



Coal in a Carbon-Constrained World

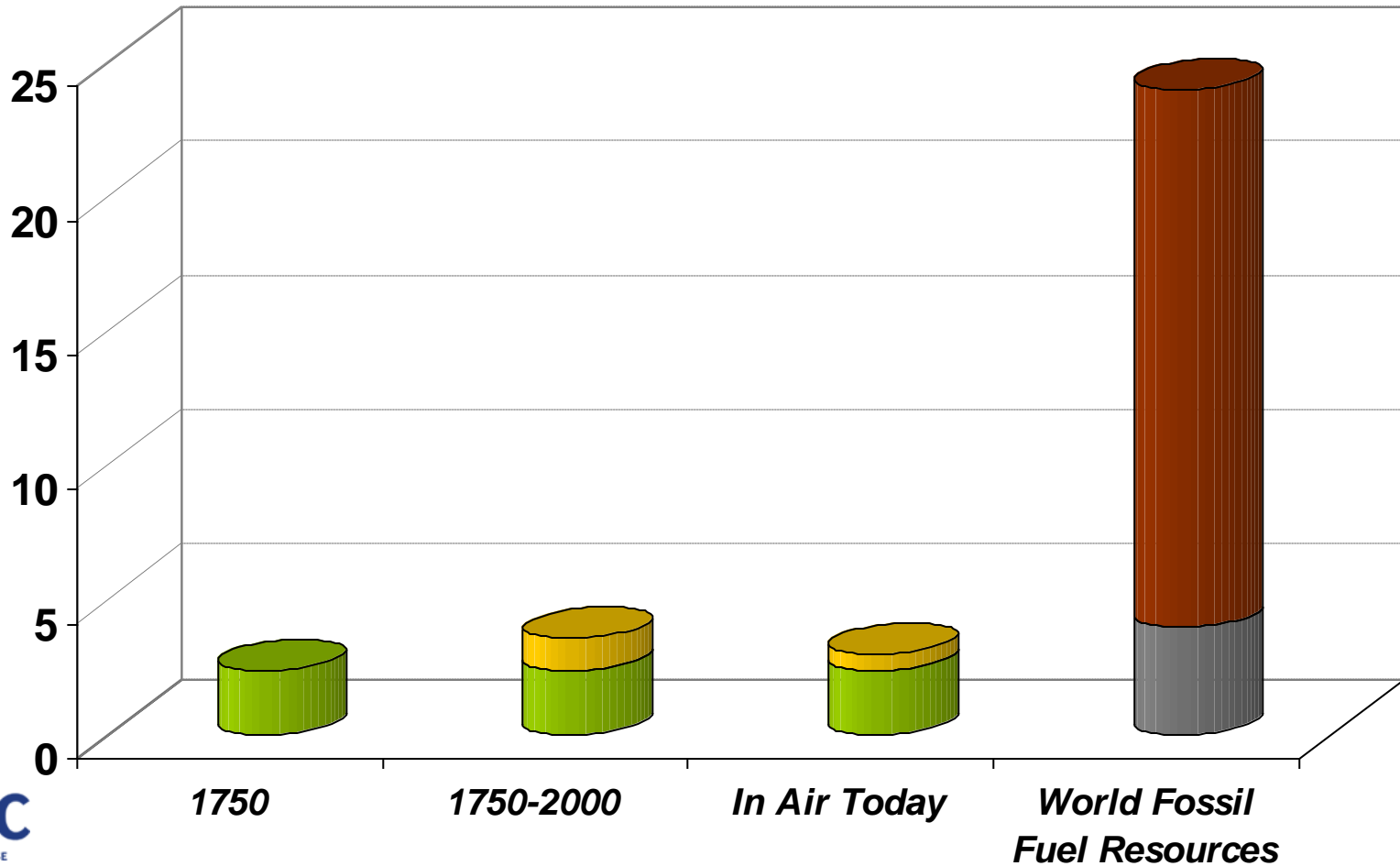
***George Peridas
Natural Resources Defense Council***

Apr 2, 2009

An enormous emissions potential

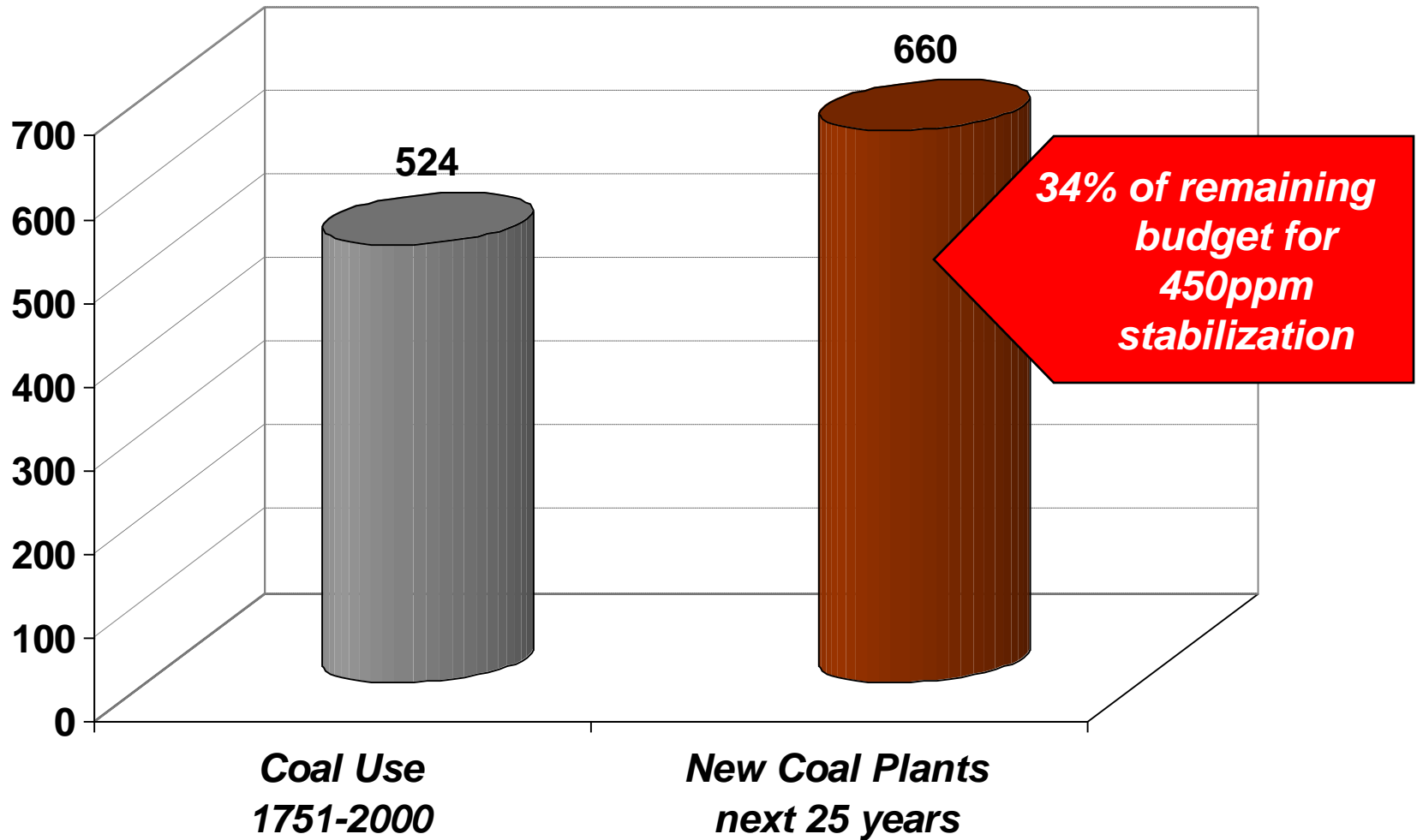
Trillion tonnes CO2

■ *Nature* ■ *All Fossil Fuels* ■ *Fossil Non-Coal* ■ *Coal*



New coal plant emissions 26% greater than all historic coal CO₂

Lifetime emissions (billion tonnes CO₂)



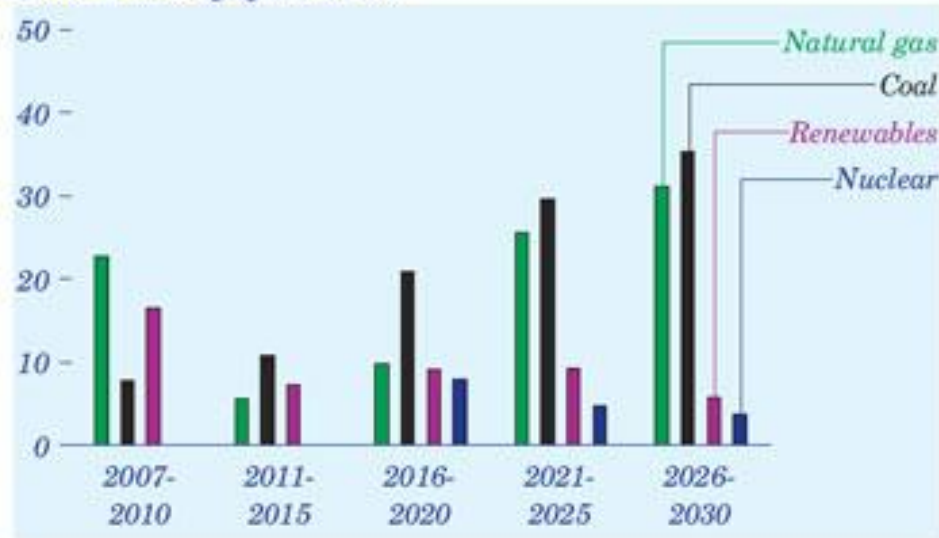
***Coal Use
1751-2000***

***New Coal Plants
next 25 years***

Source: ORNL, CDIAC; IEA, and WEO 2006

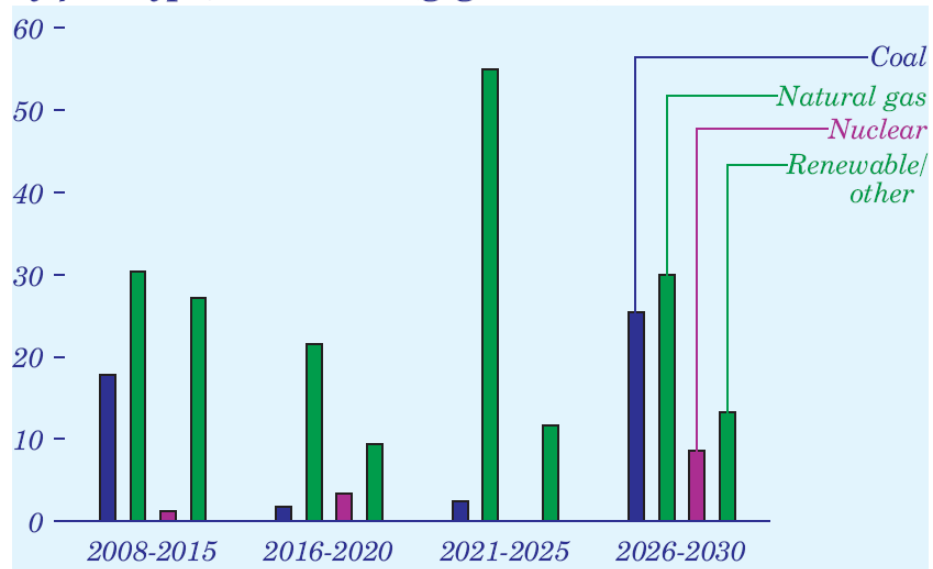
AEO2008 v. AEO2009

Figure 62. Electricity generation capacity additions by fuel type, including combined heat and power, 2007-2030 (gigawatts)



2008 - coal dominates new build

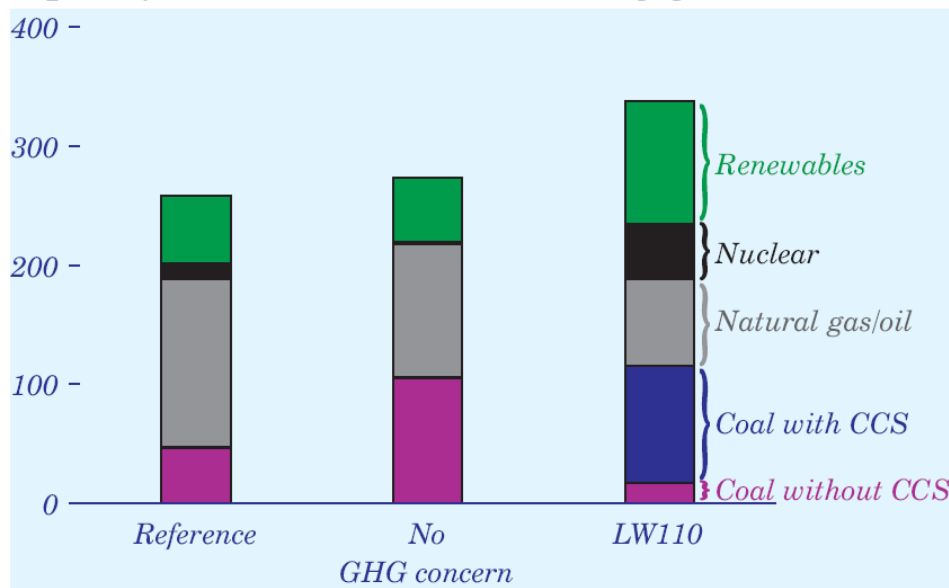
Figure 56. Electricity generation capacity additions by fuel type, 2008-2030 (gigawatts)



2009 – “In contrast, uncertainty about future limits on GHG emissions and other possible environmental regulations (reflected in the AEO2009 reference case by adding 3 % points to the cost of capital for new coal-fired capacity) reduces the competitiveness of coal”

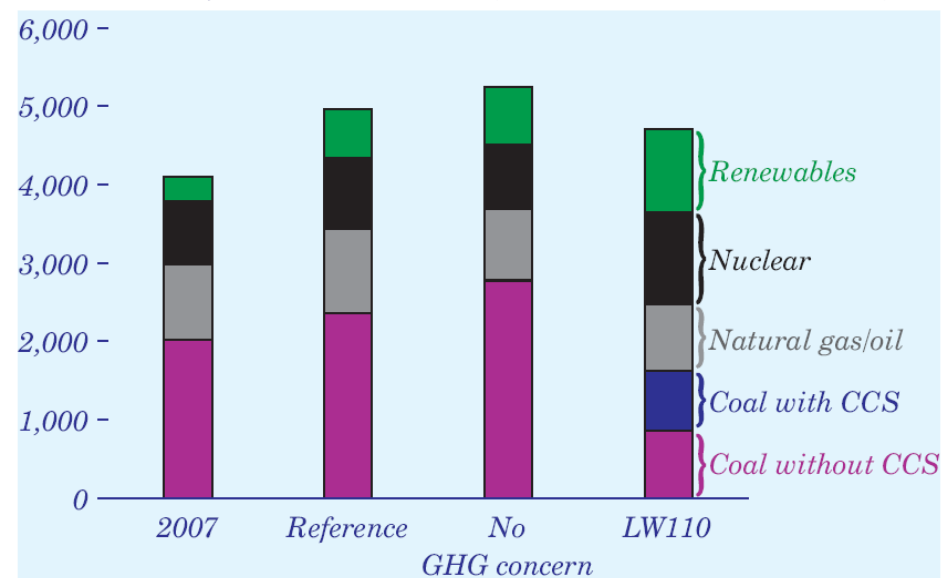
AEO2009

Figure 23. Cumulative additions to U.S. generating capacity in three cases, 2008-2030 (gigawatts)

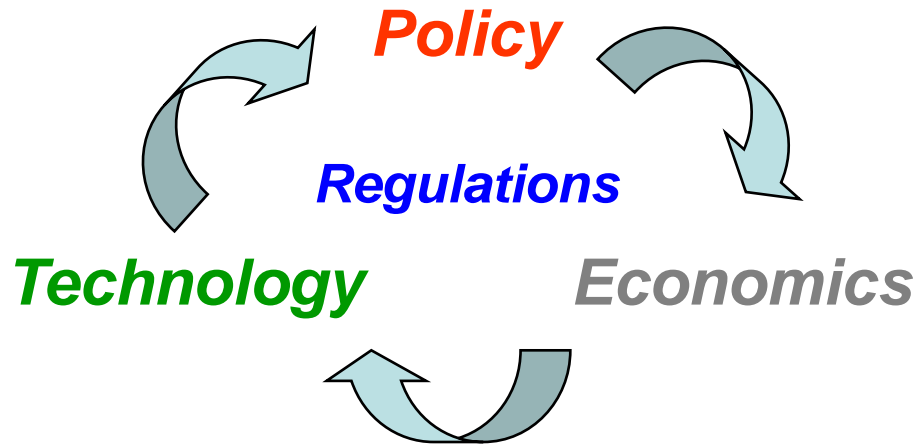


Coal under carbon constraints = CCS

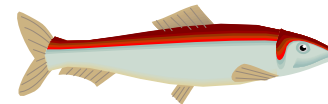
Figure 24. U.S. electricity generation by source in three cases, 2007 and 2030 (billion kilowatthours)



Barriers for CCS



- Technology is not the constraint for the first wave of CCS projects
- Injection regulations: *“Is it legal?”*
 - Standards; property rights; **“liability”**
- A supportive policy framework: *“Who will pay for it?”*
 - A price on carbon; incentives/tax credits
- *“Commercially available”?*



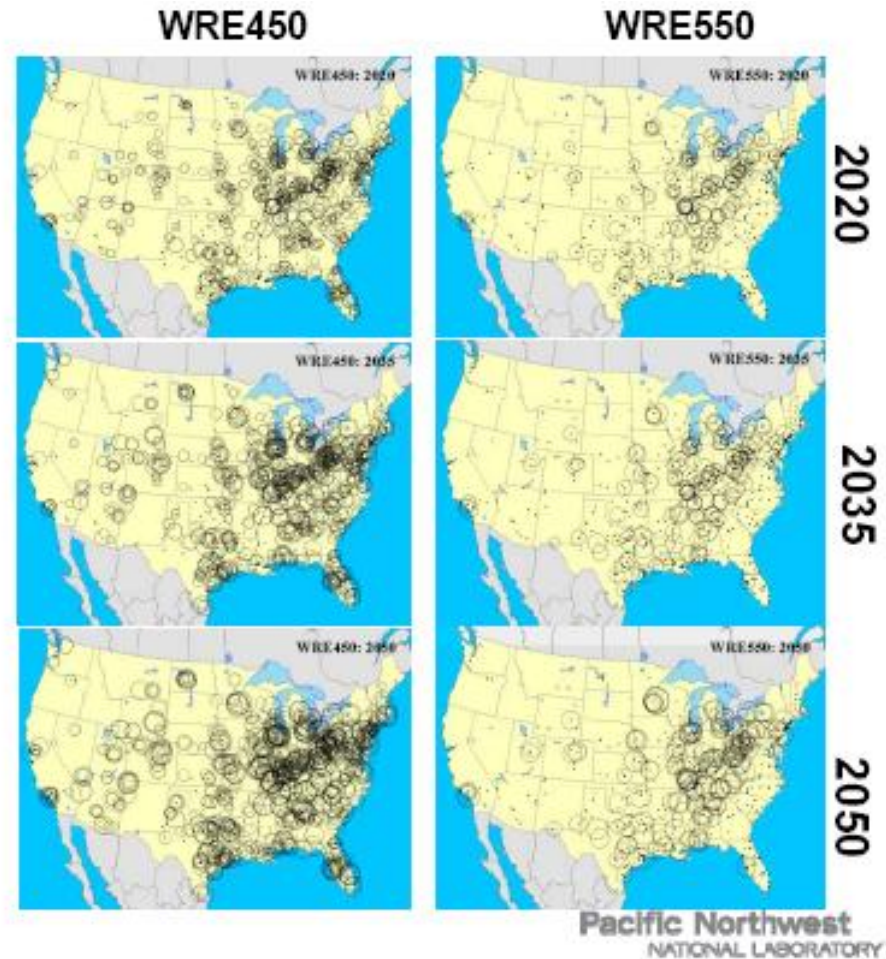
USCAP recommendations

- Require needs and plan
- Government CCS-2015
- Transmiss
 - Sta
 - Cut
- Mand plants



We are only at the beginning

- ▶ It is important to realize that we are in the earliest stages of the deployment of CCS technologies.
- ▶ The potential deployment of CCS technologies could be truly massive. The potential deployment of CCS in the US could entail:
 - 1,000s of power plants and industrial facilities capturing CO₂, 24-7-365.
 - 10,000s of miles of dedicated CO₂ pipelines.
 - 100s of millions of tons of CO₂ being injected into the subsurface annually.



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