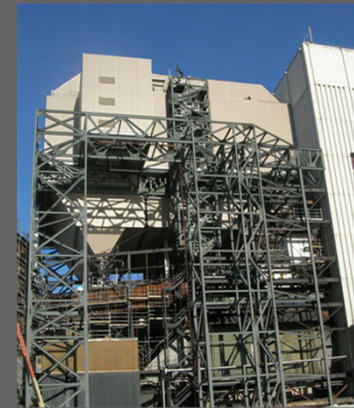


SCR/CO/VOC CONTROL FOR THE MCILVAINE COMPANY

A short overview of Emission Control Systems for Gas Turbines

Bob McGinty, Sr. Manager, Business Development

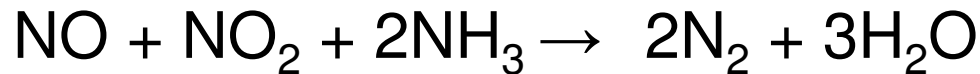


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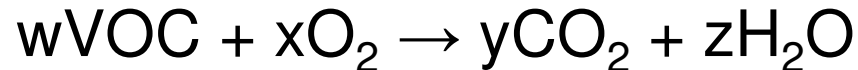
PRINCIPLE OF SCR REACTION

(DENITRIFICATION PROCESS)

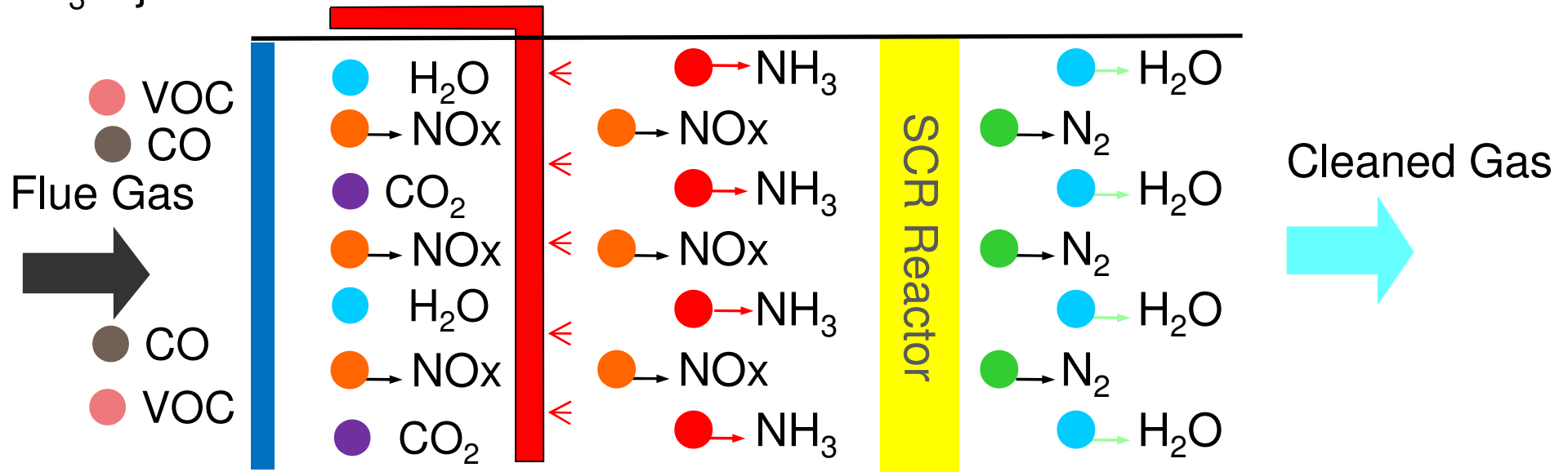
Catalyst



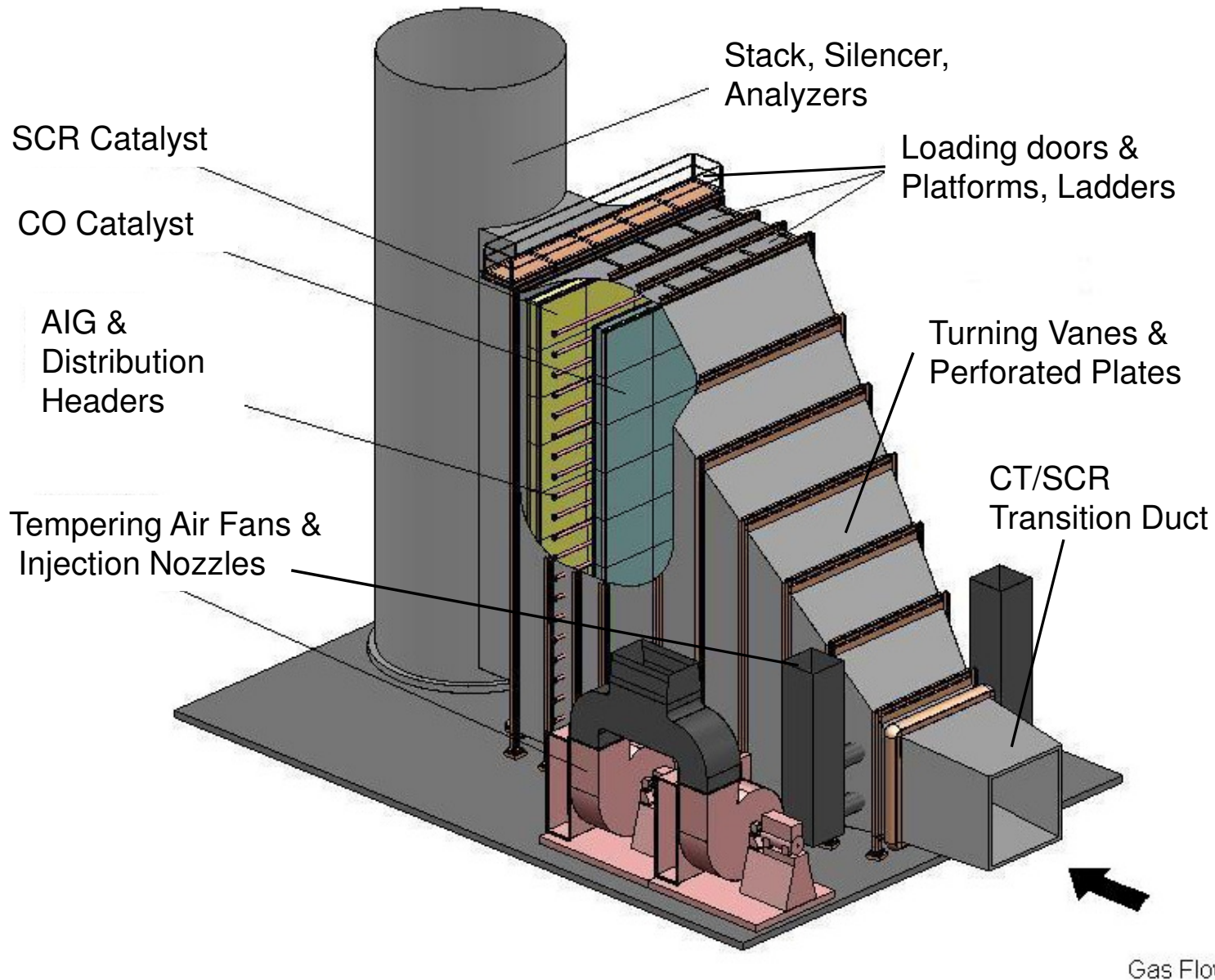
Catalyst



NH₃ Injection Nozzles



SCR FOR SIMPLE CYCLE GT (TYPICAL SCOPE)



Add'l Scope

- AFCU
- PLC
- Tech Advisor
- Training

Options

- Ammonia Tank
- Pump Skid

Guarantee

- NO_x; CO; VOC
- Utility
- dP
- Noise
- Catalyst Life

SCR SYSTEM DESIGN

Design Considerations:

- Seismic and Wind Loads
- **Thermal Growth**
- **Catalyst Support & Sealing**
- Accessibility (Internal and external components)
- **Thermal Insulation & Liner System**
- Prefabrication – Modular - Panel - Semi Modular
- **Constructability – TIME & MONEY**
- Operation & Maintenance

PLANT A (MODULAR CONSTRUCTION)



PLANT B (PANEL CONSTRUCTION)



PLANT C (SEMI-MODULAR CONSTRUCTION)

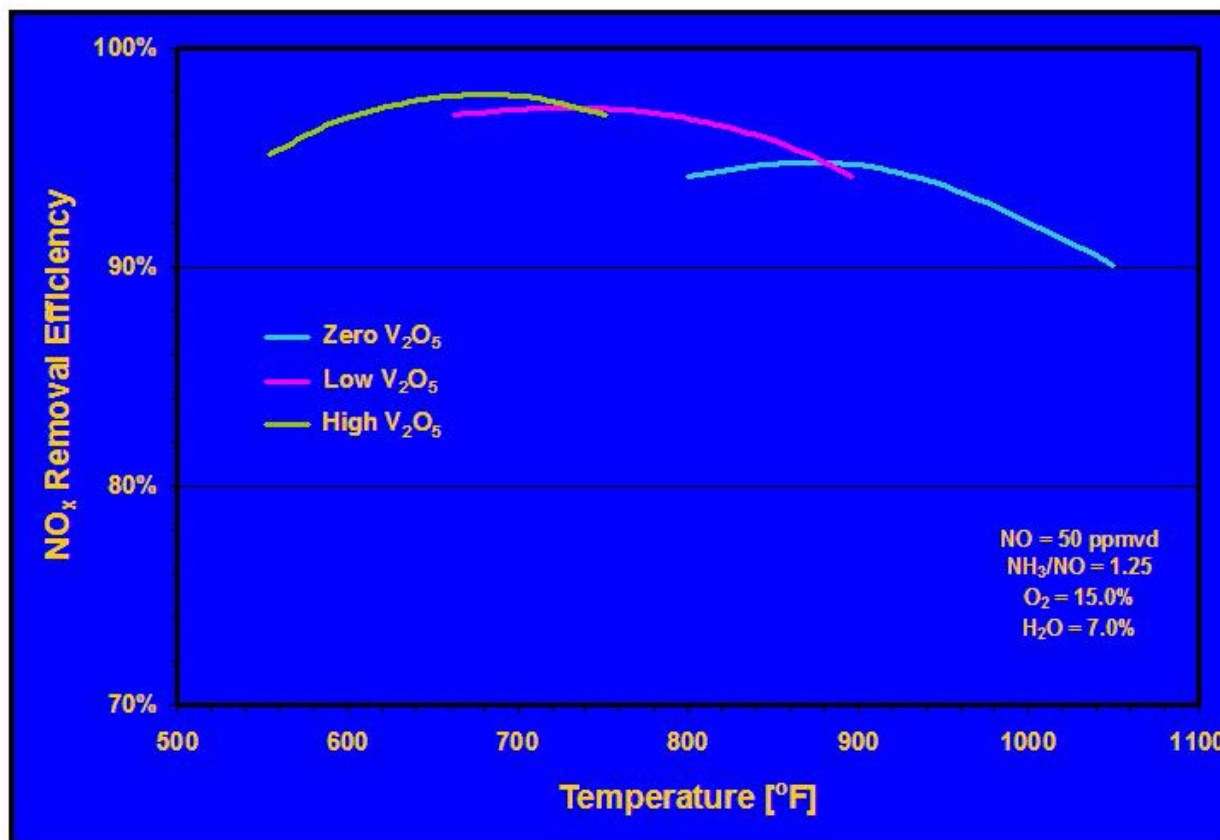


KEY CONSIDERATIONS FOR GAS TURBINES SCR

Service life – Hours & Years (customer requirement)	Ammonia slip
Exhaust gas temperature	Catalyst temperature
Turbine exhaust NO _x , CO, VOC levels	Reactor duct configuration
Required NO _x CO, VOC removal & stack exit	Flue gas flow/temperature distribution
Pressure loss allowance	SO ₂ to SO ₃ Conversion
Volumetric flow rate	NH ₃ /NO _x distribution

CATALYST SELECTION: TEMPERATURE

Large operating temperature range (350 - 1100°F)

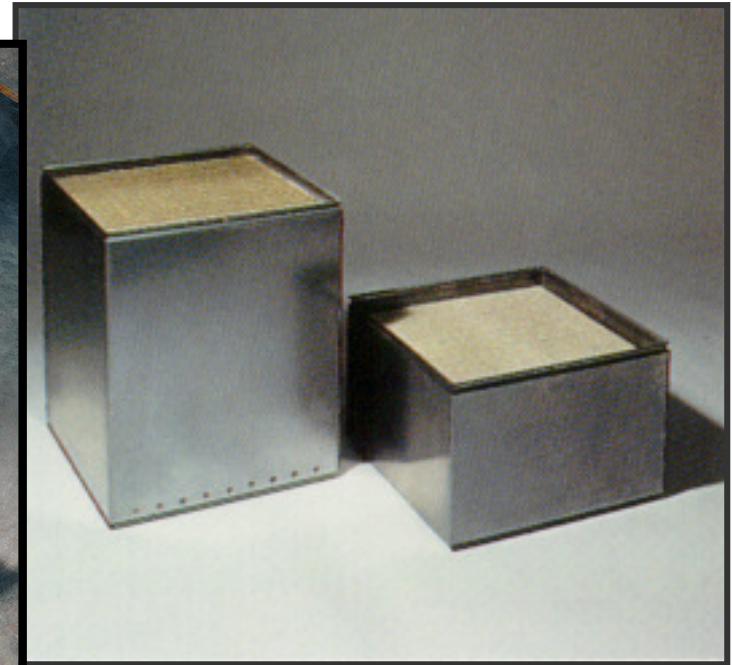


- High temp catalyst:
450F ~ **1,100F**
- Medium temp catalyst:
450F ~ **900F**
- Medium-low temp catalyst:
450F ~ **850F**
- **Standard catalyst:**
450F ~ **800F**

At higher temperature,
reduce V:W ratio for

- Stronger NH₃ adsorption
- Lower NH₃ decomp rate
- Higher DeNO_x rate
- Lower sintering rate

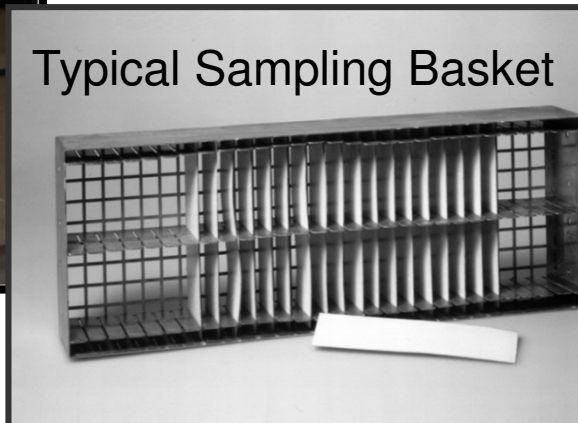
CATALYST MODULES & TEST COUPONS/BLOCKS



Typical Sampling Coupon

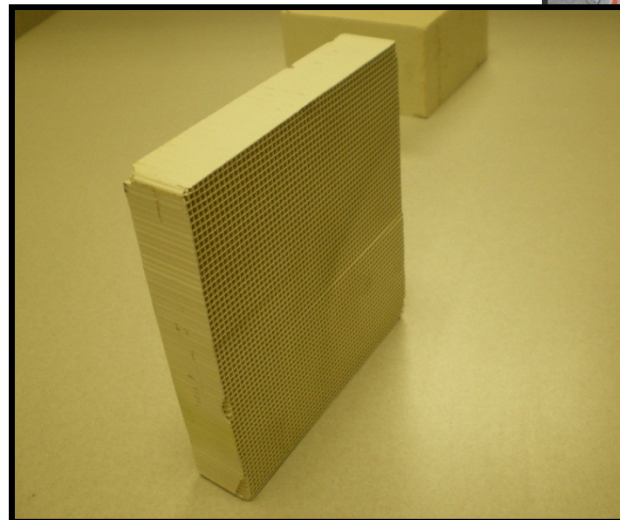
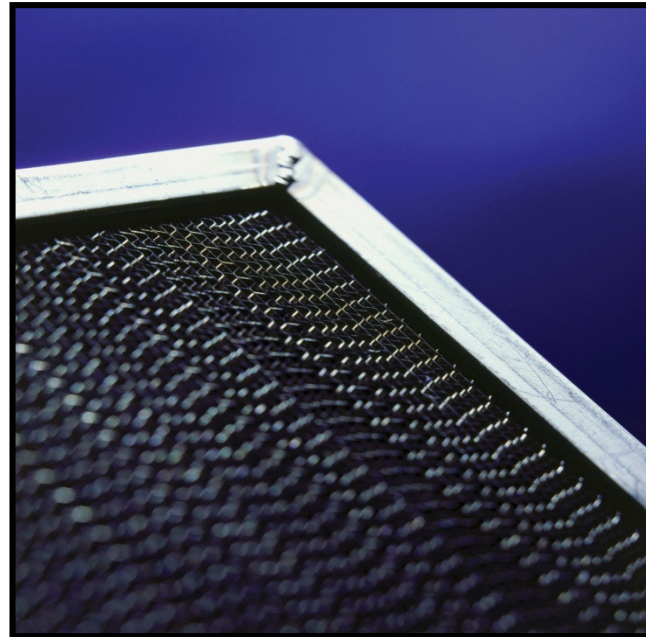


Typical Sampling Basket



CO & VOC CATALYST

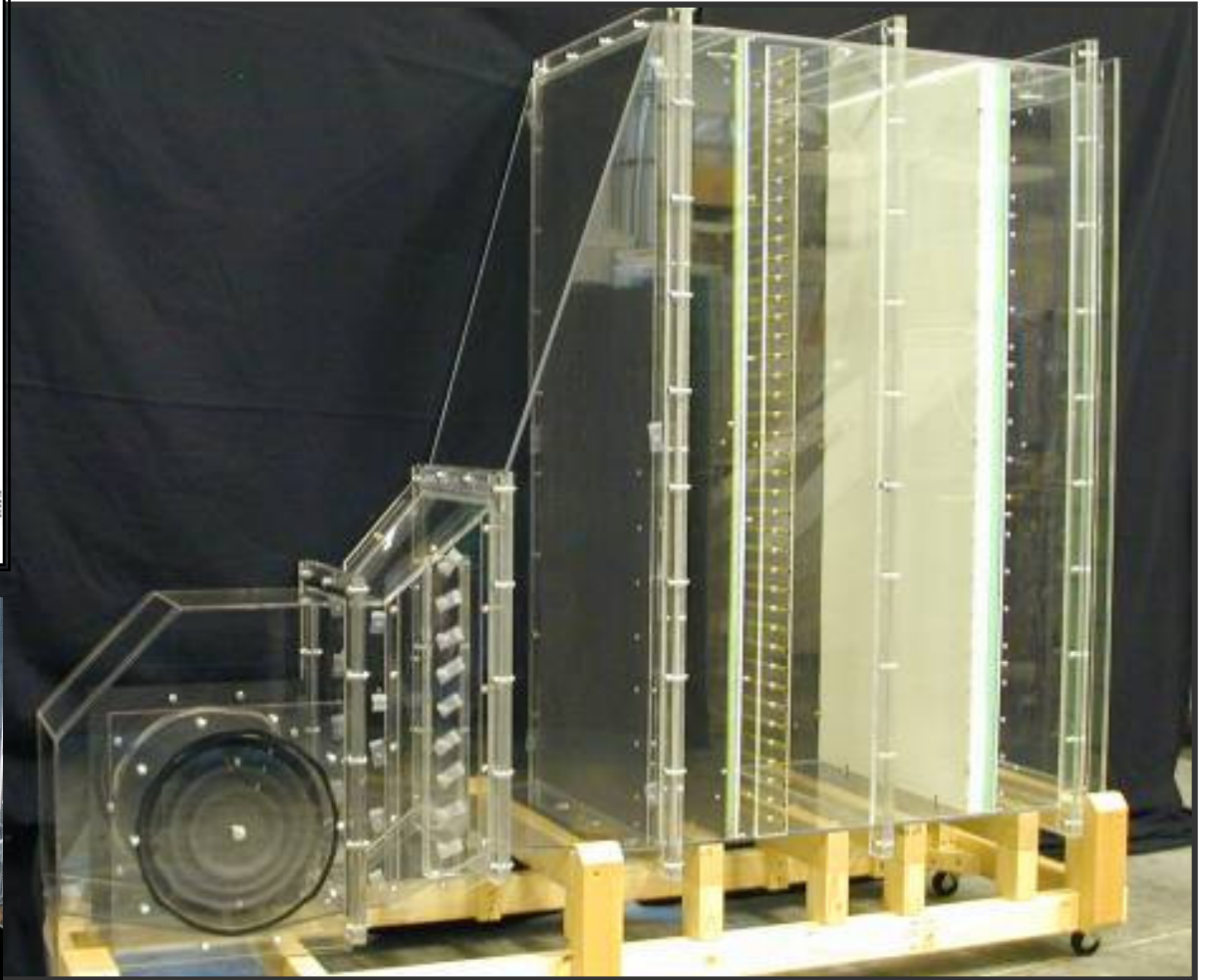
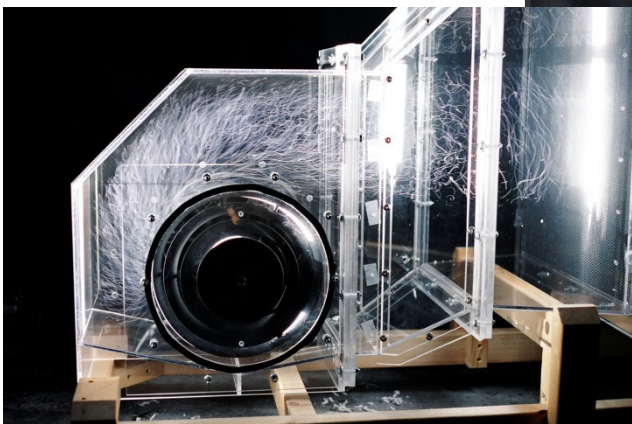
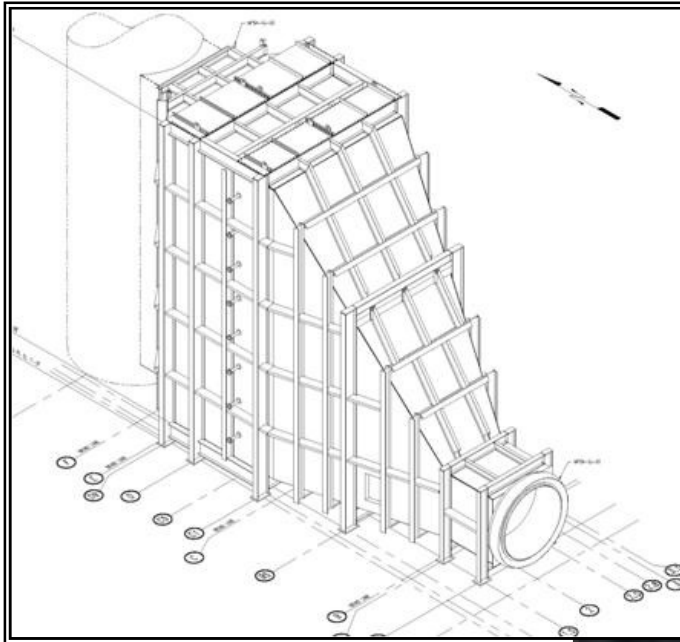
- Platinum or other PGM promotes CO to CO₂ oxidation.
- Brazed joint corrugated metallic foils, stacked corrugated foil or ceramic cells to provide high surface area per cu.ft. of catalyst
- Oxidation occurs on “surface” of catalyst.
- Pressure drop is directly dependent on catalyst depth and compactness



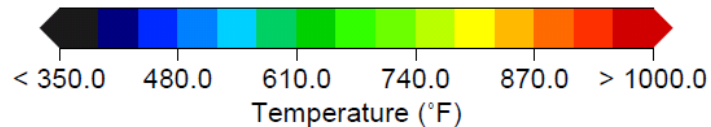
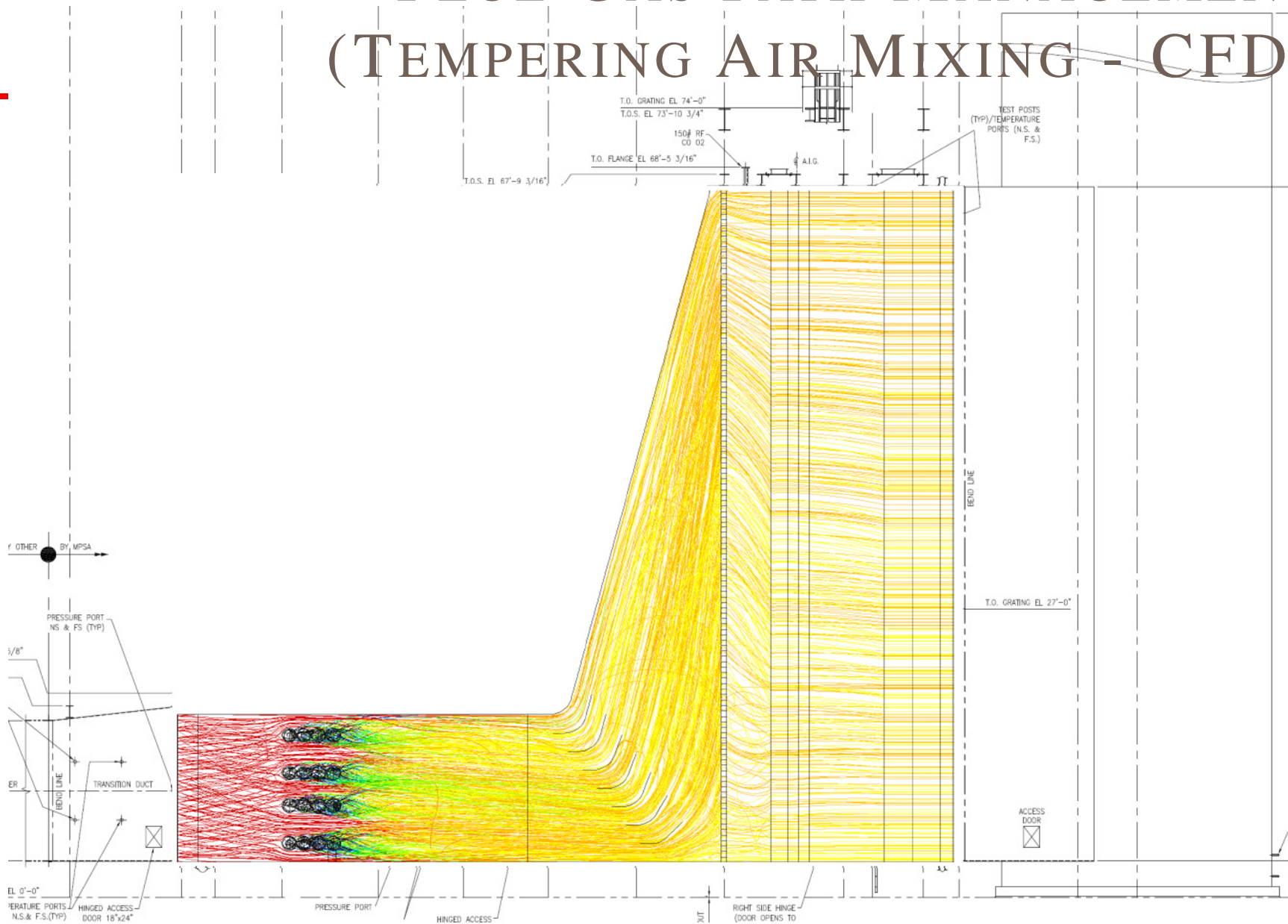
CATALYST POISONING & DEGRADATION MECHANISM

<u>Degradation Source</u>	<u>Mechanism</u>
High Temperature > 930F	Decreases available surface area by thermal sintering of ceramic material
Fine particulate	Reduces available surface area by masking surface and preventing diffusion into pre structure
Ammonia-sulfur compounds	Plugs pores and prevents diffusion
Alkaline metals, Na, K	Ion exchange with active sites
Alkaline earth metals, Ca, Mg	Typically in form of sulfates, bond with acid sites reducing the ability of catalyst to absorb NH ₃ I.e. formation of CaSO ₄
Halogen	May react with and volatilize active metal sites
Arsenic	Gaseous arsenic diffuses into catalyst and covers active sites, preventing further reaction
V, Pt, Cr and Family	Deposit onto catalyst, increasing NH ₃ to NO and/or SO ₂ to SO ₃

FLUE GAS PATH MANAGEMENT (NH₃ MIXING - COLD FLOW MODEL)



FLUE GAS PATH MANAGEMENT (TEMPERING AIR MIXING - CFD)



Simple Cycle CFD Model

SCR FOR SIMPLE CYCLE GT NRG MARSH LANDING



Project Features

- Frame SCGT x 4 units
- Max operating temp: ~1150F
- Tempering Air
- Outlet NOx: 2.5 ppmvd
- Completed April 2013

SUMMARY

- MPSA has established SCR design considerations for gas turbine fired applications and can ensure long-term and continuous system operation on gas or liquid fuels.
- Mitsubishi has supplied SCR systems for combined cycle and simple cycle gas turbines globally, and is a “Proven” technology provider with over 600 SCR systems worldwide.
- MPSA has a team of qualified experts in Newport Beach and Lake Mary Office with access to more experts at MHI Nagasaki and MHI R&D. We can offer support with feasibility studies, with project execution, and with long term maintenance of your valuable investment.