McIlvaine Hot Topic Hour:

Full-scale Plant Trials of Novinda's non-carbon Mercury Capture Reagent

August 1, 2013



Product Overview

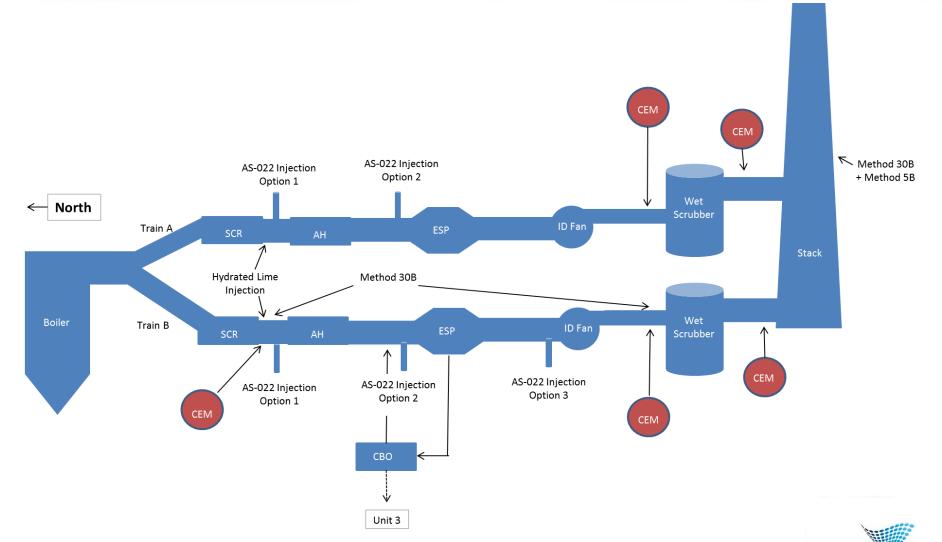
- Non-carbon, mineral based product
- Facilitates Chemical Reaction vs. Adsorption (PAC)
- Powerful Oxidizer
- Preserves Beneficial Use of Fly Ash and Gypsum
- > 90% Mercury Removal
- SO₃-Tolerant
- Non Flammable
- Pricing Equivalent to Brominated Carbon
- 20 Million lb/year production capacity now on-line
- Packaging Rail, Pneumatic Truck, Super Sacks



SCR / CS-ESP / Wet FGD



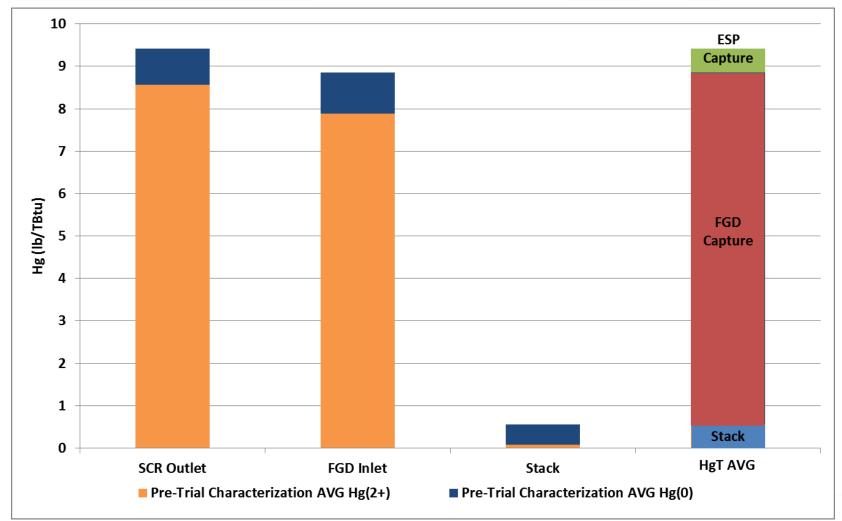
Plant Layout (SCR / CS-ESP / WS)



Novinda

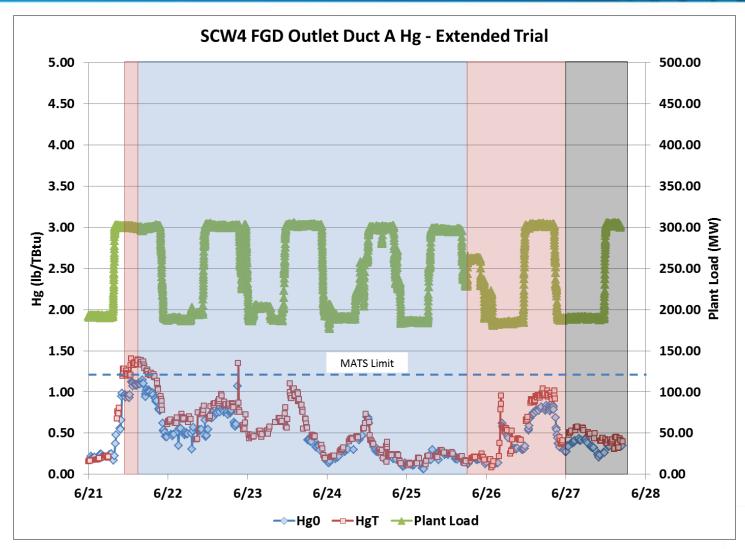


Pre-Trial Characterization: Hg Speciation





Typical CEMS Data – FGD Outlet





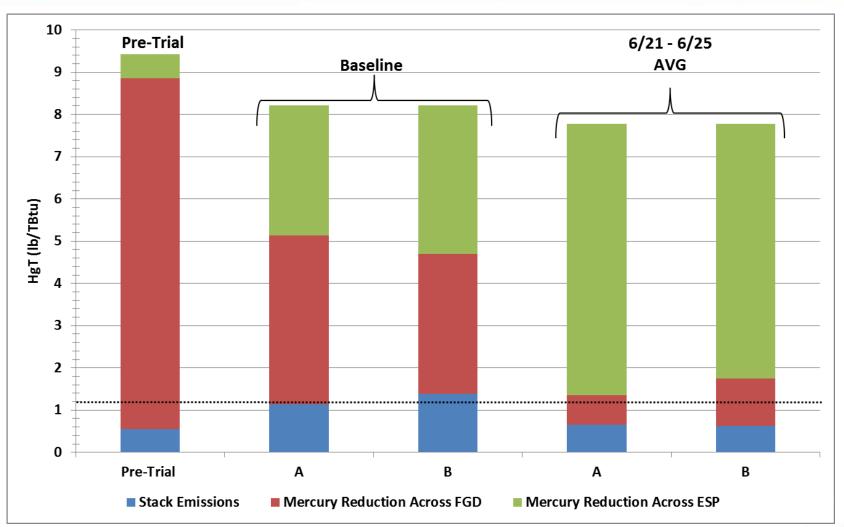
Extended Test Conditions

- 100 hrs continuous injection
 - o AS-022 @ 400 lb/hr
 - Hydrated Lime @ 500 lb/hr
- 31.5 hrs continuous injection
 - o AS-022 @ 220 lb/hr
 - Hydrated Lime @ 500 lb/hr
- 17 hrs continuous injection
 - AS-022 @ 220 lb/hr
 - Hydrated Lime off



100 Hr Continuous Injection Results

AS-022 @ 400 lb/hr + Lime @ 500 lb/hr





Continuous Injection Comparisons

| Case | SCR Outlet | ESP Removal | WFGD Removal | Stack Emission |
|---|------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Pre-Trial Characterization (Method 30B) | 9.42 | 0.56 | 8.31 | 0.55 |
| Baseline: No Injection | 8.21 | 3.30 | 3.66 | 1.26 |
| AS-022 @ 400 lb/hr Hydrated Lime @ 500 lb/hr | 8.70 | 7.13 | 1.08 | 0.49 |
| AS-022 @ 220 lb/hr Hydrated Lime @ 500 lb/hr | 8.99 | 6.75 | 1.29 | 0.95 |
| AS-022 @ 220 lb/hr Hydrated Lime Off | 9.04 | 5.79 | 2.51 | 0.74 |

Note: All Hg Concentrations in lb/TBtu

Green Indicates Hg level below MATS limit of 1.2 lb/TBtu



Summary

- Air Heater Inlet Injection Location proved most efficient in parametric testing.
- Lime provided performance enhancement.
- Configuration for extended trial
 - AS-022 Injection at Air Heater Inlet @ 400 lb/hr
 - Hydrated Lime @ 500 lb/hr
- MATS compliance for Hg capture satisfied during extended trial.
- Gypsum quality maintained during trial
- Majority of Hg capture moved from WFGD to ESP.
- Equilibrium in a WFGD requires several days to be established.

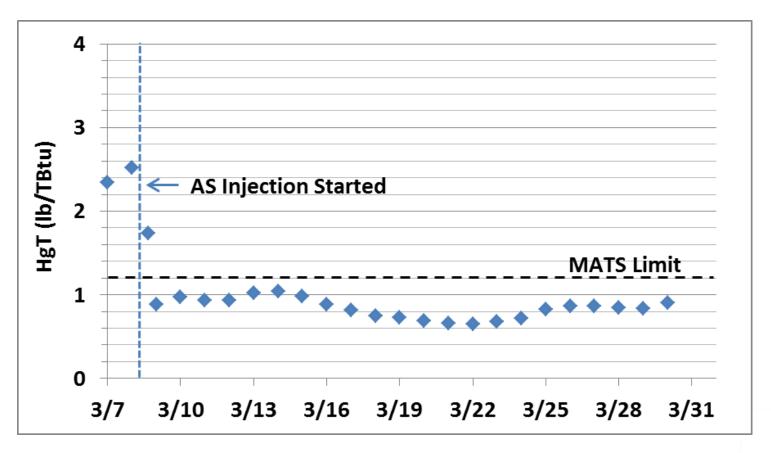


SDA / PJ-BH CDS / CS-ESP



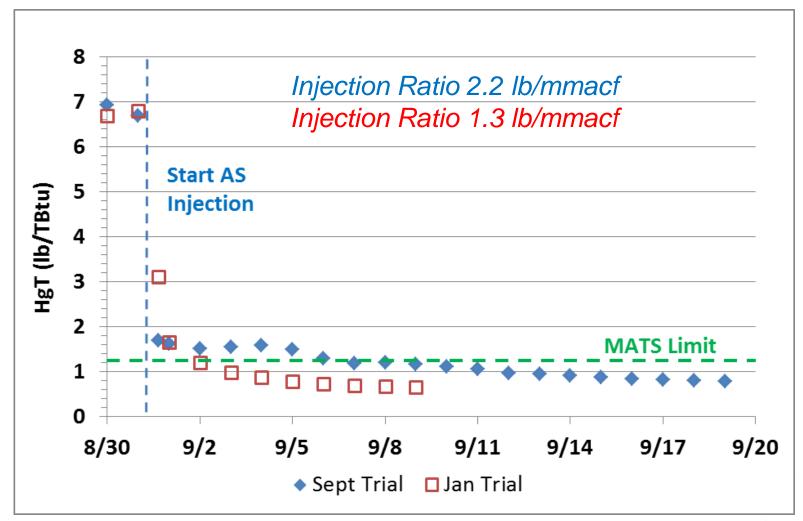
PRB 750MW: SCR / SDA / PJBH (AS-022)

Typical Operation: Daily Load Cycling Injection Ratio: 0.6 lb/mmacf (average)



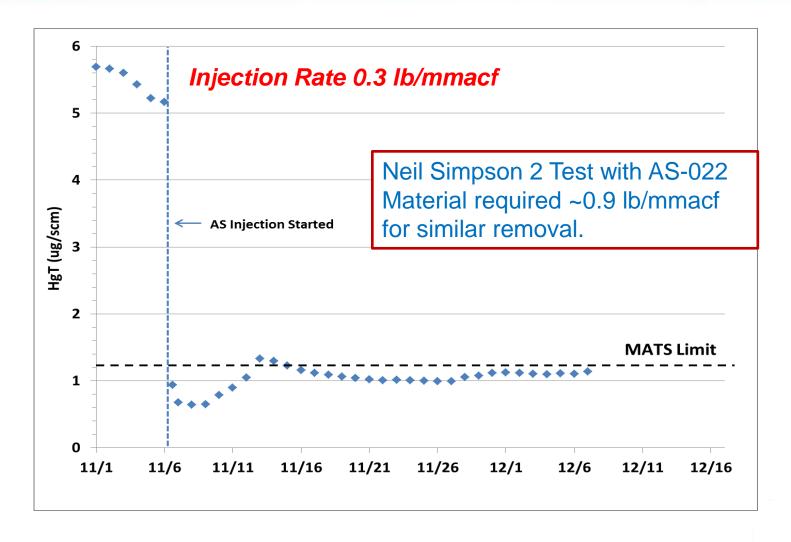


Wygen 2 Results- Cumulative Average





BHP Neil Simpson 2 Stack Hg CEM 30-day Cumulative Average with AS-HgX





Cost Analysis – Pulse Jet Unit with AS-HgX

| | Material Flow Rate | CaCl2 Injection Rate | Reduction | Cost |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| BrPAC with CaCl2 | 50 lbs/hr | 400 ppm | 83% | \$62.70/hr |
| BrPAC | 100 lbs/hr | 0 | 83% | \$75.00/hr |
| Amended Silicates | 30 lbs/hr | 0 | 90% | \$30.00/hr |

AS @ \$1.00/lb Brominated PAC @ \$0.75/lb CaCl₂ @ \$1.50/gallon Annual Savings Over: BrPAC + CaCl2 - \$286,452 (52%) BrPAC - \$394,200 (60%)



Advantages of AS-HgX

- Innovative, non-carbon mercury control technology
- Available now in commercial quantities for full-scale plant trials or long-term supply contracts
- SO₃ tolerant up to 20 ppm
- Compatible with continued sale of Fly Ash and Gypsum
- Non-flammable
- Powerful, stand-alone oxidizer
- Improves capture of high-resistivity fly ash in a CS-ESP
- Significantly reduced feed versus Brominated PAC in dry-scrubbed configurations
- Cost competitive with Brominated PAC
- Reduced carbon footprint versus PAC and/or Brominated PAC



Further Information:
www.novinda.com
s.terhune@novinda.com
303.859.6200
j.butz@novinda.com
303.913.3290

