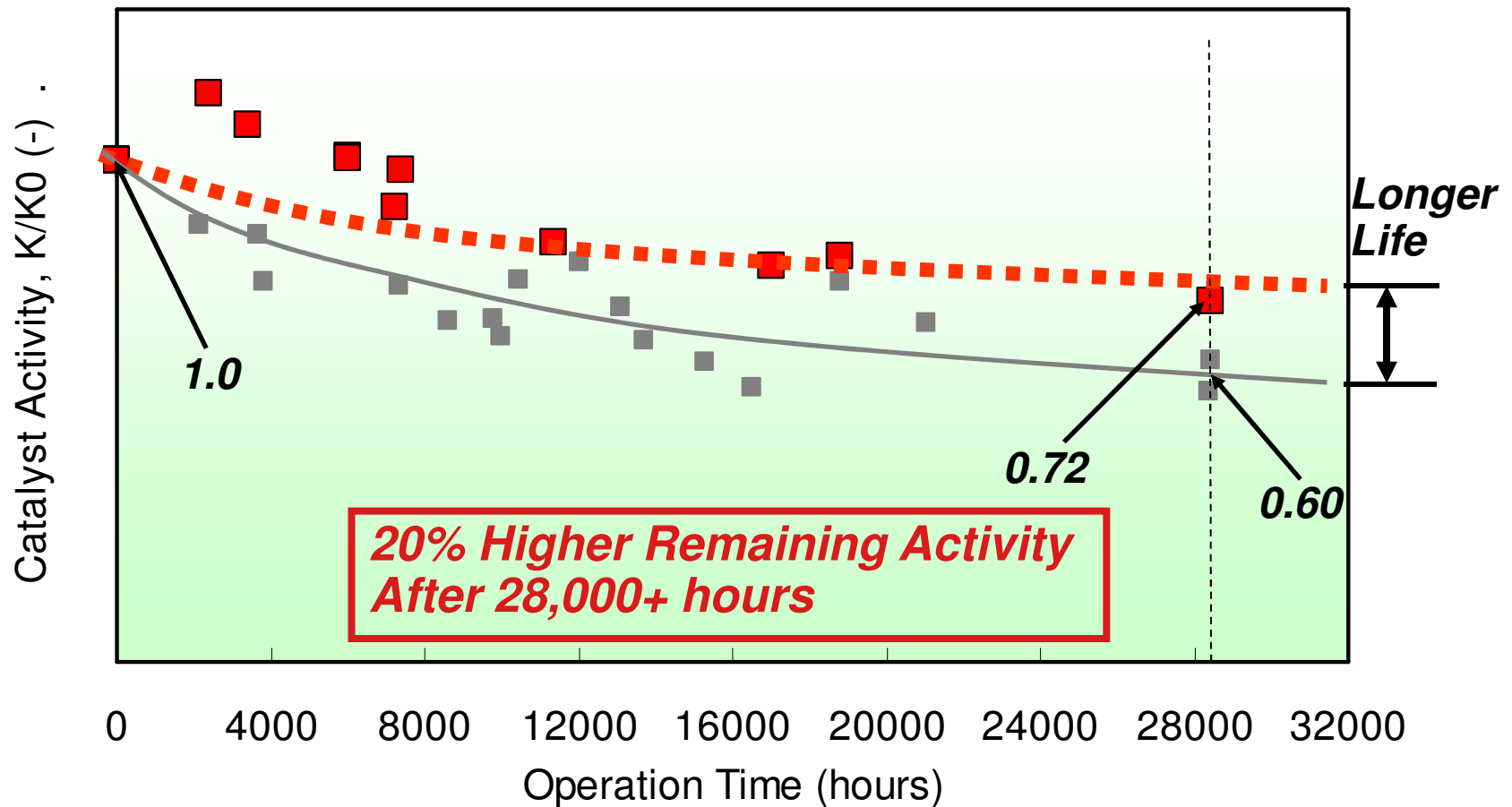


## ***Additional Benefit of TRAC<sup>®</sup>***

### ***Long Life Catalyst (Slower Deactivation)***

# Longevity Test at Mitchell Unit 1 (Bituminous)

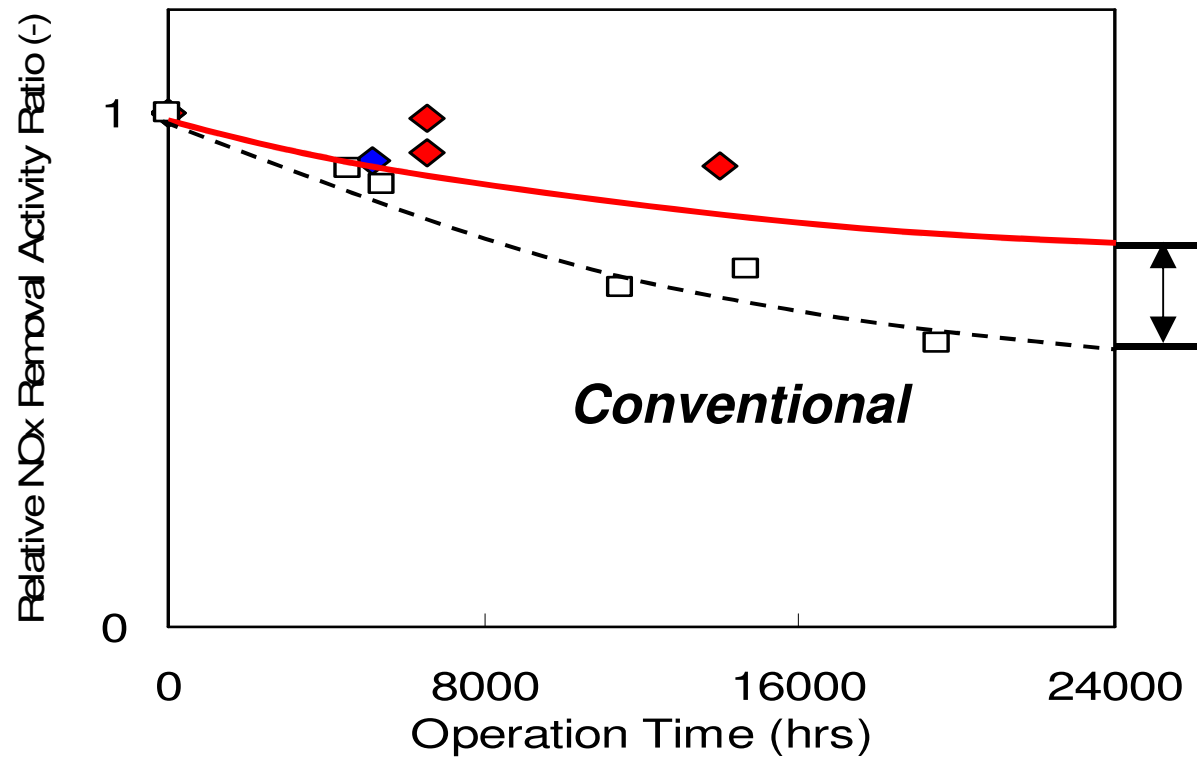
Durability of TRAC<sup>®</sup>/CM catalyst is extremely improved for longer life



**TRAC<sup>®</sup>/CM catalyst has longer life compared with conventional. It is possible to save money for long term operation or reduce catalyst volume to be applied to actual plants.**

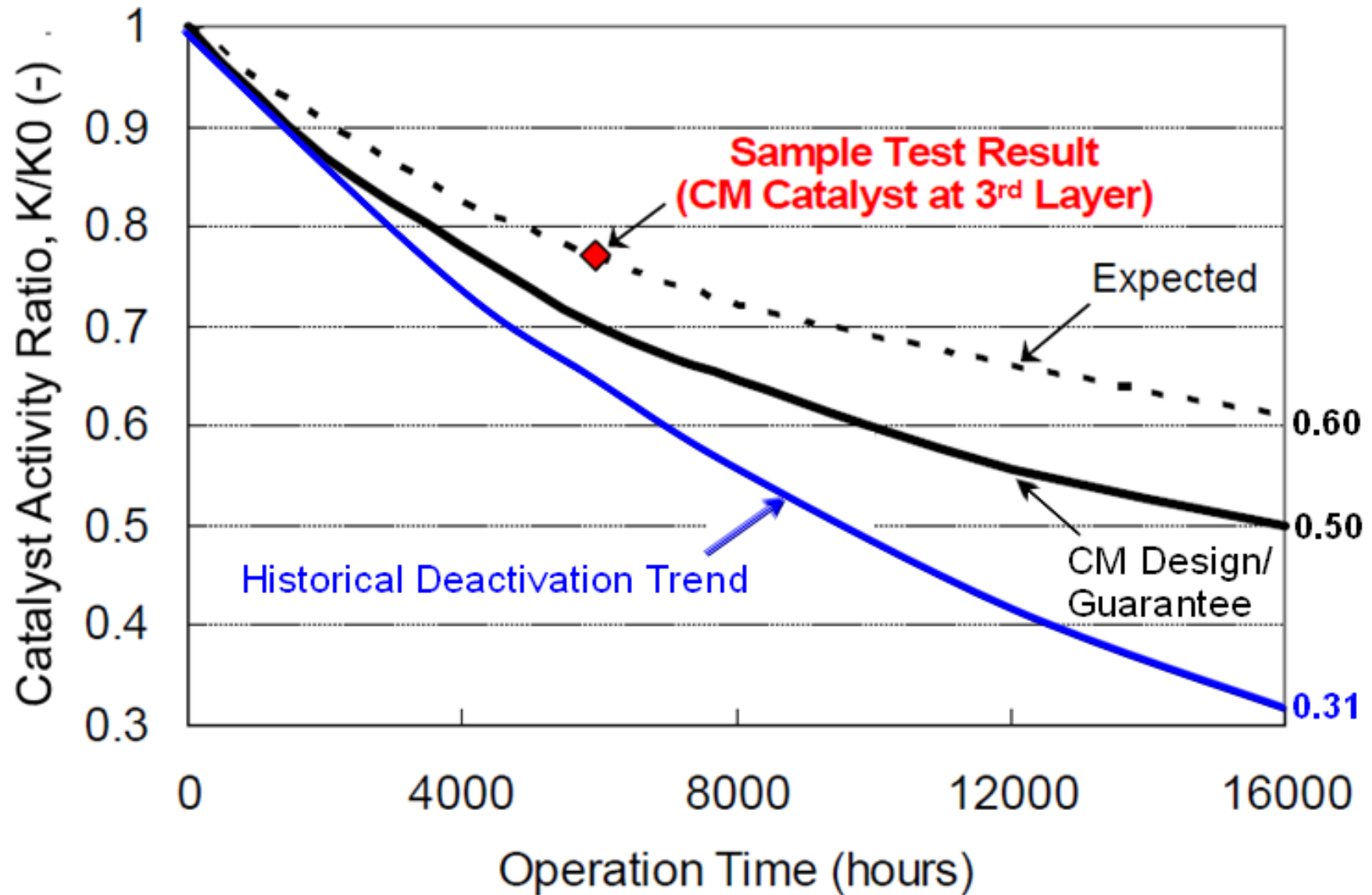
# TRAC<sup>®</sup>/CM Catalyst Deactivation Rate (PRB)

Durability of TRAC<sup>®</sup>/CM catalyst is extremely improved for longer life



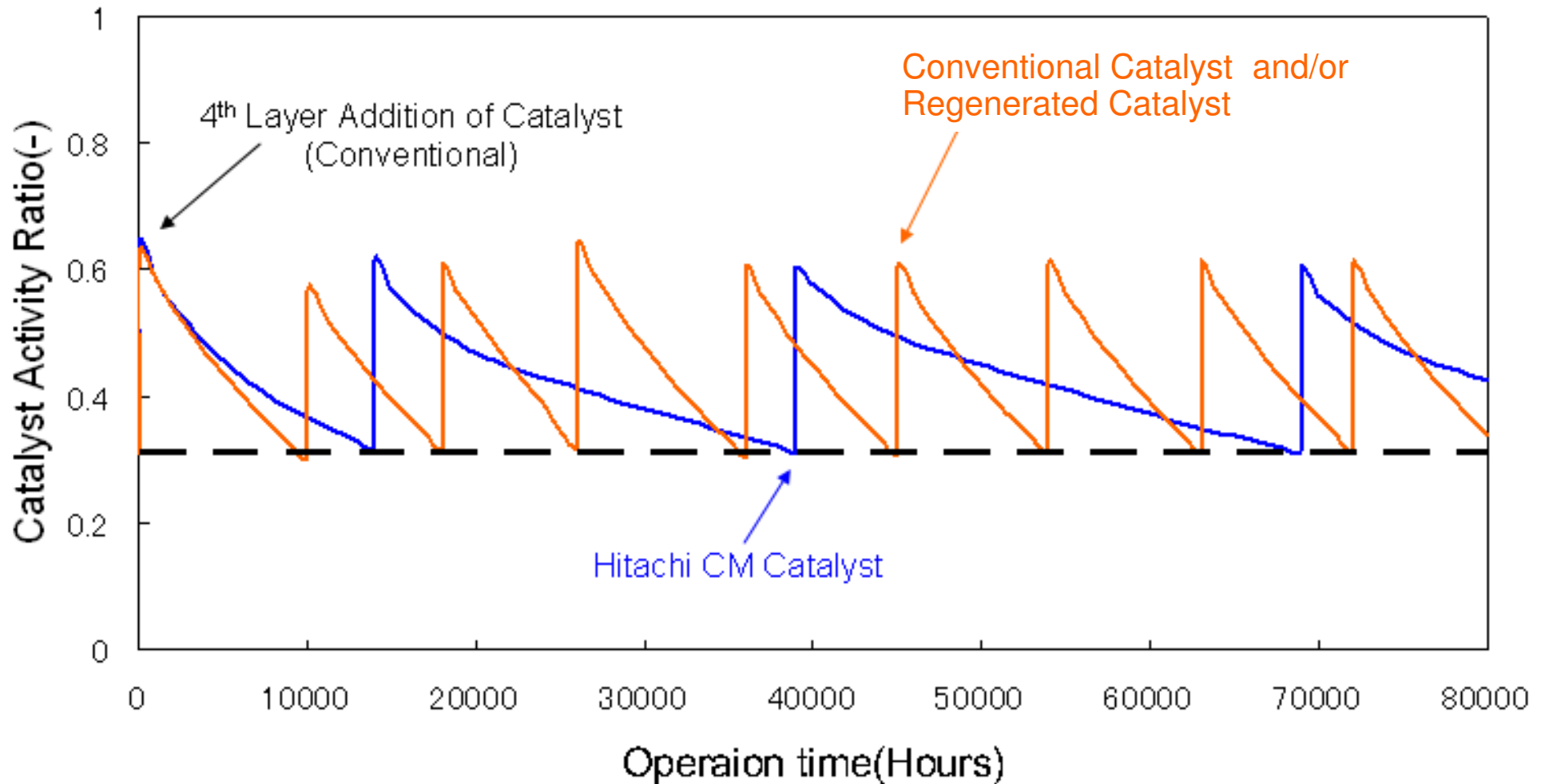
***TRAC<sup>®</sup>/CM catalyst has longer life compared with conventional. It is possible to save money for long term operation or reduce catalyst volume to be applied to actual plants.***

# Deactivation Rate – Test Results from 2012



# ***Cost Impact of a Longer Life Catalyst***

# Long Life Catalyst – CMP Economics – 700MW



***CM Reduces 9 Catalyst Replacement Outages to 4***

# Long Life Catalyst – CMP Economics – 700MW

Hitachi Advanced Catalyst vs. Conventional and/or Regenerated Catalyst

Catalyst Type	Required number layers in next 10 years	Estimated Catalyst Material Cost (Per Layer)	Total Catalyst Material Cost (next 10 years)	Estimated Total Catalyst Loading Costs	10 Year Total Cost for Catalyst
Conventional Catalyst	9	\$2,000,000	\$18,000,000	\$3,600,000 <small>Assumes \$400K / Layer</small>	\$21,600,000
Regenerated Catalyst	9	\$1,200,000 <small>Assumes 60% of New</small>	\$10,800,000	\$3,600,000 <small>Assumes \$400K / Layer</small>	\$14,400,000
Hitachi	4	\$2,000,000	\$8,000,000	\$1,600,000 <small>Assumes \$400K / Layer</small>	\$9,600,000

***Hitachi Catalyst Saves \$12M vs. Conventional Catalyst over a 10 year period***

***Hitachi Catalyst Saves \$4.8M vs. Regenerated Catalyst over a 10 year period***

- TRAC<sup>®</sup> & CM have the potential to save Millions
  - In some cases, TRAC<sup>®</sup> can eliminate the need for installation of ACI or halogen injection.
  - In other cases, TRAC<sup>®</sup> effectively reduces operating costs by decreasing the amount of AC or halogens required for mercury control on both bituminous and PRB units.
  - Longer catalyst life can be achieved with TRAC<sup>®</sup> & CM resulting in fewer catalyst replacement outages over the life of the SCR.
  - By maintaining low SO<sub>2</sub> to SO<sub>3</sub> conversion, TRAC<sup>®</sup> can reduce the amount of sorbent injection required for SO<sub>3</sub> mitigation.

**Development Continues to...**

**Further Enhance TRAC<sup>®</sup> & CM Catalyst Performance**



**HITACHI**  
Inspire the Next