TechBrief

Chinese Chemical Plant Optimizes Water Treatment by Replacing Double Pass RO with a Single Pass RO and Liqui-Cel[®] Contactor System

Electrodeionization (EDI) is widely used in many industrial water treatment systems throughout the world. In order to maximize the operating stability and life expectancy of an EDI system they were often designed with double pass RO using caustic injection pretreatment. However, in response to recent efforts to lower the capital expenditure and operating costs of double pass RO water treatment systems (DPRO), design engineers are looking at alternative options.

In high alkalinity feed water applications one economical option is to remove carbon dioxide from the water. Carbon dioxide gas dissociates in water to form HCO_3^- and $CO_3^{2^-}$. These ionic species will contribute to the total anionic load to the EDI.

CO₂ Contribution to Total Exchangeable Anion (TEA) and Feedwater Conductivity Equivalent (FCE)

	TEA	FCE
1 ppm of CO2	1.938 ppm	2.66 us/cm
5 ppm of CO2	9.69 ppm	13.3 us/cm

Historically, the conventional method for CO_2 removal was to use a forced draft degassing tower (FDA) downstream of the RO. However, this is not a recommended practice today as the environmental

air used in the tower comes into direct contact with the RO water which could cause significant contamination.

Liqui-Cel[®] Membrane Contactors are the superior solution for CO_2 removal. They operate under the same principle as a conventional FDA except the air and water contact is minimized with a



Liquid/Gas contact area at the pore



6-inch Liqui-Cel[®] Membrane Contactor System Upstream of EDI

membrane. Since the membrane pores are 0.02 microns in diameter, particles and other debris cannot pass through the pores to contaminate the RO water.

The contactor operates by flowing gas on one side of the membrane and liquid on the other. Gasses are removed from the liquid by lowering the partial pressure of the gasses in contact with the liquid. Filtered room air is drawn into the contactor using a vacuum pump. Since the room air and vacuum pump are low in carbon dioxide they create the driving force to remove the gas from the water.

A chemical plant in China is using a Liqui-Cel Membrane Contactor system to remove CO₂ downstream of a single pass RO system. This design was selected over conventional two pass RO with a caustic injection system due to savings in capital and operating costs. The system was designed, built and installed by Changzhou Xianfeng Water Treatment Equipment Co., Ltd. The Deionization (DI) system is a fully integrated membrane system and operates without any chemical addition.

TechBrief

Liqui-Cel

Water System Operating Details



<u>RO feed water</u> Total alkalinity: 200 mg/l as CaCO₃ PH: 7.6

Liqui-Cel Membrane Contactor performance

Flow rate 11.5 m³/h Inlet CO_2 : 10 ppm Outlet CO_2 : <2ppm Two parallel 6x28 Liqui-Cel Contactors with X-50 membrane Vacuum pump: 80 m³/h, vacuum level at 100 mmHg

 $\frac{\text{EDI performance}}{\text{Water flow rate 10 m}^3/\text{hr}}$ Permeate water resistivity: 15-17 M Ω

Comparison

The RO+Liqui-Cel system offers many benefits over a DPRO system. The RO+Liqui-Cel system eliminates the need for a second pass RO and an RO pump. This significantly reduces capital costs and less power is required because there is not a need for a second RO pump. Also, more water is recovered as the reject water from the second pass RO is not lost in the process. There is a significant space savings as the membrane contactor system has a much smaller footprint compared to the second pass RO system. Additionally, chemical

consumption at the plant can be greatly reduced as the need to increase the pH before the second stage is no longer required to facilitate CO_2 removal.

The RO+Liqui-Cel Contactor system offers some other unique benefits. This system can remove both Carbon Dioxide and Oxygen. If the water is used for other applications, such as boiler feed water, the system can deliver water with a high resistivity and low levels of dissolved oxygen.

If THM is an issue, the Liqui-Cel Membrane Contactor system also has superior THM removal characteristics.

The capital, operating and reduction in chemical consumption costs make this an exciting and superior system design for a high alkalinity water treatment system.

For more information and system sizing, please contact your Membrana representative or visit us online at www.Liqui-Cel.com.

	RO-Liqui-Cel®-EDI	Double Pass RO with Caustic Injection-EDI
Capital Expenditure *	20-30% lower than DPRO	high
System Recovery Rate *	> 75%	> 65%
Power Consumption per m ³ (average) for 2 nd pass RO and Liqui-Cel [®] **	0.05 Kwh/m³	1.0 Kwh/m³
Space	small equipment footprint	large equipment footprint
Chemical	chemical free	need to add caustic
	remove both CO ₂ and dissolved O ₂	caustic added in second stage increases pH into feed
	better THM removal	THM will pass through RO membrane

* Some data was provided by Electropure Shanghai 300m³/h" RO Liqui-Cel-EDI" and "RO-Caustic injection–RO-EDI" case study

** RO+Liqui-Cel+EDI" process is suitable for high alkalinity feed water resource

This product is to be used only by persons familiar with its use. It must be maintained within the stated limitations. All sales are subject to Seller's terms and conditions. Purchaser assumes all responsibility for the suitability and fitness for use as well as for the protection of the environment and for health and safety involving this product. Seller eserves the right to modify this document without prior notice. Check with your representative to verify the latest update. To the best of our knowledge the information contained herein. Final determination of the suitability of any material and whether there is any infringement of patents, trademarks, or copyrights is the sole responsibility of the user. Users of any substance should satisfy themselves by independent investigation that the material can be used safely. We may have described certain hazards, but we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



Liqui-Cel, Celgard, SuperPhobic and MiniModule are registered trademarks of Membrana-Charlotte, A division of Celgard, LLC and nothing herein shall be construed as a recommendation or license to use any information that conflicts with any patent, trademark or copyright of Seller or others.

©2009 Membrana - Charlotte A Division of Celgard, LLC

Membrana - Charlotte A Division of Celgard, LLC 13800 South Lakes Drive Charlotte, North Carolina 28273 USA Phone: (704) 587 8888 Fax: (704) 587 8610

(TB72 10-09)

 Membrana GmbH

 Oehder Strasse 28

 42289 Wuppertal

 Germany

 Phone: +49 202 6099 - 658

 Phone: +49 6126 2260 - 41

 Fax: +49 202 6099 - 750

Japan Office Shinjuku Mitsui Building, 27F 1-1, Nishishinjuku 2-chome Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163-0427 Japan Phone: 81 3 5324 3361 Fax: 81 3 5324 3369 Underlining Performance

www.liqui-cel.com

A POLYPORE Company