

Acid Gas Removal with Trona

Focus on HCl Reduction

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Overview

- Natron_x overview
- Trona Chemistry
- Trials Scenarios
 - Boiler 1
 - HF and HCl mitigation
 - Boiler 2
 - APH inlet vs. outlet
 - Boiler 3
 - Milled vs. Unmilled trona
- Conclusion /Questions



Natron_x Overview

- Natron_x Technologies, LLC is a partnership created by
 - FMC Corporation
 - Church & Dwight Co., Inc.
 - Tata Chemicals
- The Scope of the Natron_x Technologies :
 - To develop, manufacture, market, sell and distribute sodium products for use in dry injection acid gas scrubbing processes



Trona Sorbent Reactions

Trona- (EnProve™ TR)

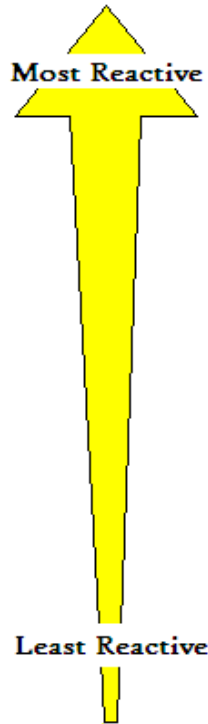
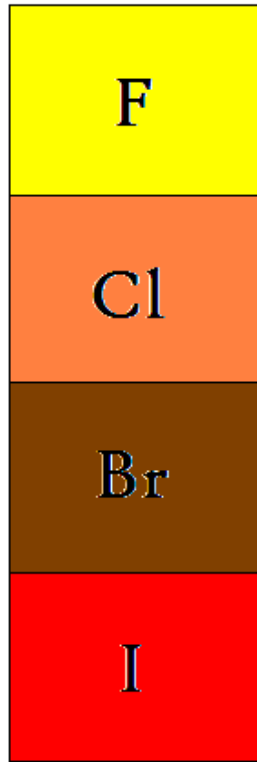


Stoichiometry

- 2.4 lbs of Trona neutralizes 1 lb of SO₂ (g)
- 2.1 lbs of Trona neutralizes 1 lb of HCl (g)
- 3.8 lbs of Trona neutralizes 1 lb of HF (g)



Reaction Order



- Reaction Speed from fastest to slowest



- Most reactive acid gas
- Acid base reaction
- Multi-step reaction

Trona Sorbent Reactions

$$NSR = \frac{\frac{lbs}{hr} Trona}{\left(\frac{mmBtu}{hr} heat_input \times \frac{lbs}{mmBtu} acid\ gas \right) \times \left(\frac{226 \frac{g}{mol} trona}{\frac{g}{mol} acidgas} \times \frac{mol\ Trona\ theoretically\ reacted}{mol\ acidgas\ theoretically\ reacted} \right)}$$

- NSR
 - An adjusted ratio of showing the actual usage over theoretical usage of the reaction compared to ideal conditions



Trial Success Factors

- Sorbent Particle Size
- Residence time to Particulate collector
- Temperature of injection point
- Particulate collection equipment
 - Baghouse or ESP
- Material Distribution
- Material Handling
 - Moisture
 - Pre-calcination

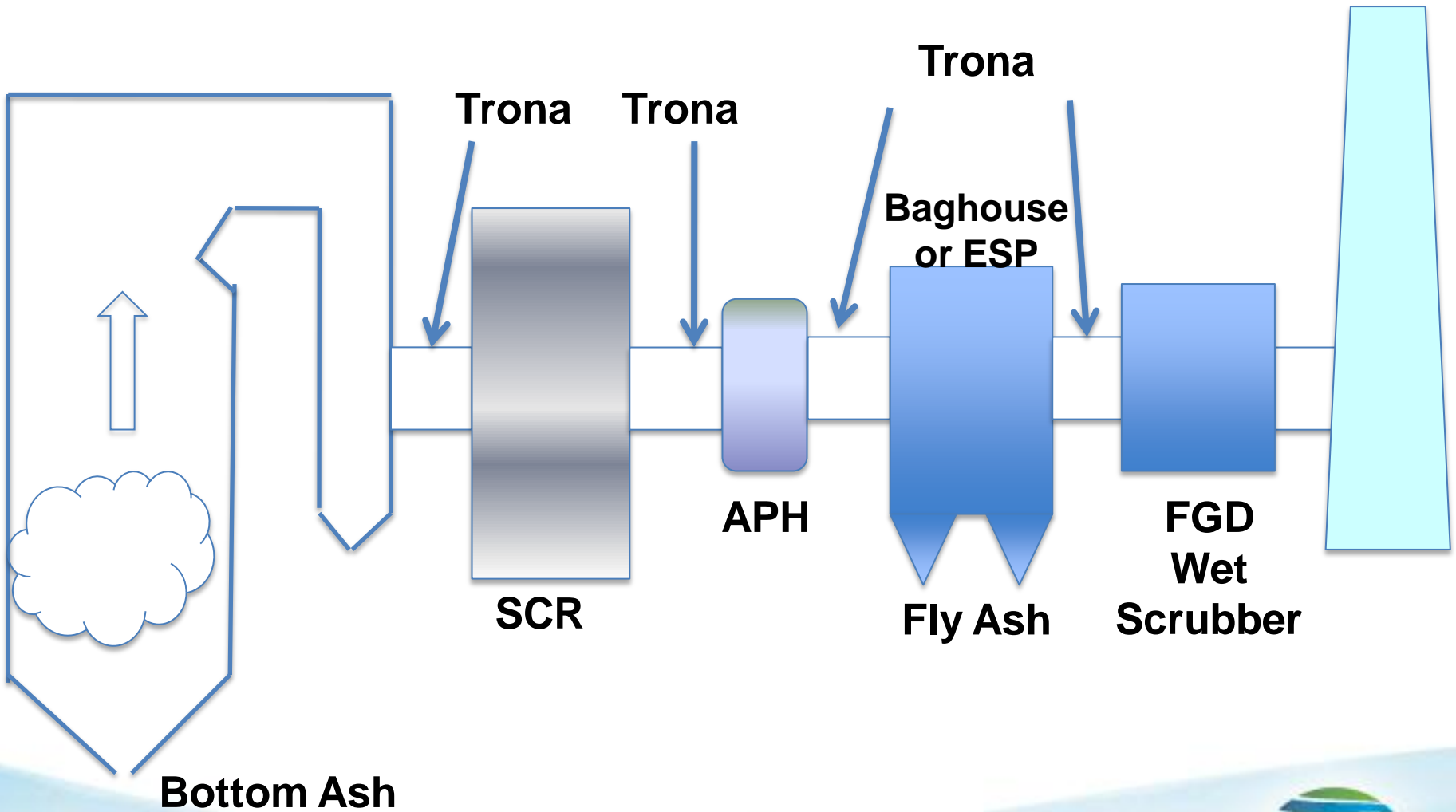


Trona Milling

- Particle Size unmilled trona: D50 ~30 microns
- Particle Size milled trona: D50 ~22 microns
- Post Mill Temperature: 105^o F



Sodium Alkali Typical Injection Locations

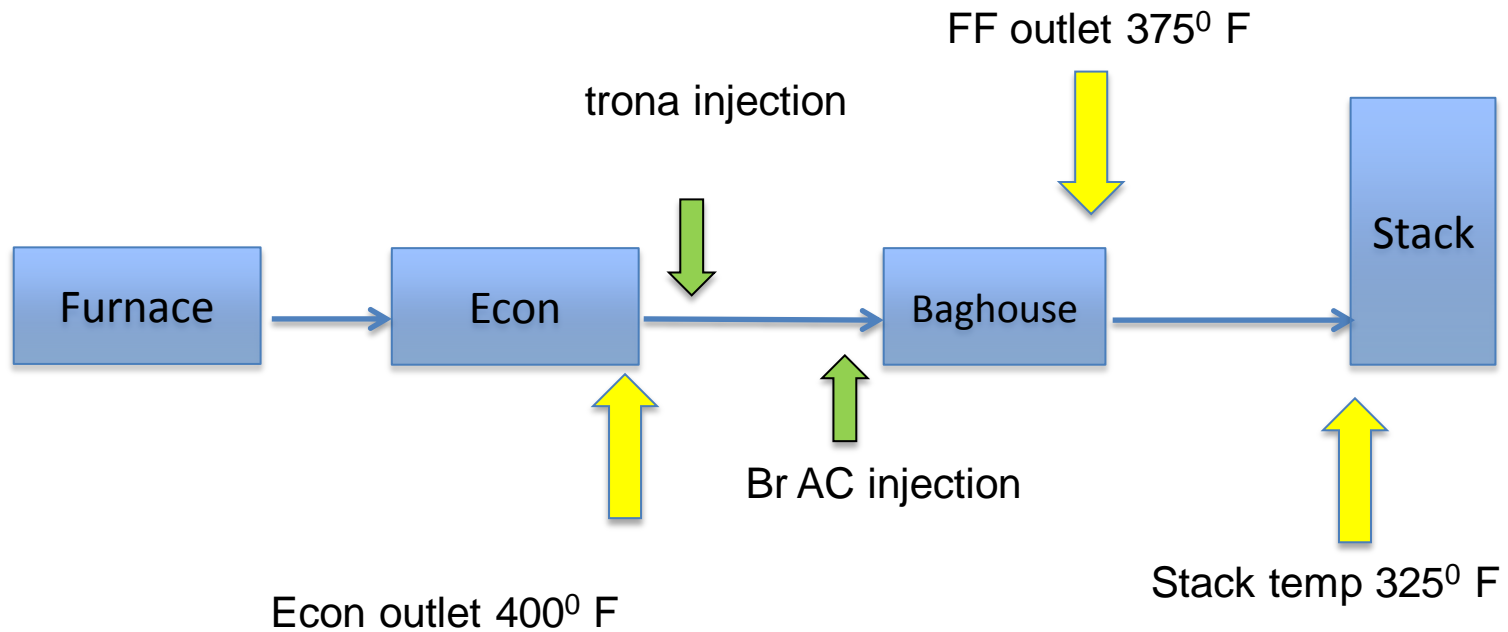


Industrial Boiler Trial - Plant 1

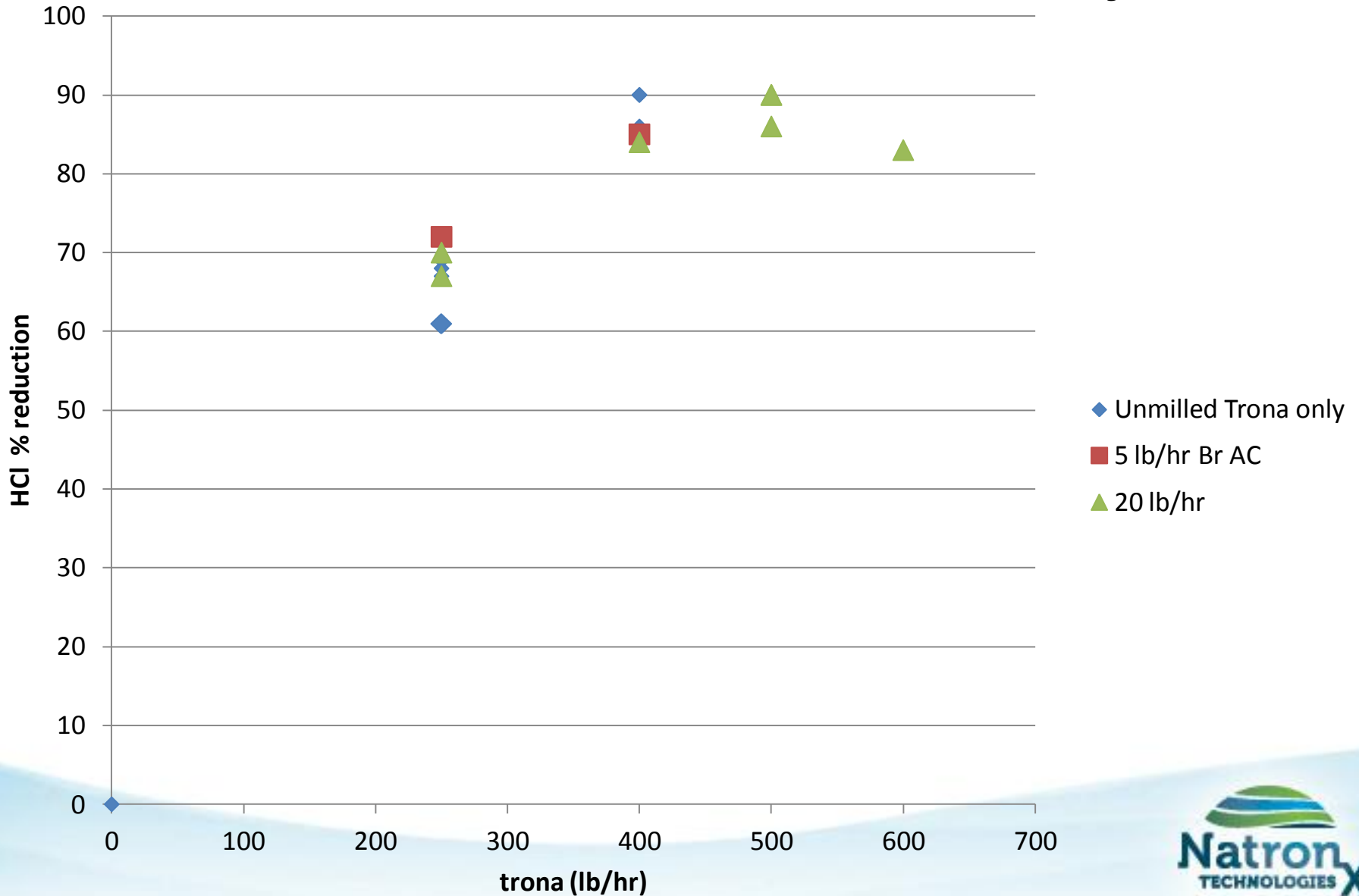
- Size: 70 MW
- Fuel: Bituminous Coal
- Baseline HCl: 50 ppm
- Baseline SO₂: 500 ppm
- Particulate Collector: baghouse
- Injection points
 - Upstream of baghouse: 370-390° F
- Reduction Goal: 80% removal of HCl



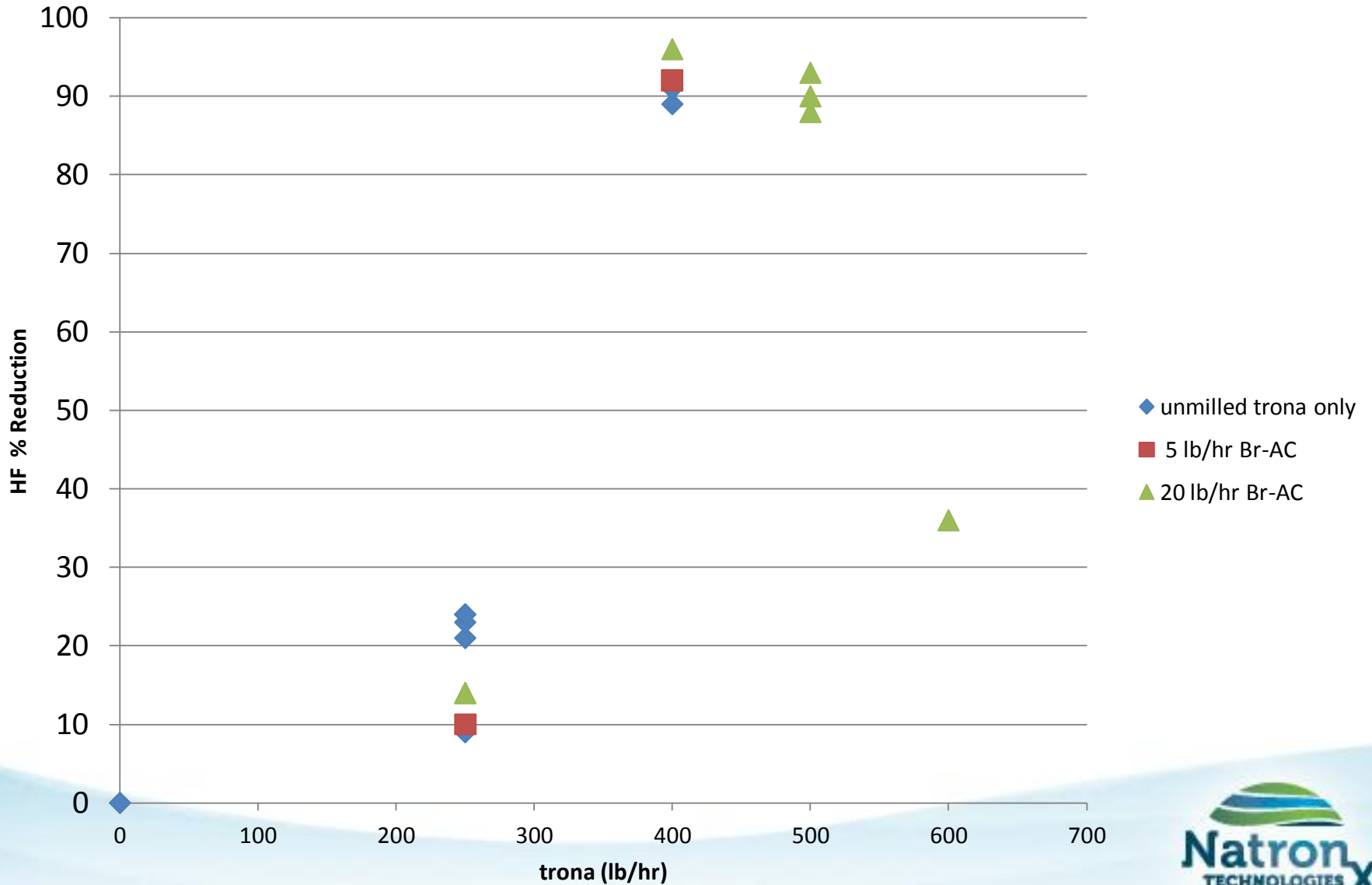
Industrial Boiler Trial - Plant 1



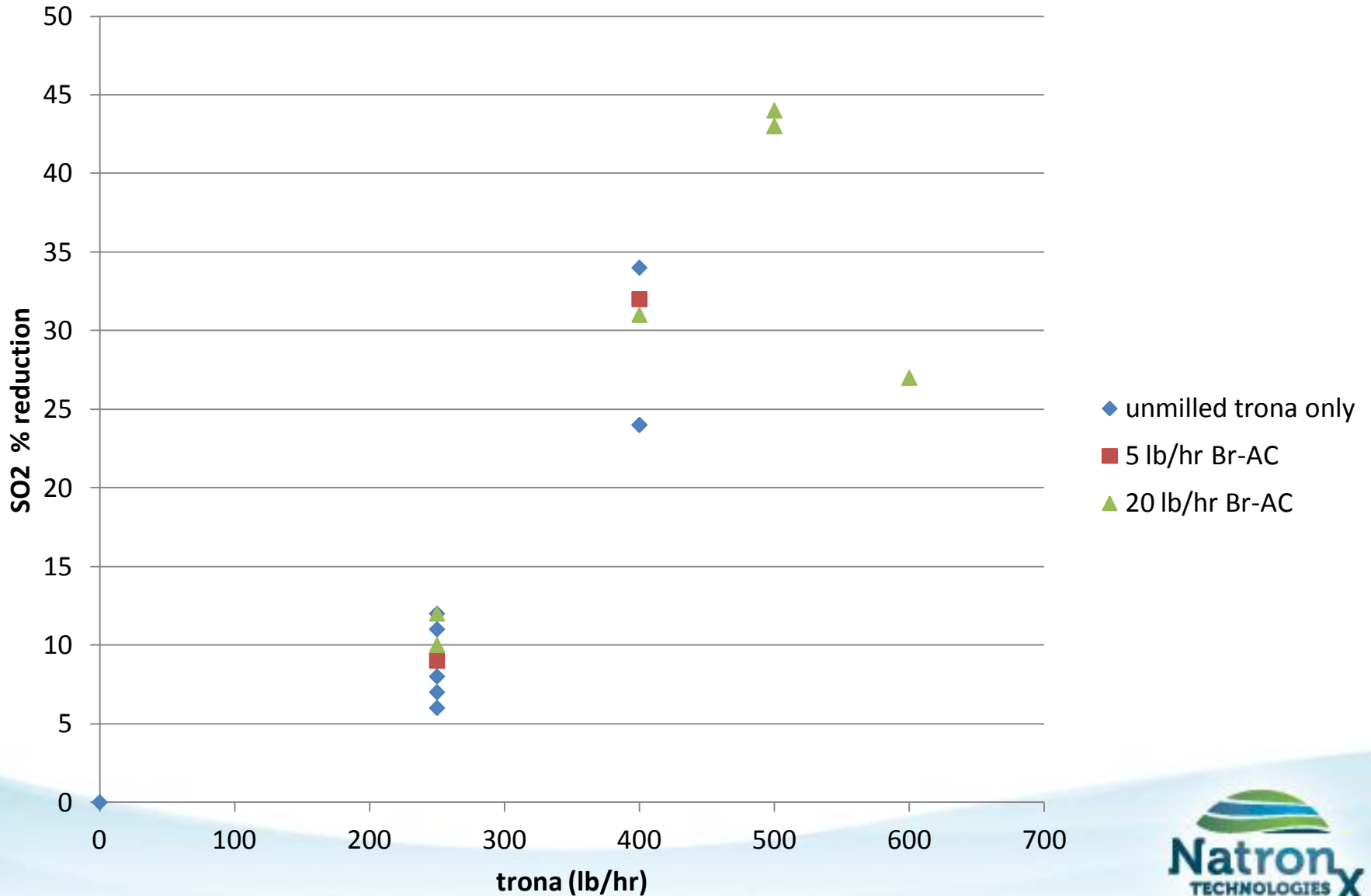
HCl reduction with Trona and Br-AC injection



HF reduction with Trona and Br-AC injection



SO₂ reduction with Trona and Br-AC injection



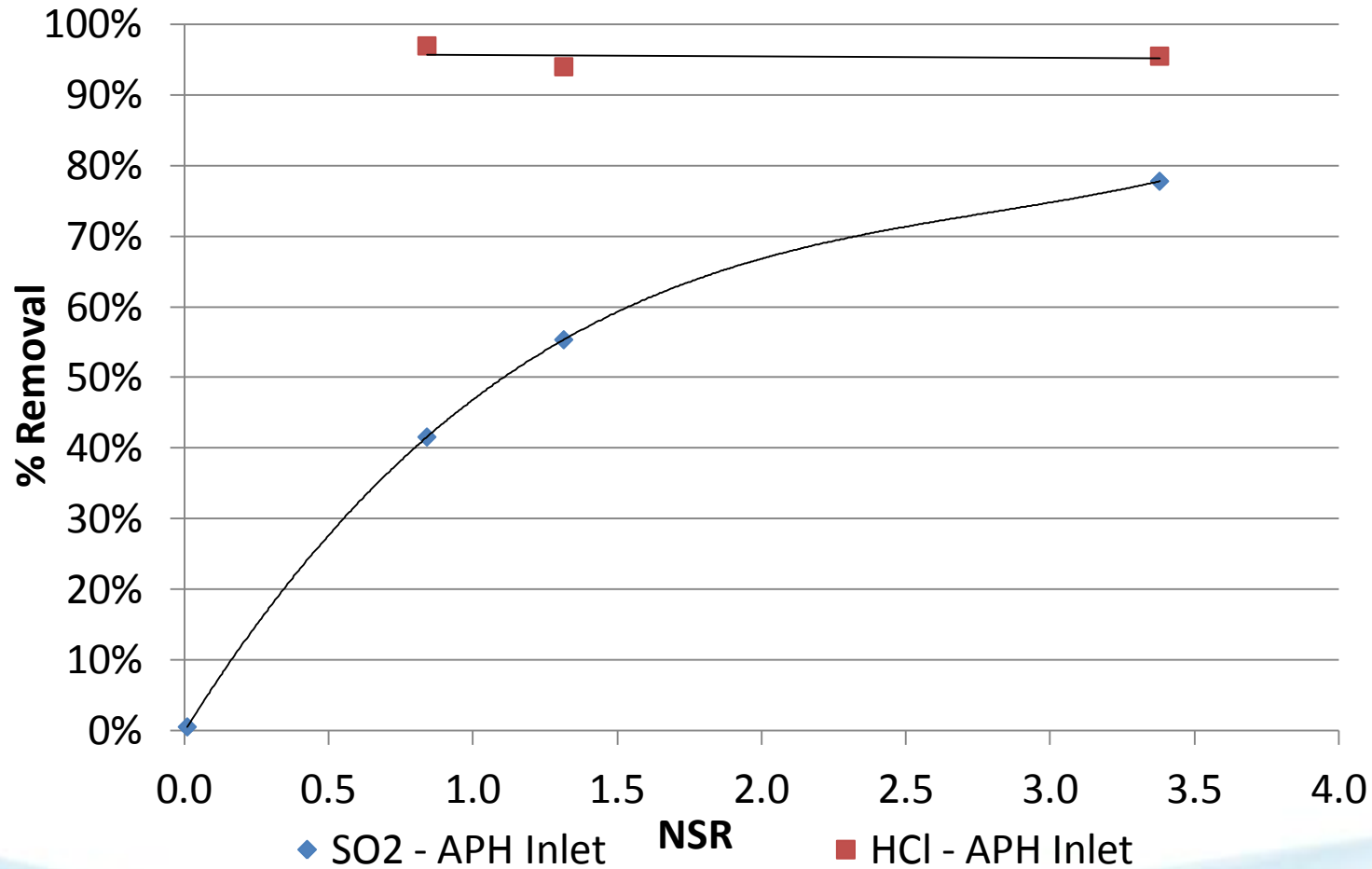
Plant 2 - Utility Boiler Trial

- Size: 240 MW
- Fuel : PRB
- Baseline HCl: 0.001 lb/mmBtu
- Baseline SO₂: 0.46 lb/mmBtu
- Particulate Collector: Cold-ESP
- Injection points
 - APH inlet : 750° F
 - APH outlet: 300° F
- Goal: MATS Compliance



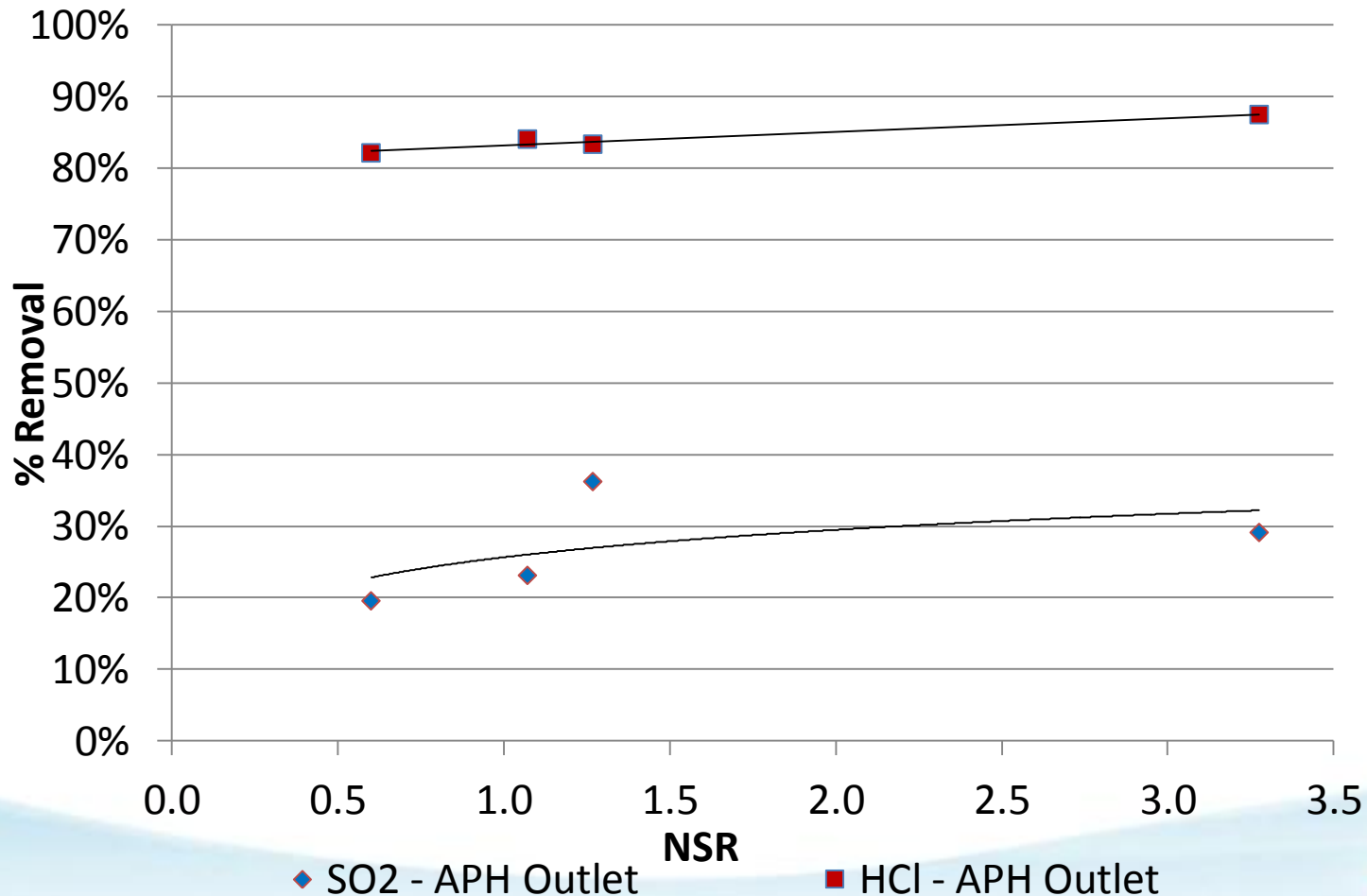
HCl & SO₂ Removal Results

Milled Trona Injected at APH Inlet



HCl & SO₂ Removal Results

Milled Trona Injected at APH Outlet

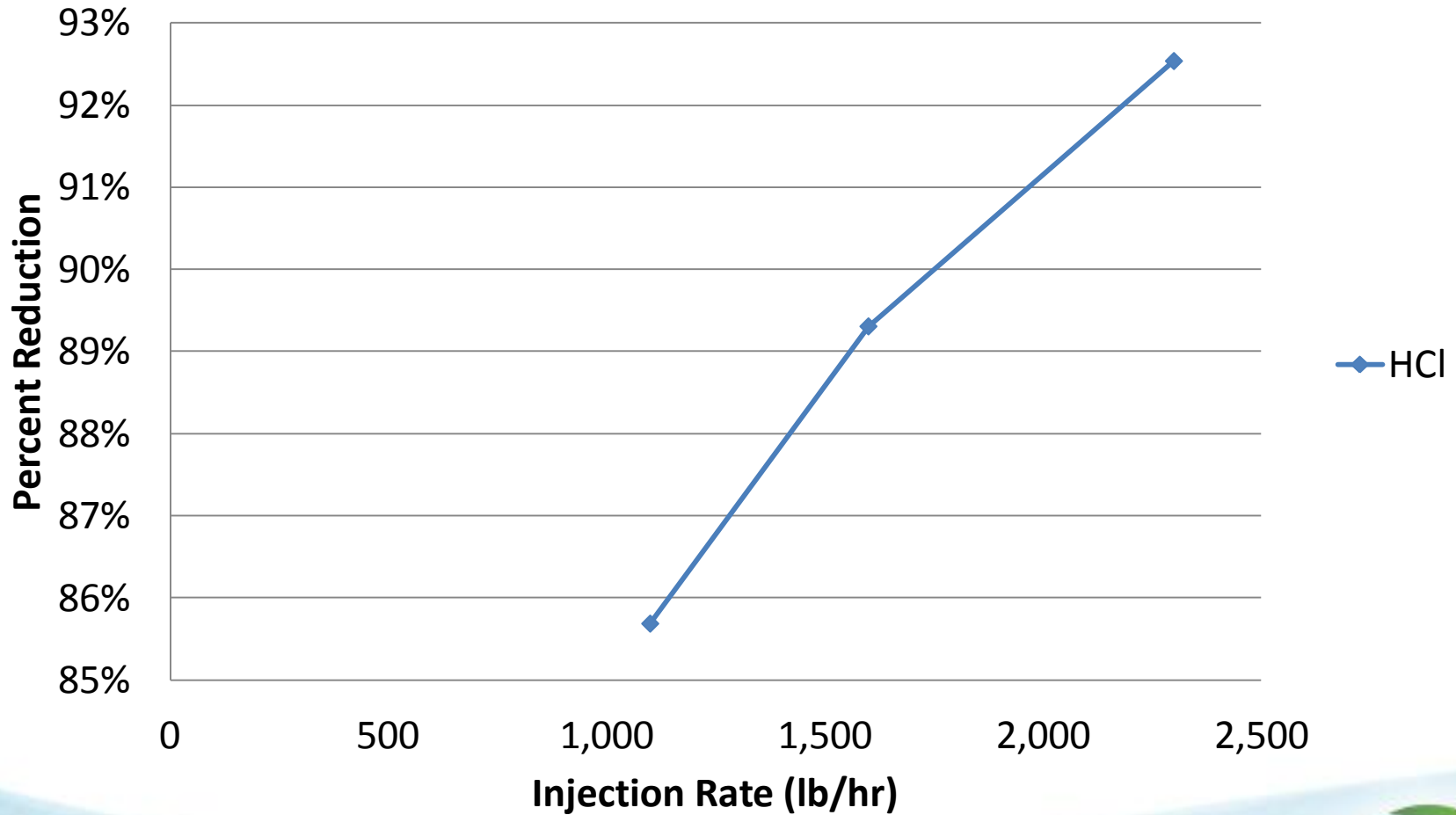


Plant 3 - Utility Boiler Trial

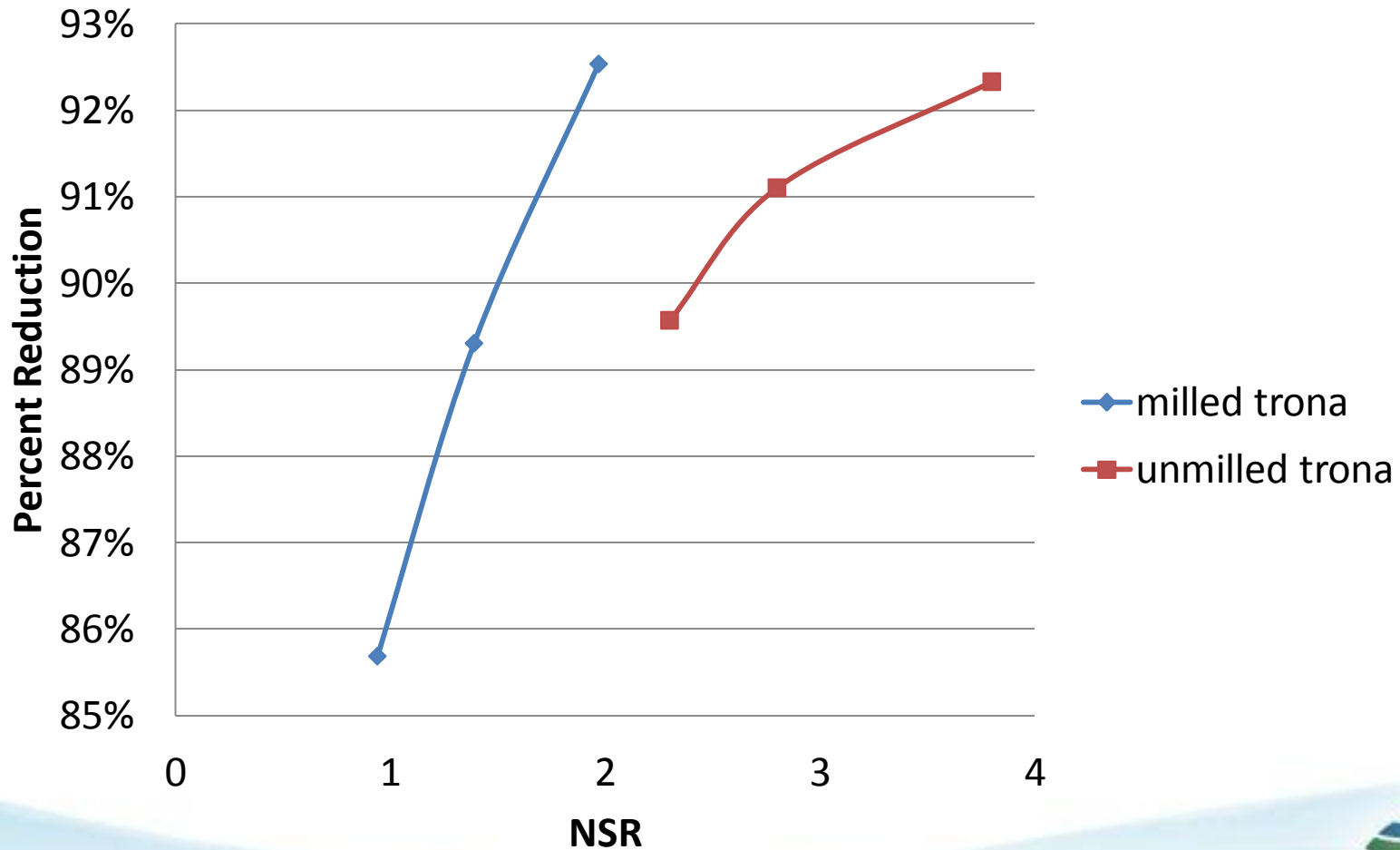
- Size: 90 MW
- Coal Type: PRB
- Baseline SO₂: 0.53 lb/mmBtu
- Baseline HCl: 0.005 lb/mmBtu
- Injection point: APH inlet
- Injection temperature: 735° F
- Particulate Collector: ESP



Milled Trona HCl Reduction



Milled vs. Unmilled Trona for HCl reduction



Conclusions

- Dry Sorbent Injection with Trona is an effective solution for industrial and utility boiler emission control strategy.
- Trona has the ability to reduce HCl and HF by 90% or greater
- Temperature does effect the sorbent utilization efficiency
- Milling Trona will reduce the amount of sorbent required to achieve removal targets



Questions

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