



# Synchrophasor (PMU) Development

Athanasios P. Meliopoulos, Georgia Institute of Technology

Abraham Ellis, Sandia National Laboratories

Juris Kalejs, American Capital Energy

Contact: [jkalejs@americancapitalenergy.com](mailto:jkalejs@americancapitalenergy.com)

McIlvaine Company Hot Topic Hour on “Solar & Wind Strategies, Projects and Technology Developments”

September 12, 2013

# Interconnect Issues Contributing to “Soft” Costs in PV Plant Deployment

---

- PV and wind intermittency is basic issue
- Current SCADA-based PV power plant supervision and control is system of choice for utilities
- SCADA is not suited for real time PV plant control that will best deal with intermittency
- Combination of Smart Grid for demand-side and enhanced real time PV plant generation-side monitoring and control may be solution

Reference: “Development of a Model for Integrated PV Power Plant Design, Impact Studies, Commissioning and Operations”, A. P Meliopoulos, A. Ellis and J. Kalejs, paper presented in session on PV Power Plants at Intersolar Europe, June, 2012)

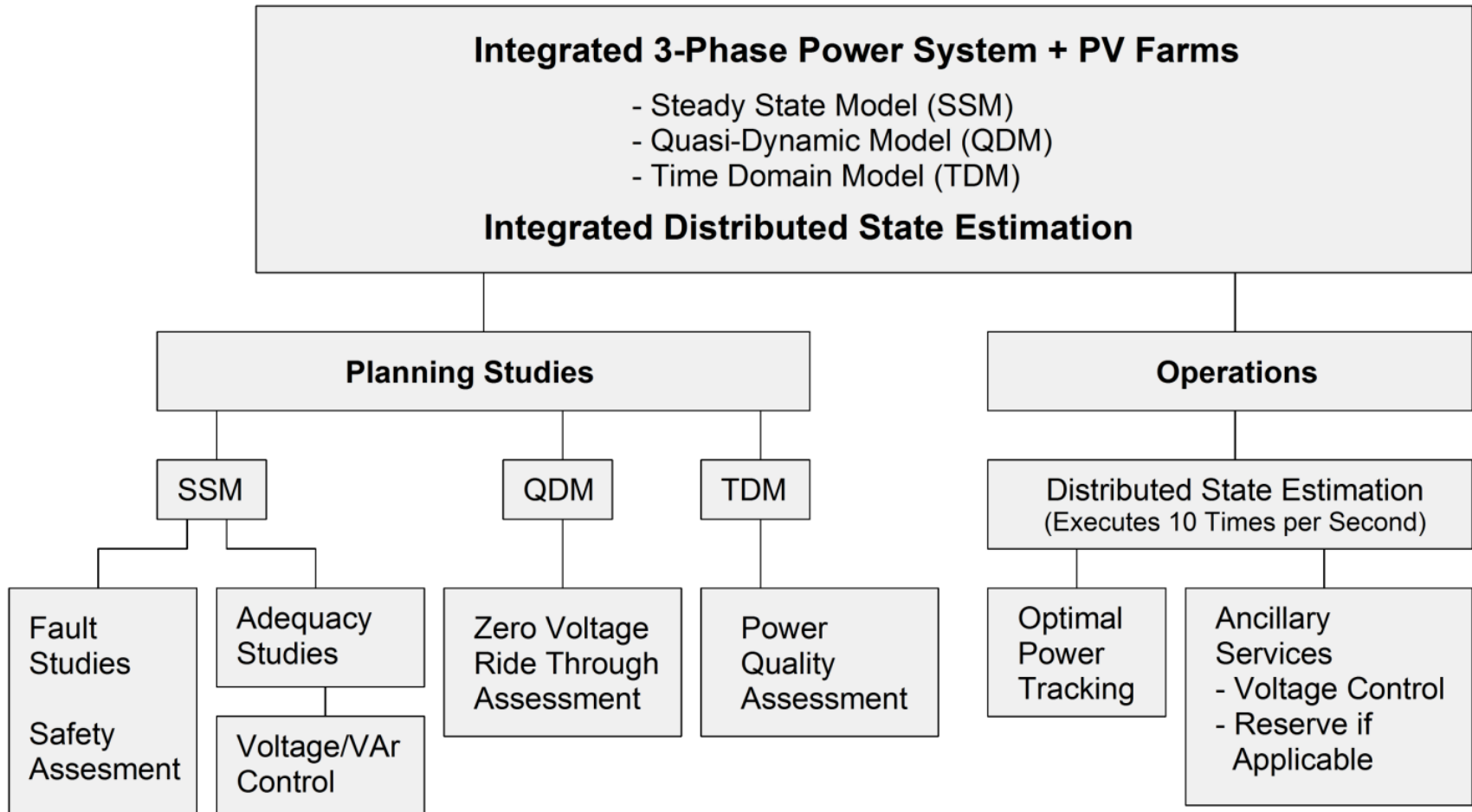
# Planning Model Requirements

---

- Many types of models
  - Transient, Dynamic, Power Flow, Short Circuit
- Different applications
  1. Plant/Controls Design or Interconnection Studies
    - Use best model available
  2. System Planning
    - Reliability organizations are required to maintain power flow and dynamic base cases for regional planning
      - Strongly discourages user-written black-box, non-standard models
      - Proprietary models are generally inadmissible for this application
    - Must be validated periodically

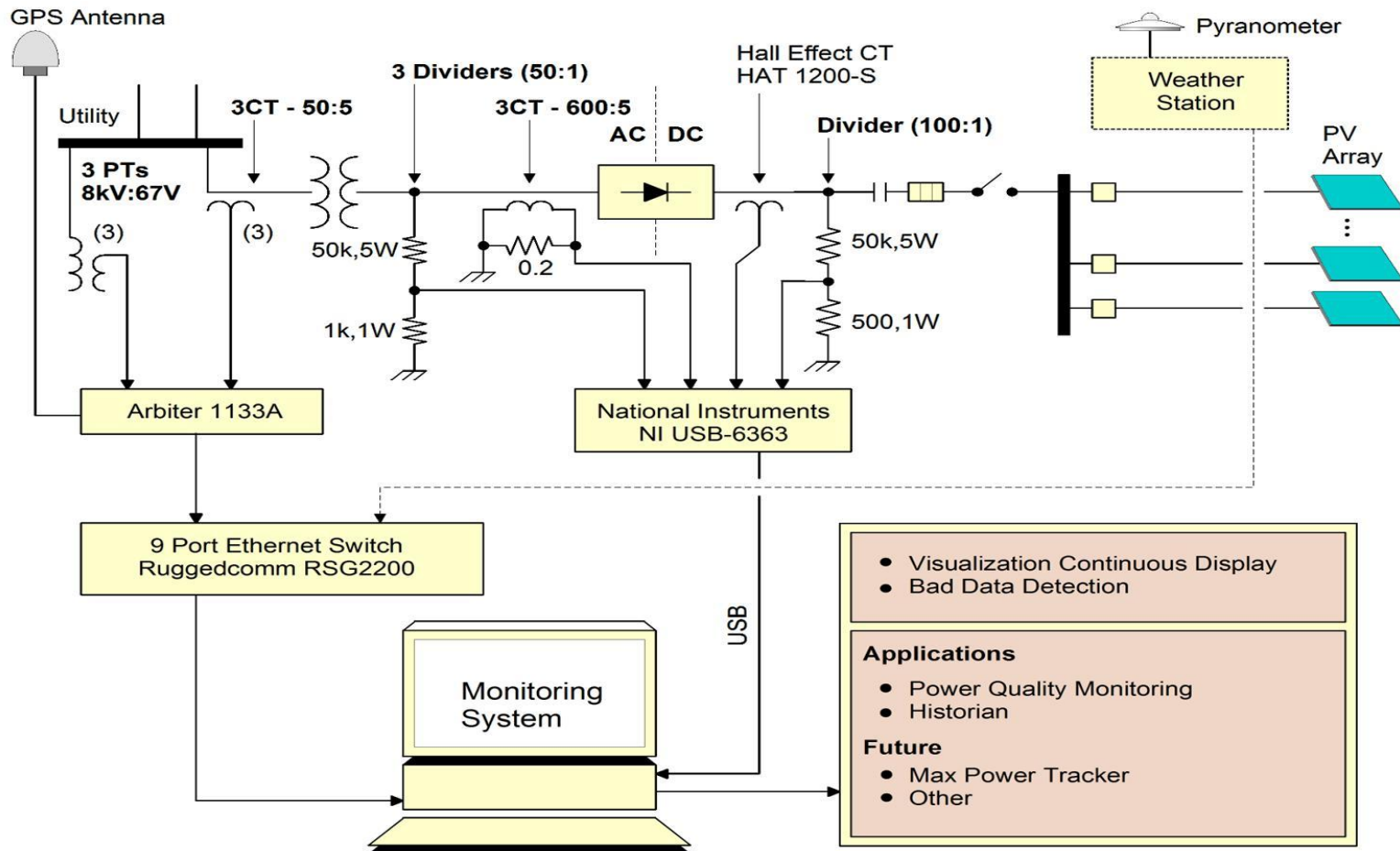
# PV Plant Performance Analysis and Control Strategy

One Physical Model for Three Types of Analysis: (a) Steady State, (b) Quasi-Dynamic, and (c) Time Domain  
Seamless Applications: (a) Ancillary Services, (b) Fault Studies, (c) Adequacy Studies, etc. (see graph below)



# PMU-Based PV Plant Real Time Operation and Control

The system collects data at 60 times per second. GPS synchronized data acquisition systems are preferred (figure shows the use of Arbiter 1133A PMU and the National Instruments USB-6363. Both AC and DC sides are monitored. The data are collected at a PC which time-aligns the data, performs state estimation that provides the validated real time model for utility ancillary services.



# Product Development and Validation

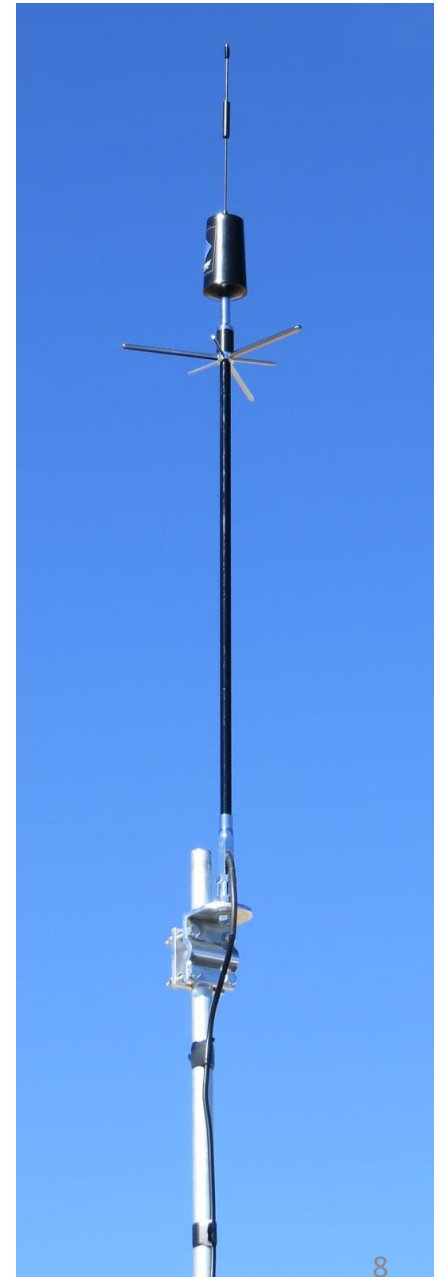
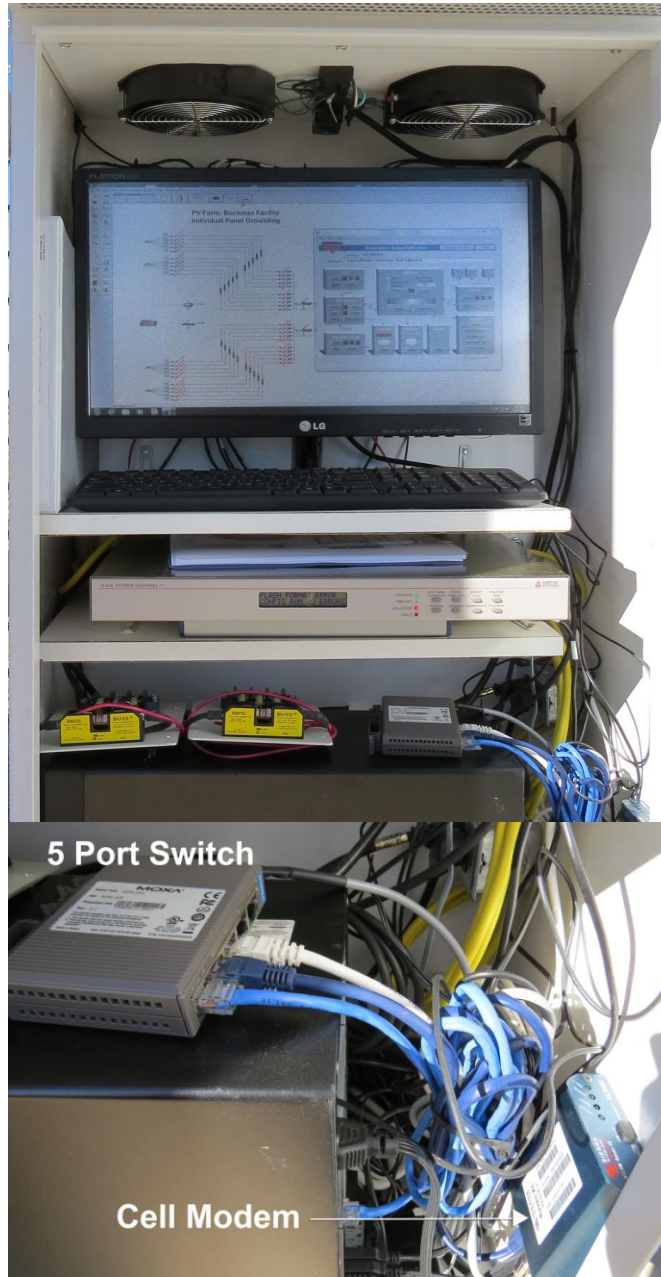
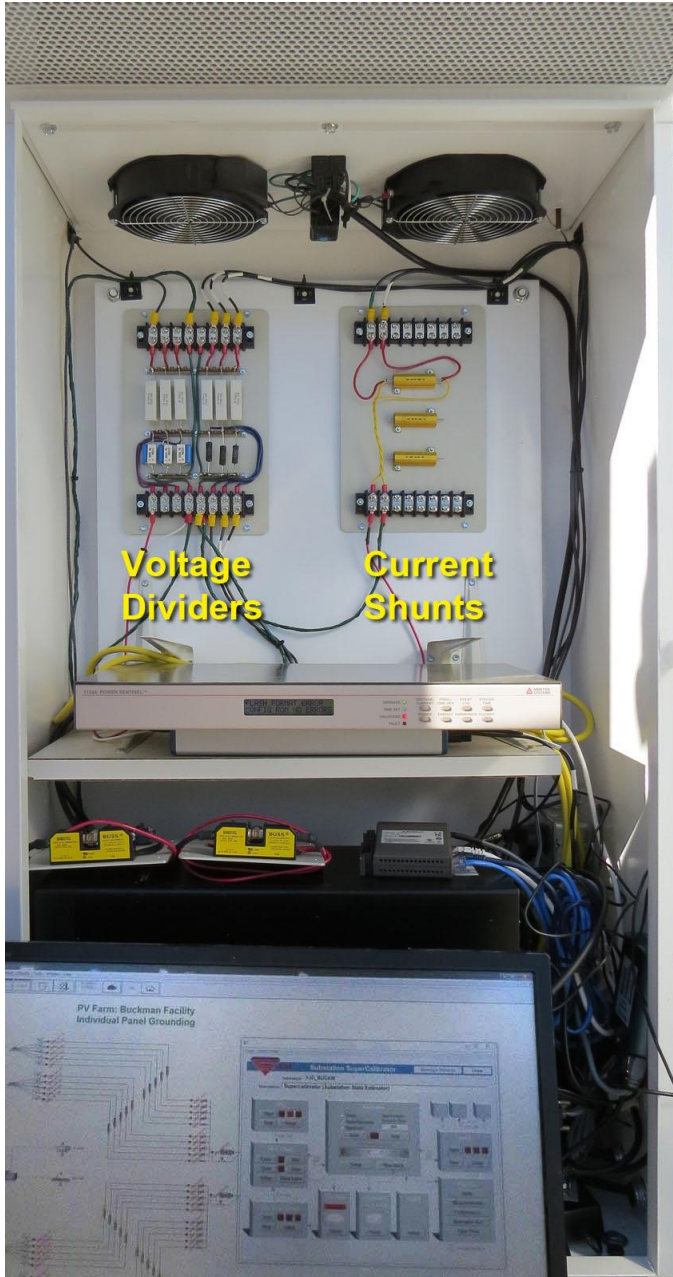
Alpha test site – ACE 1,160 kW PV plant for  
Buckman water treatment site, Santa Fe, NM



# Buckman PV Monitoring Installation



# Buckman PV Monitoring Installation





# Model Overview

PV Interconnection



Switch Gear



PV Panels

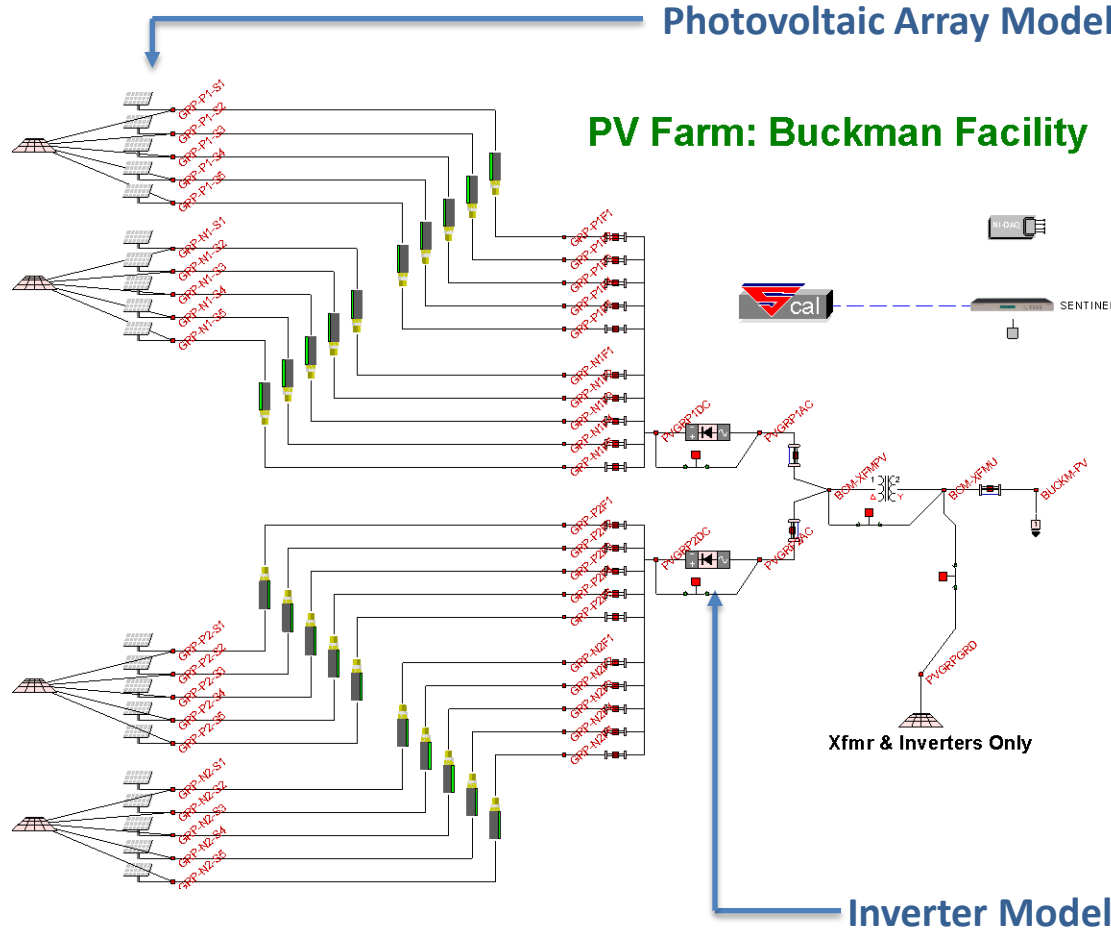


Substation



# Buckman PV Array WinIGS Model

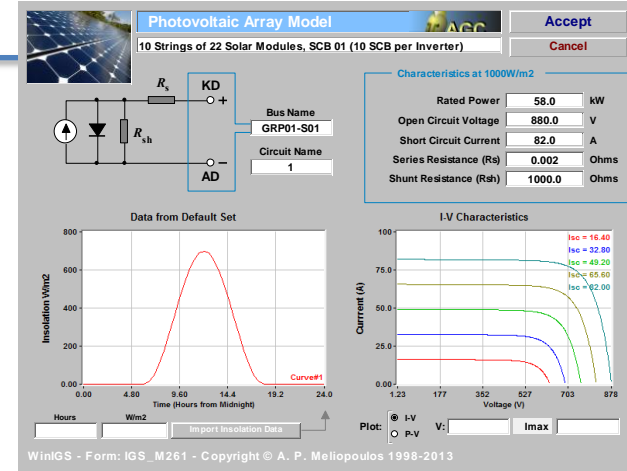
PV Module Model: PV Strings, PV String model, Inverter Model



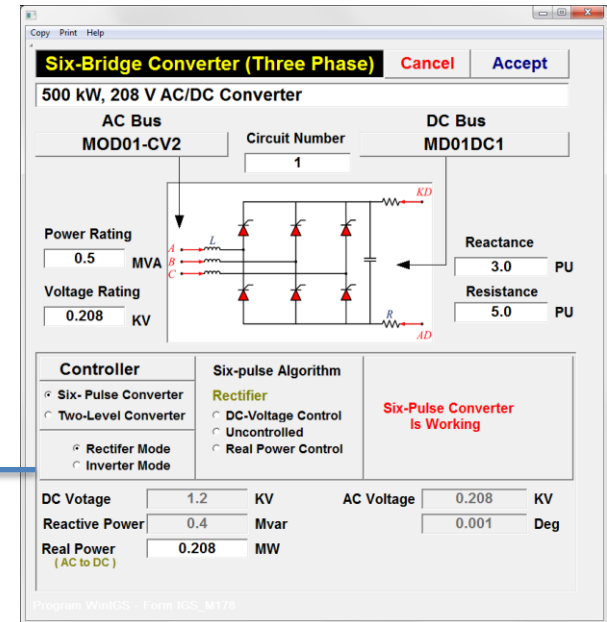
Photovoltaic Array Model

PV Farm: Buckman Facility

Inverter Model



WinIGS - Form: IGS\_M261 - Copyright © A. P. Meliopoulos 1998-2013



Program WinIGS - Form IGS\_M178

# Synchrophasor Field Data Snapshot

Substation: YJC\_BUCKM

**Communication Parameters**

Local IP Address: 192.168.0.102  
 Local Port Number: 2000  
 Outstation IP Address: 192.168.0.102  
 Outstation Port Number: 2003  
 Outstation ID: 10

**Phasor Diagram**

F = 60.0219 Hz Time: 12:14:32.533333

DF/DT = 0.0201 Hz/sec Rate = 30.0000 fps

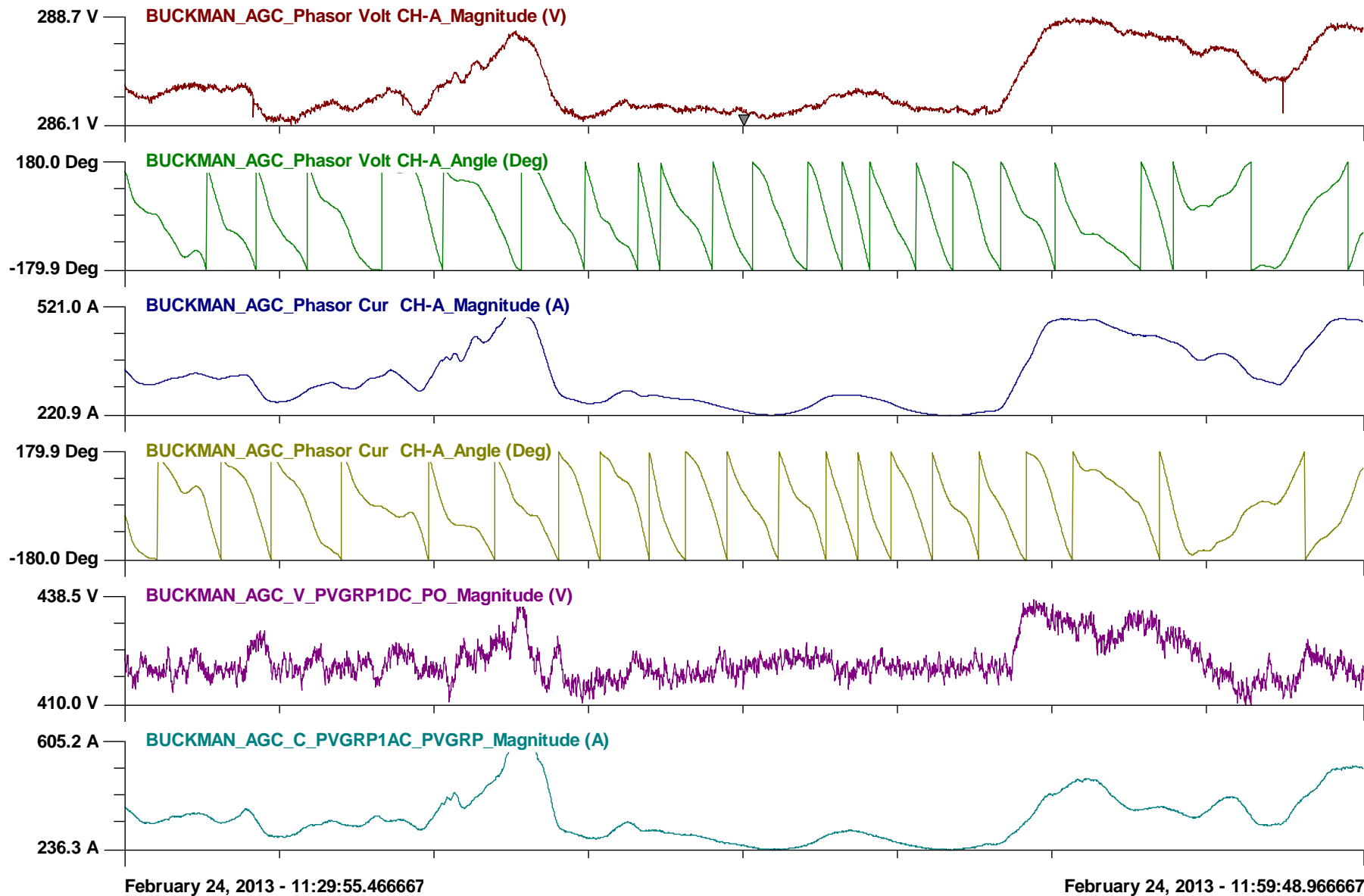
Save Stream to File:  buckman

Program WinIGS-Q - Form IGS\_M007

Phasors				
	Name	Type	Magnitude	Phase (Degrees)
0	Phasor Volt CH-A	Voltage	288.8389	123.4191
1	Phasor Cur CH-A	Current	435.2258	-58.5011
2	Phasor Volt CH-C	Voltage	289.0181	-116.4568
3	Phasor Cur CH-C	Current	444.2625	62.1891
4	Phasor Volt CH-B	Voltage	288.8625	3.3638
5	Phasor Cur CH-B	Current	441.4685	-179.7037
6	V_PVGRP1DC_PO	Voltage	395.0335	0.0000
7	C_PVGRP1AC_PVGRF	Current	494.9604	0.0000

Program WinIGS-Q - Form IGS\_M007\_DATA\_WIN

# Field Data – 9:30 – 10:00 am (30 Samples / Sec)

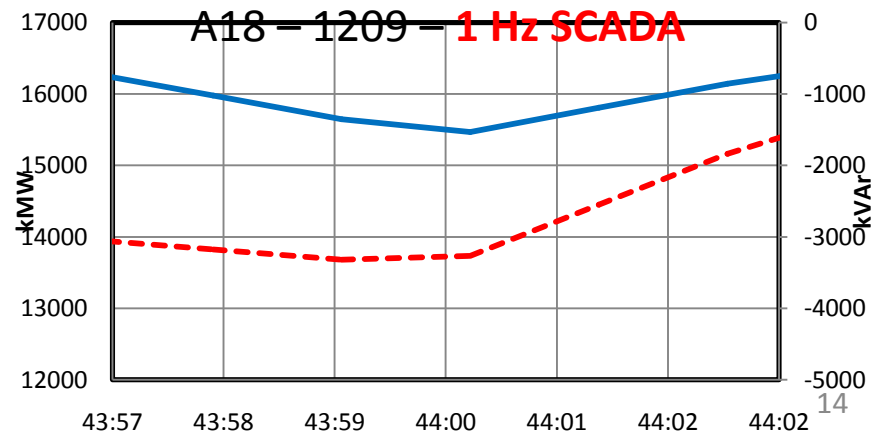
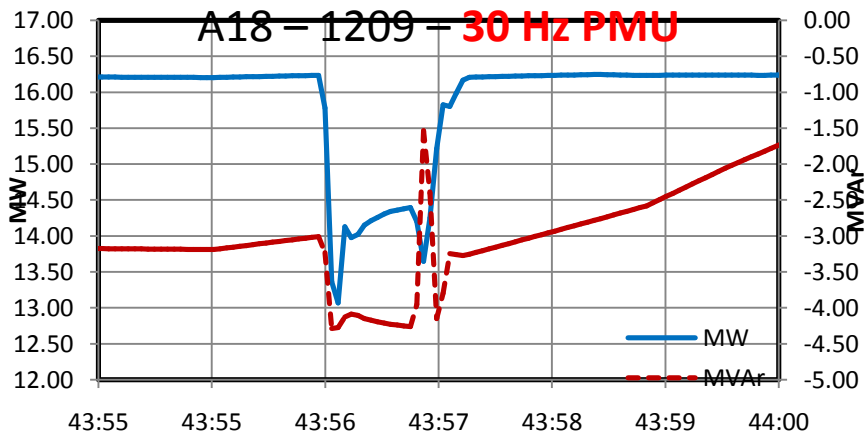
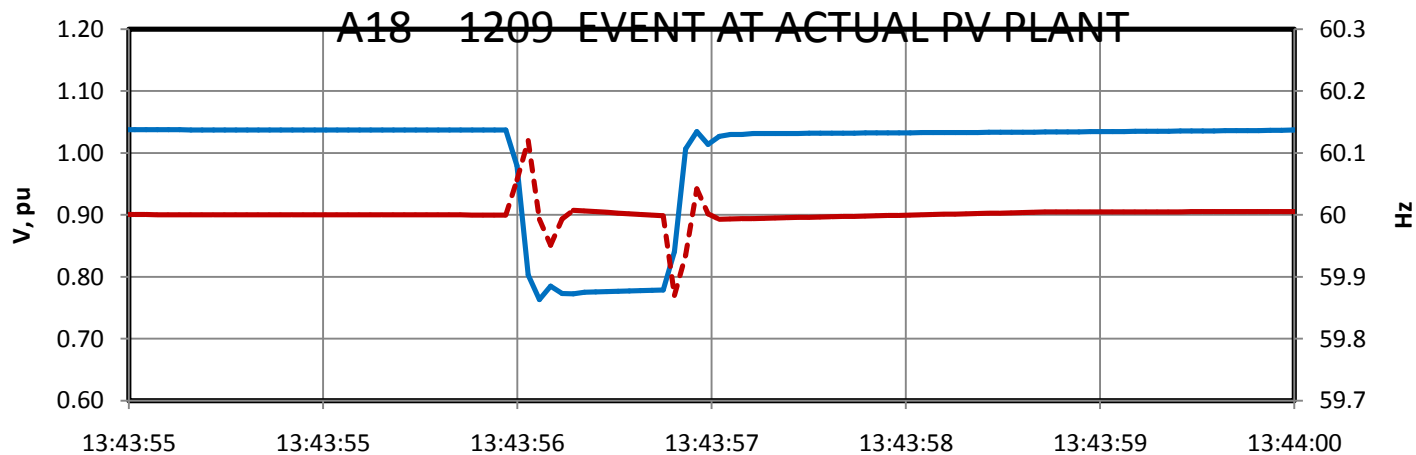


February 24, 2013 - 11:29:55.466667

February 24, 2013 - 11:59:48.966667

# PV Plant Monitoring with PMUs

- PMU data below (courtesy of SunPower) is useful for model validation.
- Typical SCADA data, even at 1-sec resolution, does not have sufficient detail
- Control function implementation will require next generation of “smart” inverters in addition to software upgrades to real time monitoring



# Technology Capabilities

Monitoring a PV Plant via State Estimation enables: (a) validation of data, and (b) extension of plant control.

In addition:

## PV Plant

- Model validation

- Identify string (module) deterioration

- Determine root cause of disturbances

## Utility

- Assist utility to support AC side voltage

- Provide PV plant model for control and studies

# What Do We Hope to Learn From PMU-Based Analysis

---

- Can PMU technology contribute to improved PV plant monitoring and control?
- What is added value of PV with PMU technology from the utility perspective (Ancillary Services)?
- Are monitoring and control technologies robust enough to be deployed remotely?
- Can the proposed PMU based State Estimation provide real time information for condition-based maintenance?



# American Capital Energy

---

- Founded in 2006 to design, develop and install PV power plants
- Cumulative installations of over 50 MW of commercial PV plants in >45 projects; over 70 MW currently under contract
- Engineering, Procurement, Construction (EPC) specialists for commercial rooftop, landfill, and brownfield utility-scale PV power plants