McIlvaine "Hot Topic Hour" July 17, 2014



Products of Our Company

Catalytic Honeycombs

- SCR (NOx emission control)
 - Stationary Sources
 - Mobile Sources
- Oxidation (HC, VOC)
- Dioxin / Furan
- Mercury
- Catalytic Plate
 - SCR (NOx and Hg)
- Non-Catalytic Honeycombs
 - Heat Storage Media (RTOs)
 - Casting Filters





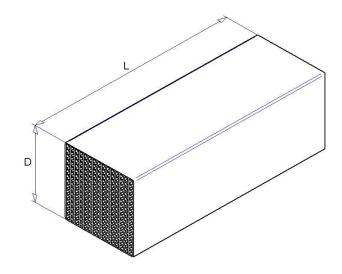


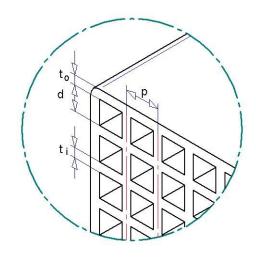






Selection of Catalyst Geometry





Туре	Cells n x n	Pitch mm	Normalized Specific Surface Area	Free Cross Section %
35 / 4.2	35 x 35	4.2	1.00	74.1
40 / 3.7	40 x 40	3.7	1.14	73.4
50 / 3.0	50 x 50	3.0	1.43	73.3
60 / 2.5	60 x 60	2.5	1.75	78.0
75 / 2.0	75 x 75	2.0	2.20	79.0





Catalyst for Gas Turbines



75 x 75 Cells Gas Catalyst

- Free cross sectional area: 79 %
- Low pressure drop
- Low catalyst volume
- Flexible catalyst module arrangement
- Total flexible module design for optimal assembly of HRSG cross section





Temperature Range for Different Types of CERAM Catalyst

	Min Temp (F)	Max Temp Continuous (F)	Max Temp Short Term (F)
Example 1	400	≤830	≤850
Example 2	530	≤900	≤930
Example 3	720	For gas: ≤1000 For oil: ≤900	For gas: ≤1020 For oil : ≤920

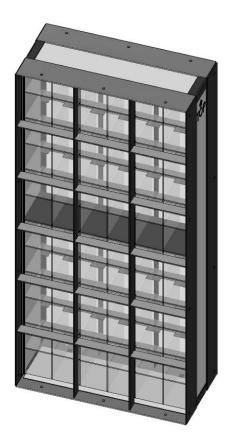
• Site Specific Catalyst Designs (No Standard Formulations)





Configure to Different Module Geometries to Fit New or Existing Reactors

12 x 6 Module Type



6 x 5 Module Type



6 x 2 Module Type

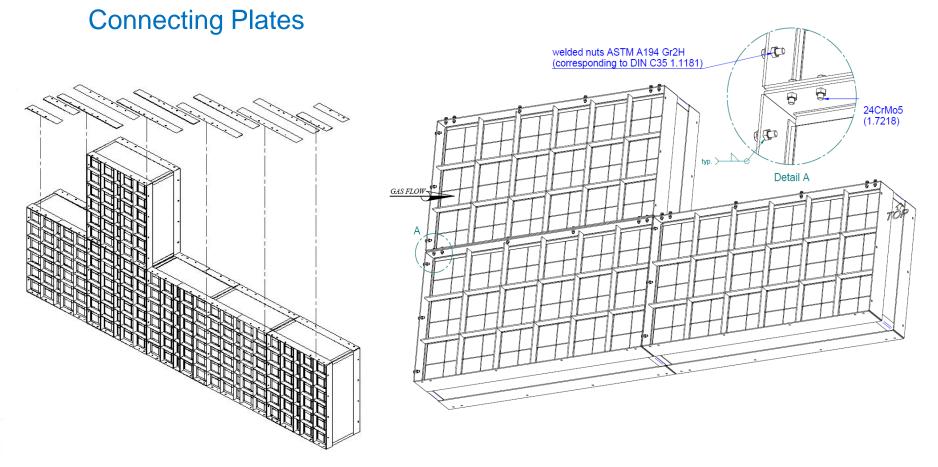






Bolted Catalyst Module Assembly

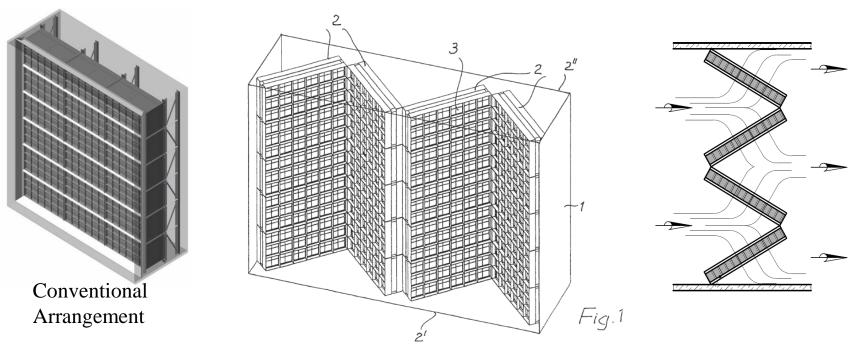
Bolted Connections







Pressure Drop Optimized Catalyst Arrangement POCA V-Type



- CFD Indicates ΔP Decreases ≈ 35 55% Compared to Conventional Arrangement
 - Dependent on...
 - Module angle installation
 - Reactor depth
 - Flow correction needs

Reduced ∆P Will Increase Power Output

