

Dry Injection of Trona and Sodium Bicarbonate for Multi-Emissions Control

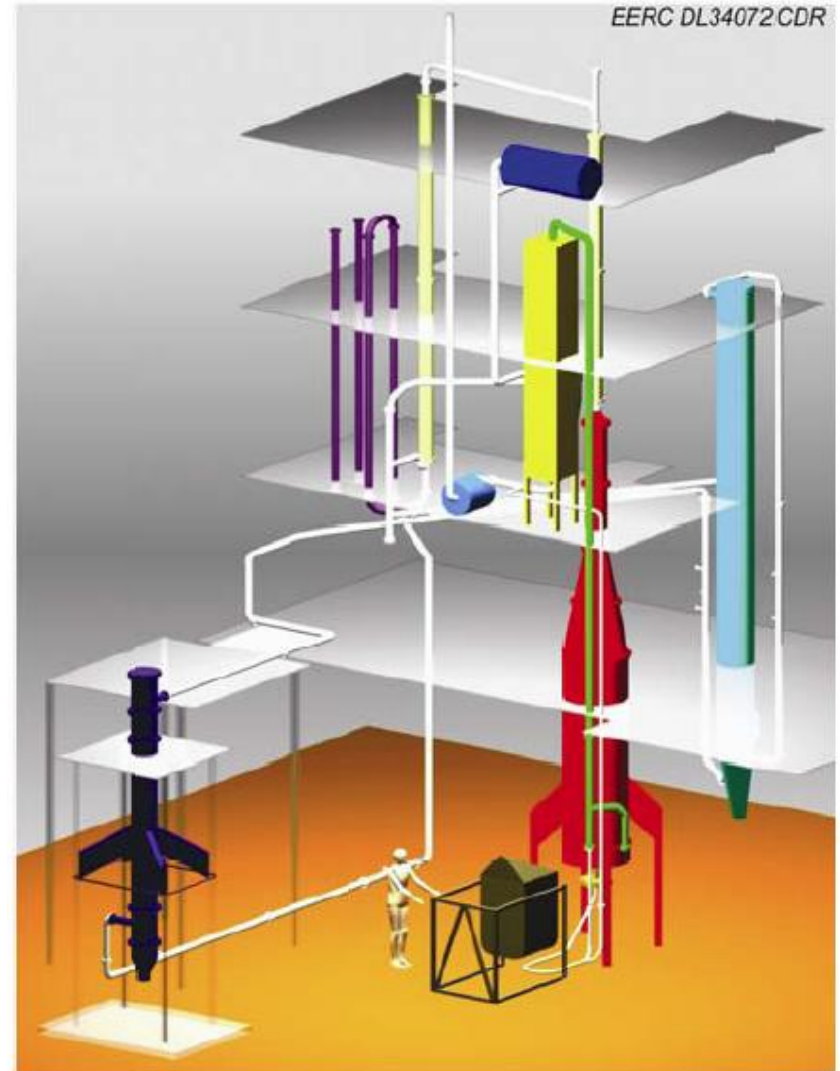
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**McIlvaine Company Hot Topic Hour on
“Multi-Emissions Control”
October 27, 2011**



Test at EERC, University of North Dakota

- ◆ A pilot plant
- ◆ Central Appalachian Coal (CAPP)
- ◆ Two PM control devices
 - ESP
 - Bag house
- ◆ Four sodium sorbents and one hydrated lime
- ◆ Flue gas duct diameter: 6". The small duct size results in almost perfect mixing between sorbent and flue gas, and consequently much better HCl and SO₂ mitigation performance than with utility boilers.



CAPP Coal Analyses

Proximate Analysis, as Received,%	Sample I	Sample II
Moisture	2.79	2.64
Volatile Matter	33.76	33.24
Fixed Carbon	52.16	52.26
Ash	11.29	11.85
Ultimate Analysis, as Received,%)		
Hydrogen	5.04	5.05
Carbon	71.63	72.63
Nitrogen	1.22	1.22
Sulfur	0.78	0.78
Oxygen (Ind)	10.05	8.48
Ash	11.28	11.85
Heat value (BTU/LB)	11496	
Chlorine, µg/g	954-970	

Sorbents

◆ Trona (S200)

- d_{50} : 30 μm

◆ Milled Trona (S250)

- d_{50} : 15 μm

◆ Milled Sodium Bicarbonate (S350)

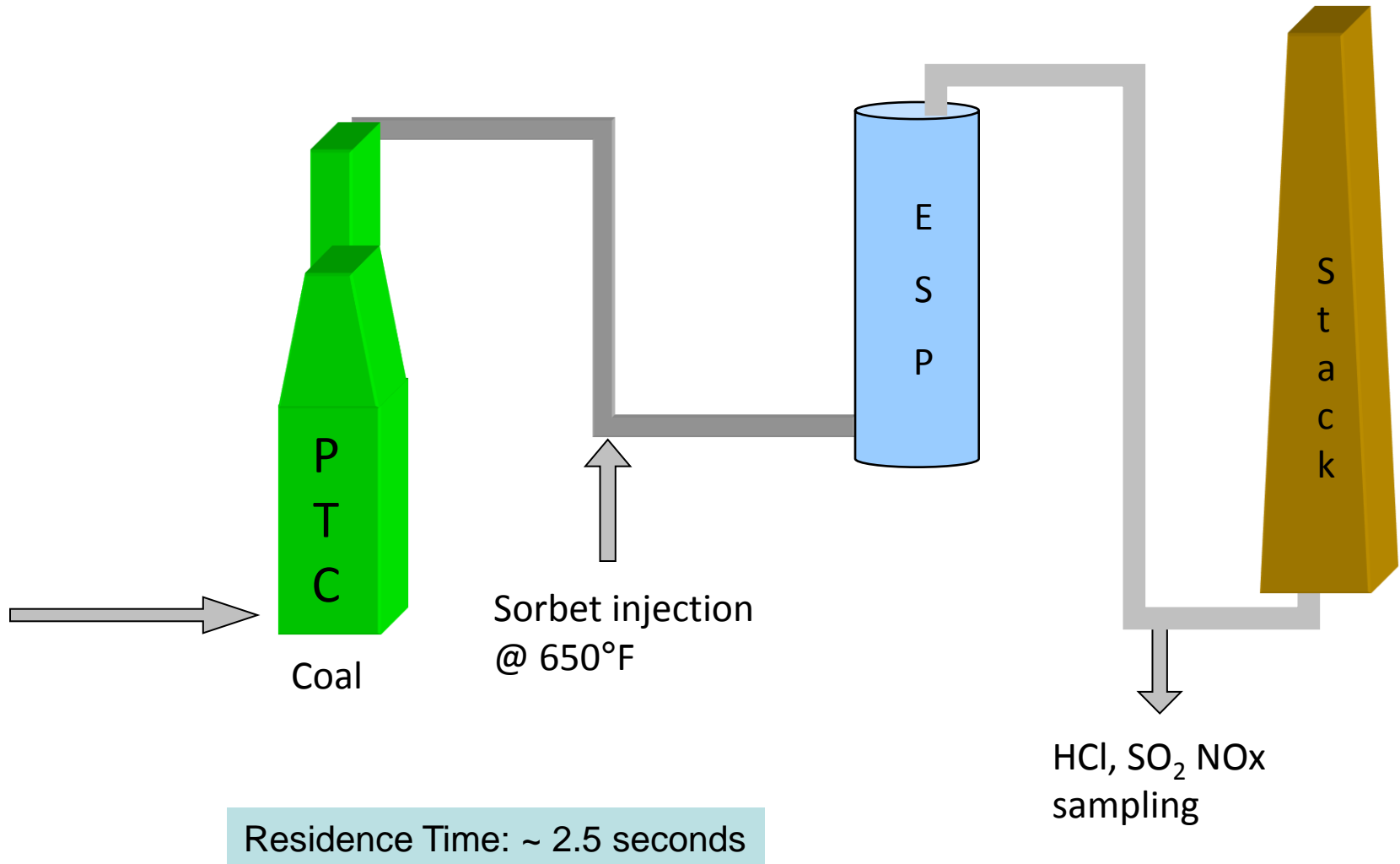
- d_{90} : 40 μm

◆ Finely Milled Sodium Bicarbonate (S450)

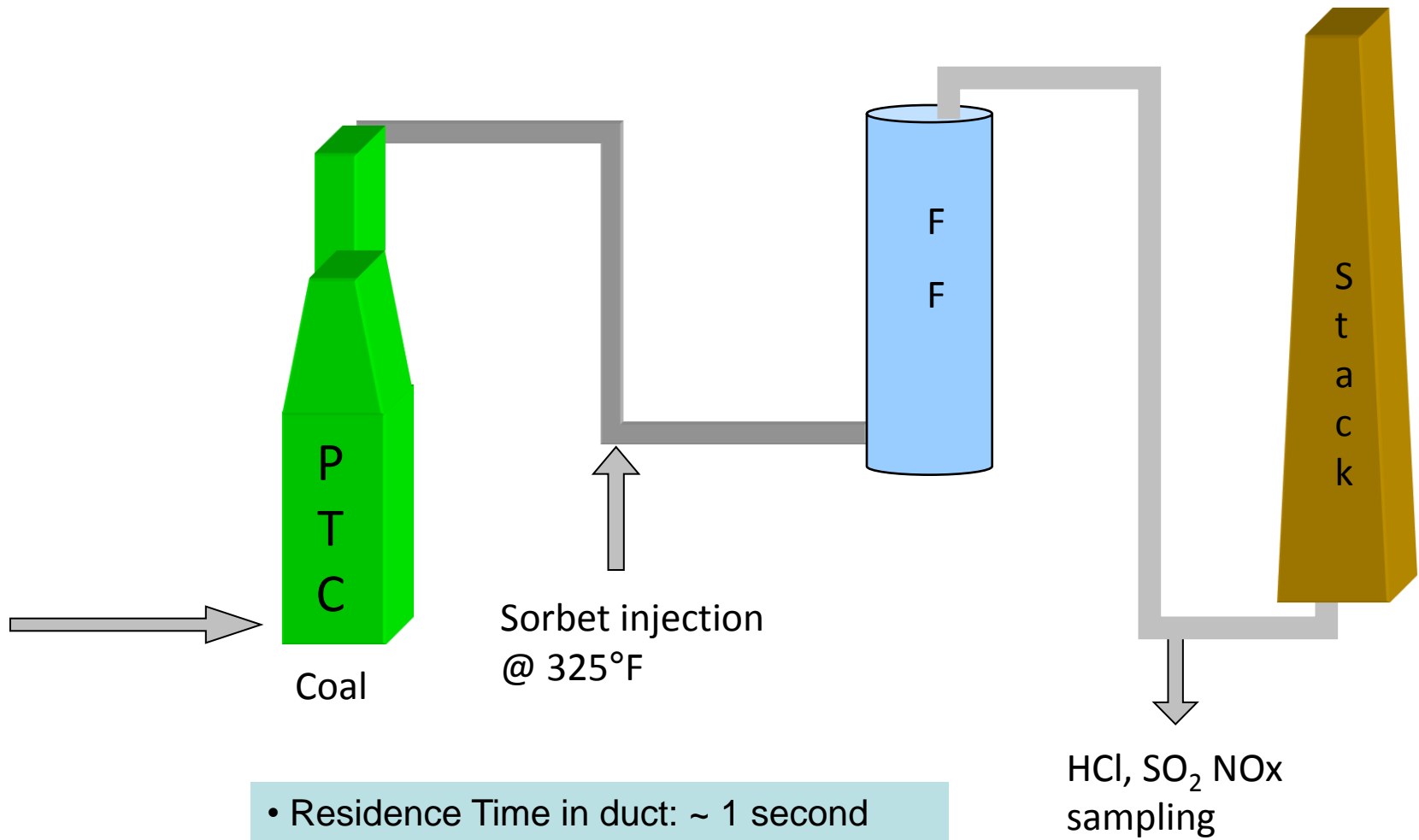
- d_{90} : 17 μm

◆ Hydrated Lime

Injection Upstream of ESP

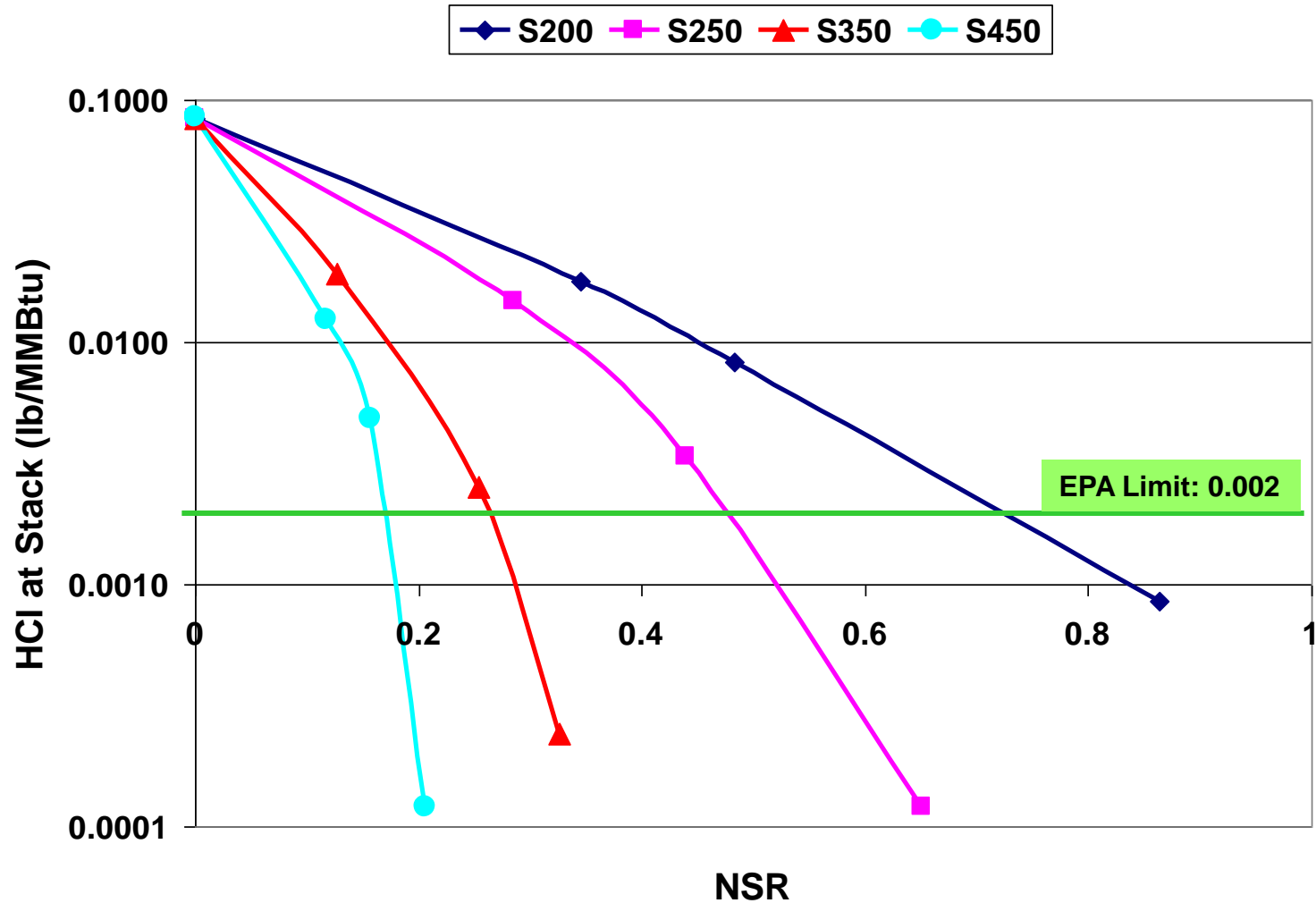


Injection Upstream of Baghouse

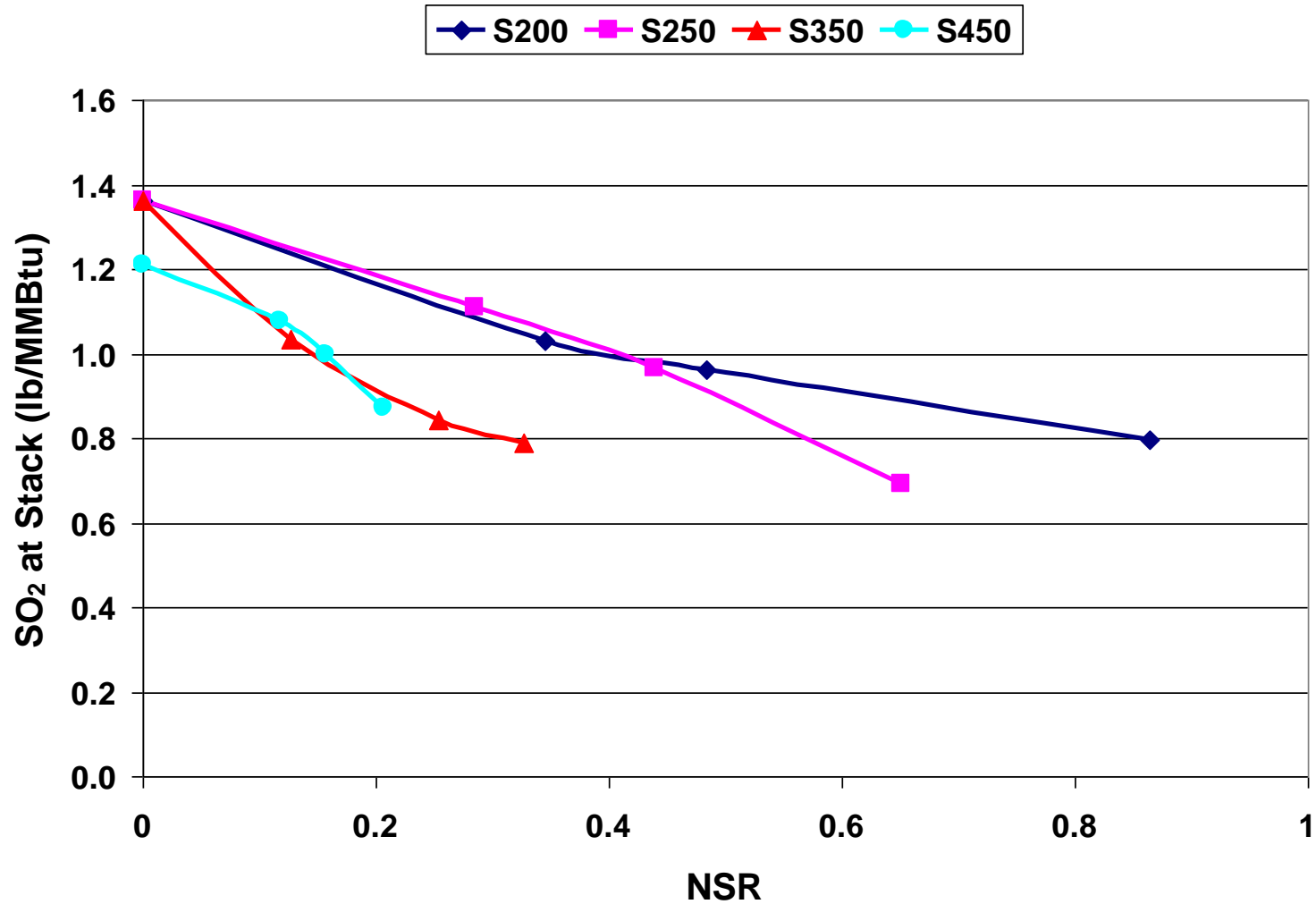


- Residence Time in duct: ~ 1 second
- Baghouse was cleaned before each run

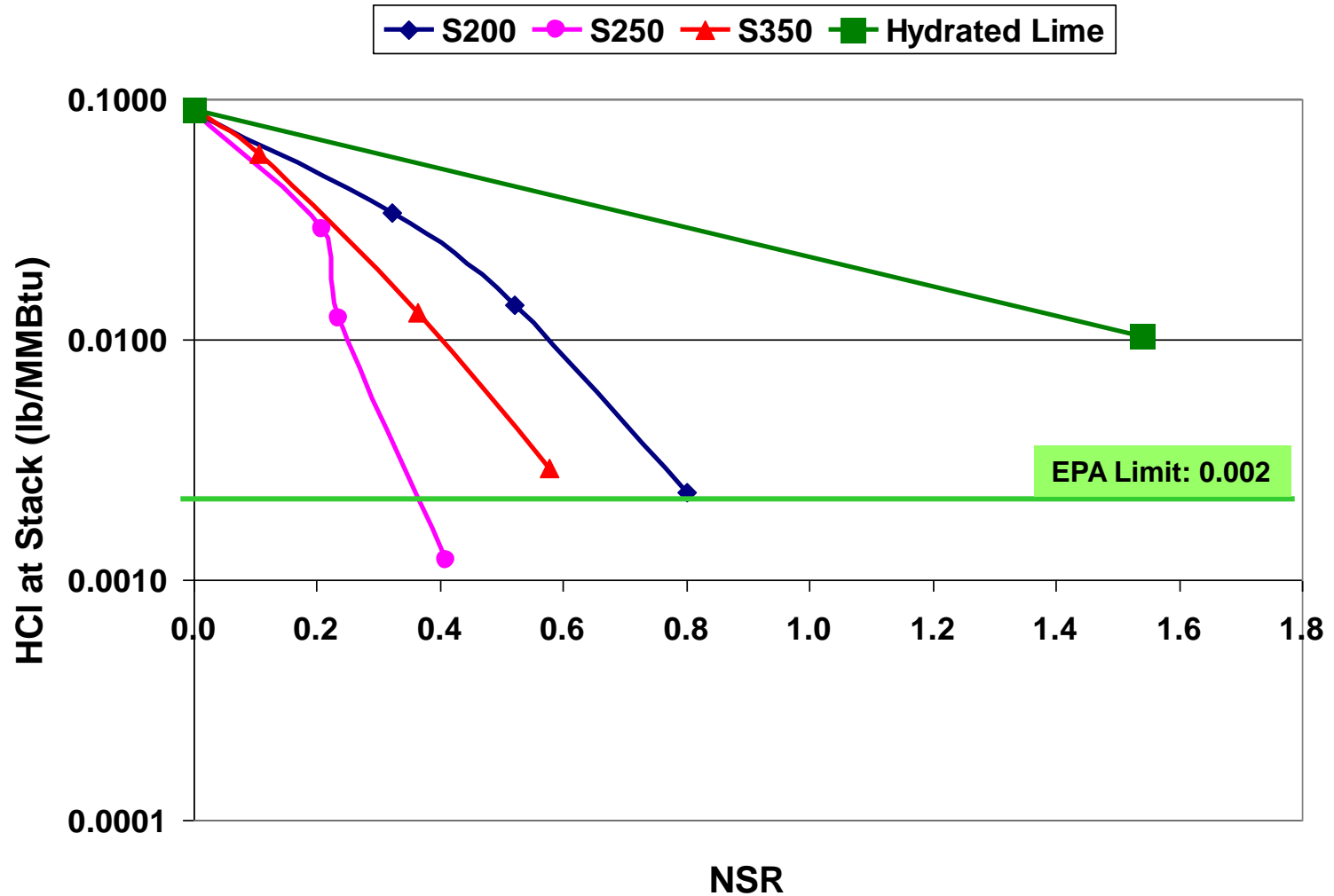
HCl Removal with Sorbent Injected at ESP Inlet



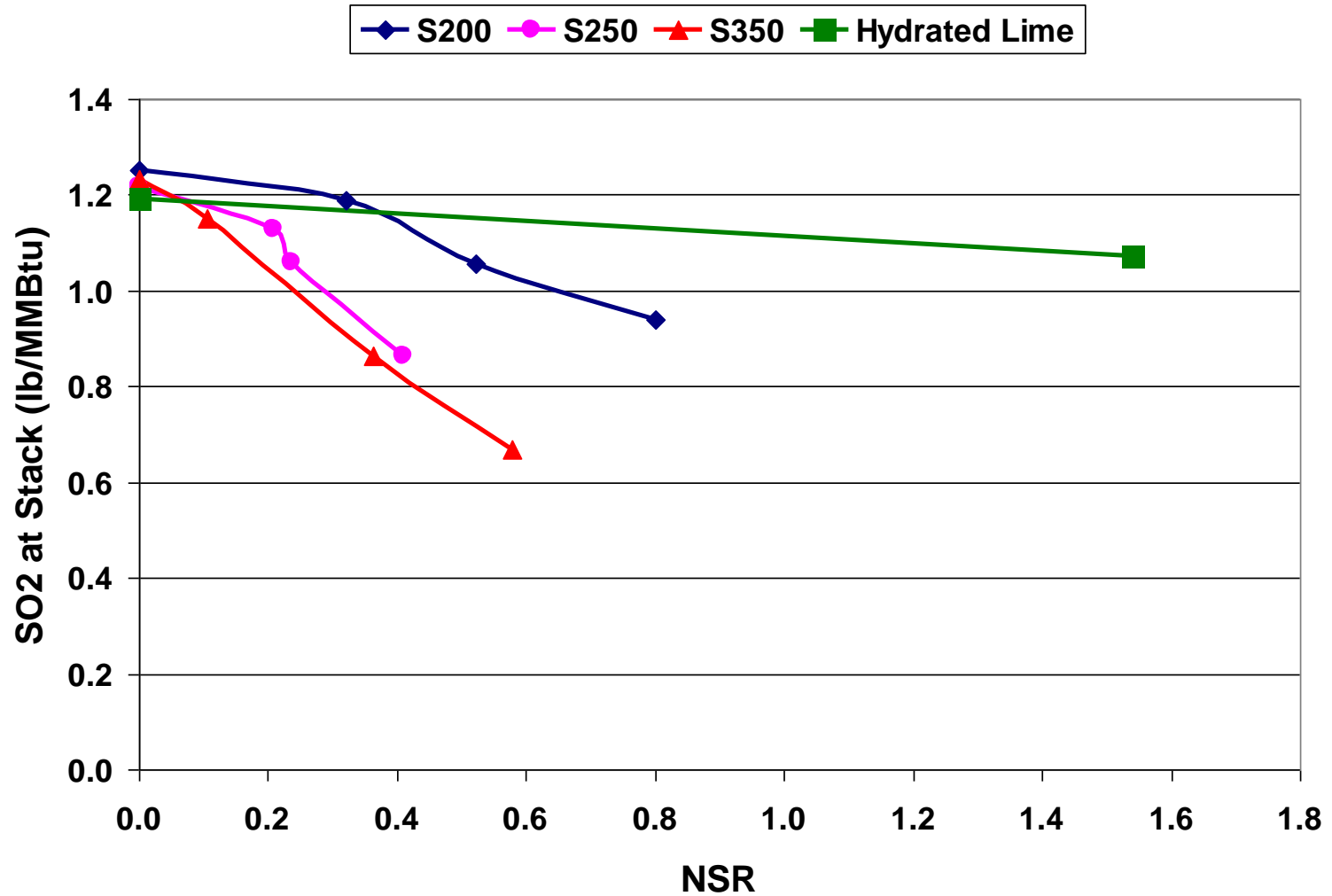
SO₂ Removal with Sorbent Injected at ESP Inlet



HCl Removal with Sorbent Injected at Baghouse Inlet

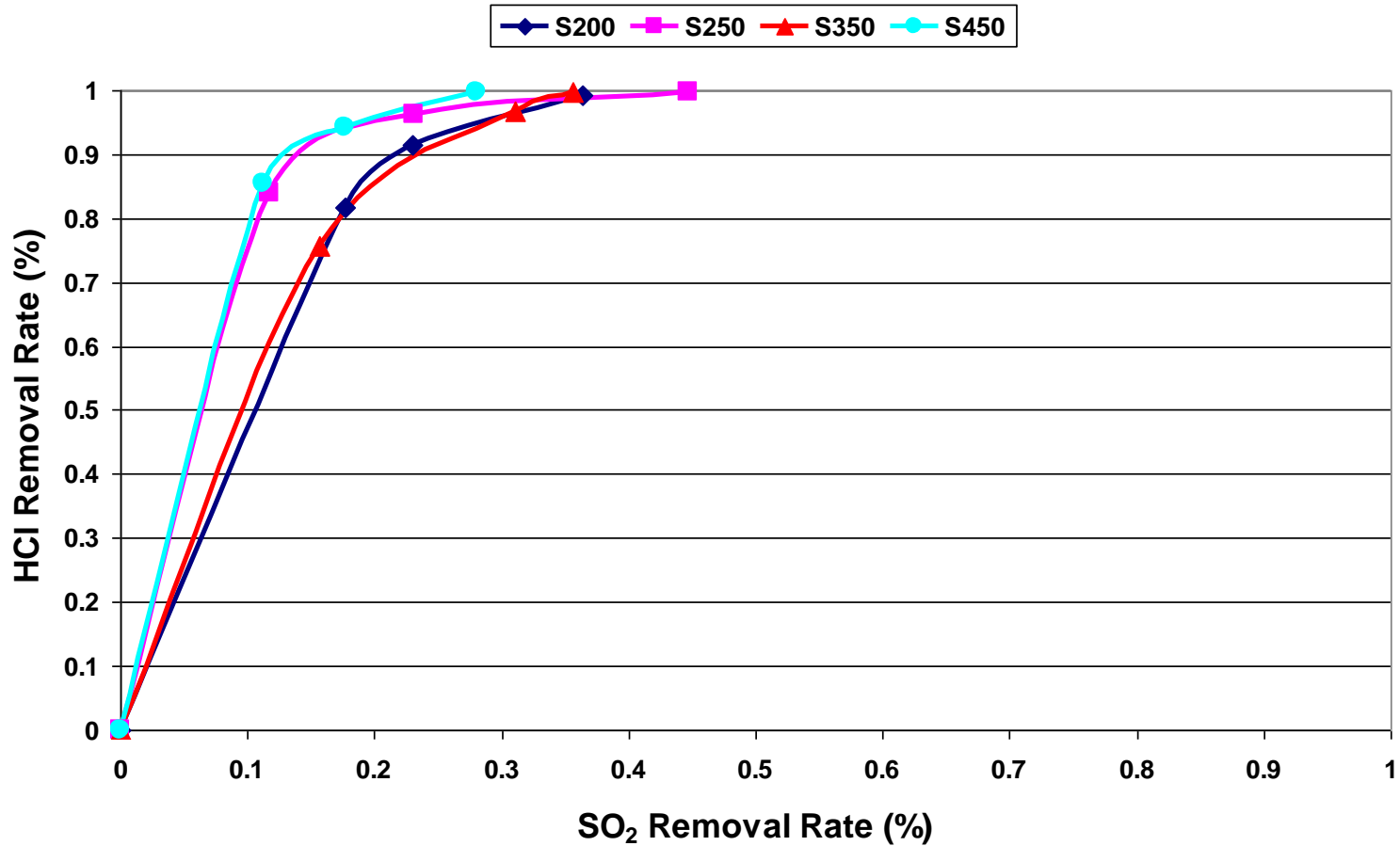


SO₂ Removal with Sorbent Injected at Baghouse Inlet



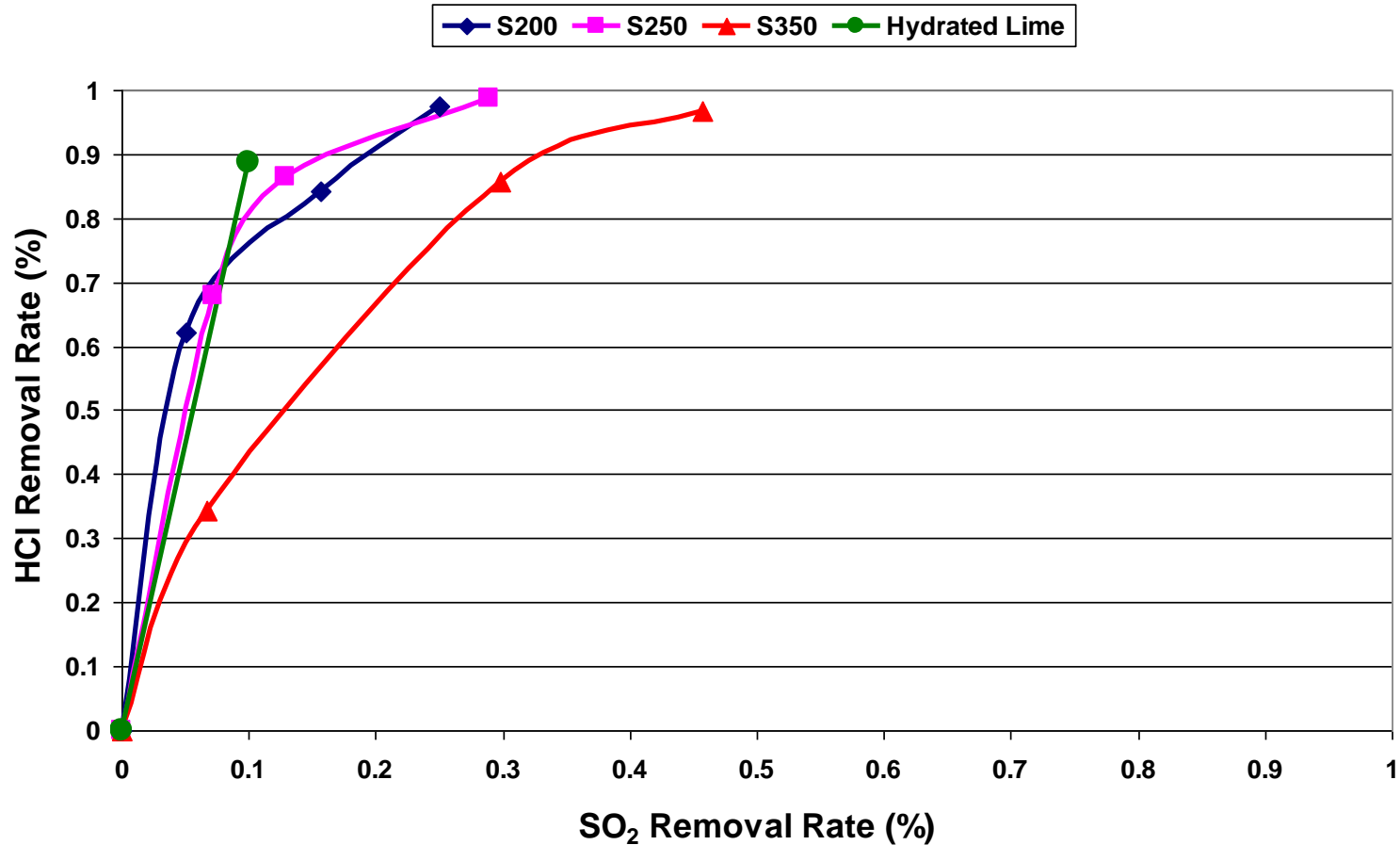
HCl Removal vs. SO₂ Removal - ESP

Injection Upstream of ESP



HCl Removal vs. SO₂ Removal - Baghouse

Injection Upstream of Baghouse



Summary

- ◆ **Dry Injection of trona or sodium bicarbonate is a cost effective way to mitigate HCl, SO₂ and SO₃.**
 - Low capital cost.
 - Compatible with ESP and Baghouses.
- ◆ **Able to achieve high removal rates for HCl (>99%) and SO₂ (>90%)**
 - Able to meet the HCl limit in the proposed Utility MACT (0.002 lb/MMBtu)
- ◆ **Effective over a wide temperature range (275 °F – 1500 °F)**
- ◆ **Has been implemented at many coal-fired power plants in the United States and waste incinerators in Europe .**

Questions?

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