



WELCOME

LEADING IN PRODUCTION EFFICIENCY

FSI + CATALYTIC FILTRATION + CONDENSING HEAT EXCHANGERS (CHX)

HOW TO MAKE POLLUTION CONTROL PROFITABLE

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McIlvaine webinar, March 2015

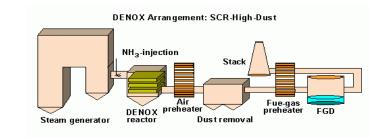
ClearChemFSI™

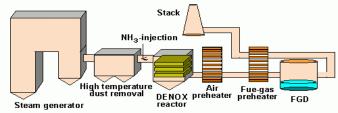
MAJOR SOURCE BOILERS

Operator Environment

- ✓ Regulatory Pressures
 - A majority of existing Utility & Industrial solid fuel, coke oven gas or oil firing major source boilers or heaters are affected by increasingly tighter current & expected environmental legislation
- Typical Solutions Used or Considered
 - Current BAT options are a mix of several processes, designed to treat a single emissions challenge and configured in many different ways in the flue gas duct
 - Fuel switch, retirement or conversion to gas options also are in play, with all their material technical & commercial impacts
 - Finding the optimum CAPEX and OPEX solution for the specific operation conditions of an affected boiler is elusive







DENOX Arrangement: SCR-Low-Dust





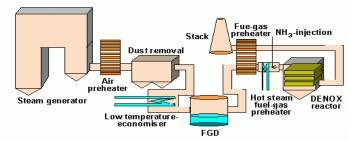


Image source: European Commission, Reference Document on Best Available Techniques in Large Combustion Plants, 2006 ---> http://eippcb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/reference/BREF/lcp_bref_0706.pdf

ClearChemFSI™ REGULATORY SUMMARY



Regulation	Pollutant targeted	Partial List Compliance options ¹	Expected date of compliance	IMPACT ON FUEL	
MATS MACT	HAPs (mercury, acid gases, PM)	ACI, CHX baghouse FGD/DSI/FSI	2015/16	Coal (strong)	
GHG Standards for exisiting plants	GHG	Unknown, CHX, improved heat rate, coal drying & enzyme use, trading allowances	Uncertain ~2020	Coal (strong) Gas (moderate)	
316(b)	Cooling water intake	Mesh screens, cooling towers	Uncertain ~2018	Coal (moderate) Gas (moderate)	
Combustion by- products (ash)	Ash, control equipment, waste	Bottom ash dewatering, dry fly ash silos, double-blind landfills	Uncertain ~2020	Coal (moderate)	
Regional Haze	NOx, SO ₂ , PM	SCR/SNCR, FGD/DSI/FSI, baghouse/ESP, combustion controls, CHX	Uncertain ~2019	Coal (strong)	
CSAPR	NOx, SO ₂	SCR/SNCR, FGD/DSI/FSI/CCF, CHX, fuel switch, trading allowances	Uncertain	Coal (moderate)	

¹ ACI – active carbon injection, FGD – flue gas desulfurization (wet scrubber), DSI – dry sorbent injection, FSI – furnace sorbent injection, SCR – selective catalytic reduction, SNCR – selective non-catalytic reduction, ESP – electrostatic precipitator

ClearChemFSI™ SOLUTION OPTIONS SUMMARY



CAPEX - Individual Compliance Technologies Est. Costs

	Dust removal		al	NOx removal		Hg removal	Acid gas removal		Fuel	
Process type	Bag house	ESP	Dürr CCF ²	SCR	SNCR ³	ACI ^{1,3}	FGD	DSI	ClearChem FSI ⁷	Switch to NG ⁴
USD/kW ⁶	200 – 500	55 – 100	270 - 340	175 – 450 ³	50 – 140	120 – 470	450 - 900	40 – 270 ³	10	50 ⁵ – 100++ ⁴

CAPEX sum up for individual compliance technologies while following regulatory demand

Conclusion:

Optimizing CAPEX by exploiting synergies

¹ incl. fabric filter

 $^{\rm 2}$ estimate for a unit size of 15 MW and 30 MW

- ³ Coal Capacity on risk for retirement in PJM 2011 (PJM Interconnection is the largest U.S. Regional Transmission Organization with 830 members from generators and transmitters)
- ⁴ Jeff Broderik, Peerless, McIlvaine webinar on MATS timing and technology options, Aug. 2014 (pure conversion costs, with infrastructure closer to 350 USD/kW)
- ⁵ Babcock & Wilcox, Natural Gas Conversions of Existing Coal Fired Boilers (not including NG price volatility risk or drop in output due to NG moisture content)

⁶ EEI, Potential Impacts of Environmental Regulation on the U.S. Generation Fleet, January 2011 & EPA IPM 4.10 Basecase assumptions (CAPEX decreases with increasing boiler size

⁷ ClearChem FSI's by-products preserve existing ash sales and avoid necessity for ash ponds

ClearChemFSI™ <u>CHALLENGE</u> – STRUCTURING CAPEX <u>SOLUTION</u> – Utilize Synergies by Combination of Technologies

Process type	Dust removal	NOx removal	Hg removal	Acid gas removal	CAPEX ¹ , USD/kWhr	Switch to NG USD/kWhr	
	Dürr CCF		ACI (By others)	ClearChemFSI	0.0069 – 0.0142	0.0009 -	
CAPEX Structuring	Bag house	SNCR	ACI	DSI	0.0071 – 0.024	0.0018 (0.0069)	
	ESP	SCR	FGD		0.0118 – 0.0243	(0.000)	

✓ Conclusion:

- CAPEX of combined ClearChem / Dürr technologies is on the low side of compliance options
- CAPEX for switch to natural gas (NG) is lower than for other technologies

¹ Based on 15 year depreciation and 5 % annual interest rate (generic CAPEX without soft/finance costs

ClearChemFSI™ <u>CHALLENGE</u> – STRUCTURING CAPEX <u>SOLUTION</u> – Taking Advantage of OPEX



Process type	Dust removal	NOx removal	Hg removal	Acid gas removal	Heat recovery	Switch to NG	(Savings) / Cost	тсо
Technology	Dürr CCF		ACI (By others)	ClearChem FSI	<u>Dürr CHX</u>	(By others)		
Cost ¹ ,	0.00468 -	- 0.0059	0.00208 – 0.00815	0.00018	0.00087 – 0.00173	-	(0.00101)	0.0068 – 0.01495
USD/kWhr	-		-	-	-	0.0009 - 0.0069	0.00337 – 0.00841	0.0043 – 0.00916

Considering calorific value of the fuel

- Cost for larger systems start falling below cost of switching to Nat. Gas
- No Nat. Gas price volatility exposure with ClearChem & Dürr package
- Note: ClearChemFSI & Dürr technologies in combination have the ability to lower Hg with high surface reagent and longer residence time, but more data needed ²

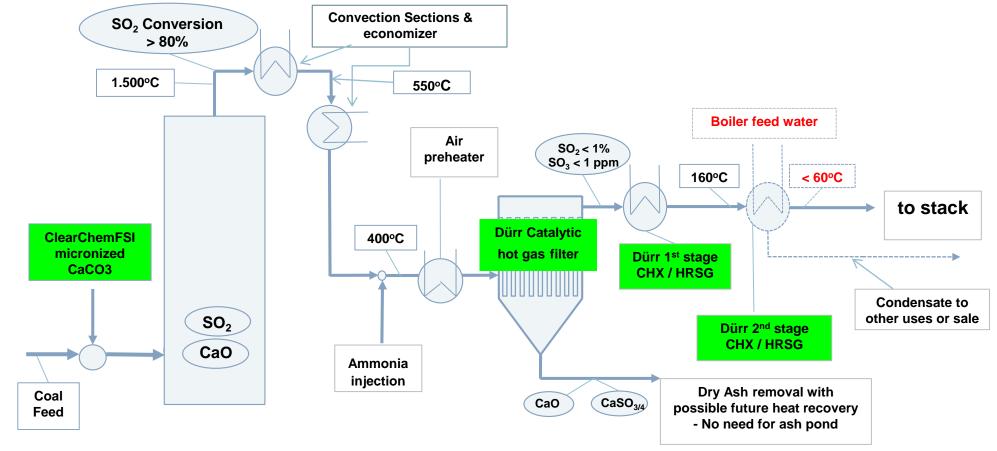
¹ Based on 15 year depreciation and 5 % annual interest rate (generic CAPEX without soft/finance costs)

² Source: Babcock Power, Challenges When Converting Coal-Fired Boilers to Natural Gas - expected decreased boiler efficiency between 2-5% (→ http://www.babcockpower.com/pdf/RPI-TP-0232.pdf) ³ Published work by Consol and Lehigh indicate cooling helps capture of Hg in existing systems suggesting that the FSI + CHX combination might eliminate the ACI bringing potential savings to 0.00309 to 0.00916 USD/kWhr.

ClearChemFSI[™] APC PROFIT CREATION

DÜRR

APC Adding Value to Plant Economics



ClearChemFSI™ EXISTING U.S. COAL-FIRED BOILERS

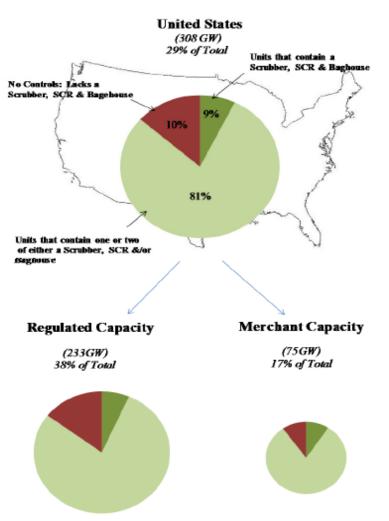


Installed APC Technology Distribution

Coal-fired capacity (308 GW) represents about 1/3rd of the total generation capacity

 Majority of coal capacity (233 GW) is owned by regulated companies (IOUs, munis/coops, etc.), and the rest (75 GW) is owned by merchant companies

Majority (93%) of the coal capacity lacks at least one major equipment (scrubber, SCR and baghouse) to control air emissions

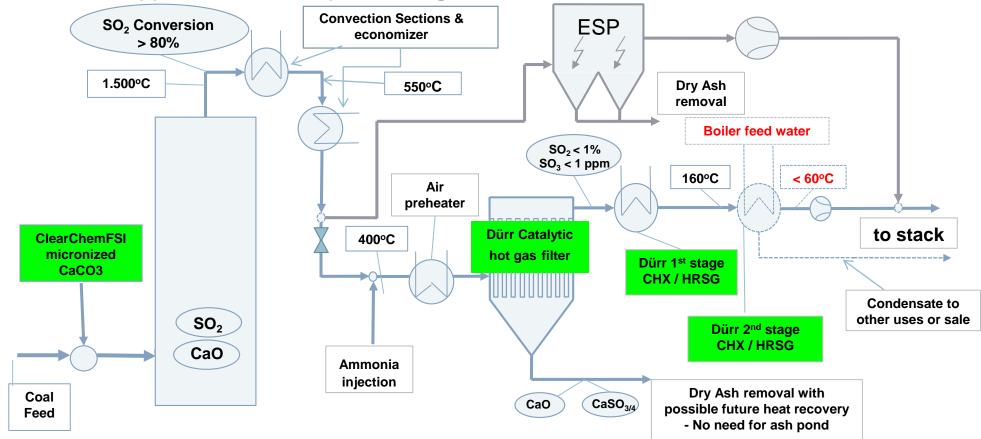


Metin Celebi, Coal Plant Retirements and Market Impacts, The Brattle Group, Wartsila Flexible Power Symposium, February 2014

ClearChemFSI™ EXISTING U.S. COAL-FIRED BOILERS



Side Stream Application – Example existing ESP



ClearChemFSI™ EXISTING U.S. COAL-FIRED BOILERS Side Stream CAPEX



✓ Side stream is combined with existing APC equipment

- FSI, DSI, ESP, SNCR, SCR or FGD
- Side stream is a perfect choice to add new APC functionality while enhancing reduction of existing equipment for
 - \circ SO₂, NOx, NH₃, PM and SO₃
- CAPEX for side stream installation will be reduced according to the flow distribution
- Additional savings result from partial load operation mode of existing equipment





CONCLUSION – KEEP IT SIMPLE

Process type	Dust removal	NOx removal	Hg removal	Acid gas removal	Heat recovery
New Plant	Dürr	CCF	ACI, FSI, & CHX	ClearChemFSI	Dürr CHX
Evicting Diant	side s	tream	existing	ClearChem FSI	Dürr CHX
Existing Plant	exis	ting	existing	ClearChemFSI	Dürr CHX

- Exploit synergies
- ✓ Create profit by releasing latent energy
- ✓ Utilize existing equipment
- ✓ Preserve existing sales channels
- ✓ Avoid additional OPEX
- Conclusion is valuable enough having filed for patent

ClearChemFSI™



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